Weymouth Gazette,

BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XXIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., SEPTEMBER 6, 1889. NO. 21.

The Weymouth Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

—BY—

C. G. EASTERBROOK,

WEYMOUTH, MASS.

DR. W. L. ROBERTS,

(ORAL TREATMENT)

Diseases and Deformities OF THE

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UNDERTAKERS,

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Glass Side or Full Drapery Hearse for Funerals, as may be desired.

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WEYMOUTH

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HENRY A. NASH, President,
CHAS. T. CRANE, Treasurer

BOARD OF INVESTMENTS:
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JOHN W. HART, EDWIN PRATT,
ANDREW J. BATES.

Bank Hours:
From 1 to 5 o'clock p. m., on every business day; and from 7 to 9 o'clock on Monday evenings.

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Fees moderate. Operations thorough and artistic.

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BUSINESS CHANGE!

C. W. Rice,

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Beef, Pork, Lard, Ham,

CANNED & BOTTLED GOODS.

Fresh Vegetables of all kinds in their season.

FRESH EGGS AND CHOICE BUTTER a specialty.

He hopes by fair prices and square dealing to merit a share of public patronage. GN-15-tf

Town of Weymouth.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 21 of the General Statutes will be strictly enforced:

Sec. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

Sec. 43. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is afflicted with any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth.
WILLIAM NASH.
J. CLARENCE HOWE,
J. F. DYER.
} Board of Health.

Weymouth, March, 1889.

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor

The Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the

TOWN HOUSE EVERY MONDAY,

(except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock p. m. On the THIRD MONDAY of each month they will meet at the almshouse at 2 p. m.

GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth.
WILLIAM NASH.
J. CLARENCE HOWE,
J. F. DYER.
} Board of Selectmen of Weymouth

Weymouth, March, 1889.

TOWN CLERKS OFFICE

—AT—

East Weymouth Savings Bank.

—:o:—

OFFICE HOURS:

9 to 12 A. M. 2 to 5 P. M.

AT ALL OTHER HOURS AT RESIDENCE ON WATER STREET.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk.

GN 38

Mrs. T. C. MELLEN,

FLORIST,

FRONT ST., WEYMOUTH.

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Fine a Collection as can be found

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Verbenas, Coleus, Geraniums,

ALSO,

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REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

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South Weymouth, Mass.

G-17-tf

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LOUIS A. COOK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICES,

SO. WEYMOUTH and ABINGTON.

What Thing Have Ye That Wake.

What thing have ye that wake for us that dream?
What hour that is more fair than hours that seem?
What pleasure that shall vanish not in pain?
What bliss to come that shall not pass again?

In dreamland ways lie all things fair and fair;
There music lulls the sorrowing heart of care;
There she, whom love may name not, silent stands,
With eyes unwondering and imploring hands.

The touch of lips that here shall never meet
The strange, fair blossoms flowering at our feet;
Voices, well loved, that stir the heart to tears
With thought of old and unreturning years.

There, song so sad in triumph that we weep
That its whole joy shall pass; there, perfect sleep,
Long rest laid heavily on aching eyes,
That weary of the sunset and sunrise.

What thing have ye that wake for us that dream?
Long life and little laughter. Ye that deem
The crown of life and wisdom and despair,
We know this only, that our dreams are fair.

—*Herbert Bates in Boston Transcript.*

THE BOMB.

BY VICTORIEN SARDOU.

Have I ever done anything worthy of praise? Yes, I am vain enough to be proud of an incident which occurred during the siege of Paris.

I beg the reader not to be alarmed. I will not conduct him to the ramparts, nor to the outposts, but simply to Travise street, and to the house of my old friend, Dutailly, the husband of an excellent wife, the father of a charming daughter, a successful manufacturer, slightly crazy on the subject of politics, but, take him all in all, one of the best fellows in the world.

Although surprised by the investment of Paris, Mrs. Dutailly, wise woman that she was, had busied herself to provision the house, where she had collected such an abundance of food that if the siege had continued three months longer, the family would not have suffered from hunger. Liberal also to the needy, the Dutaillys were greatly beloved in that quarter of the city; especially by myself, because I was welcomed to a place at their table every evening, where I was able to make up for the privations of the day. Who would not have rejoiced, in those days of scarcity, at the sight of an omelet and other good things, washed down with excellent wine?

I was not the only guest received at this hospitable table. Young Anatole Brebant, superintendent of the factory, had a place by my side. He was a clever fellow, melancholy, delicate, somewhat timid, and greatly in love with his employer's daughter, Miss Gertrude, who did not seem indifferent to his attentions. Although no formal engagement had been contracted, the union of the two young people was a thing tacitly agreed upon by the parents, but unfortunately the war had adjourned the official ratification. Brebant, corporal in the Volunteers of the Seine, performed his military duties faithfully, but without enthusiasm, cursing the lengthy duration of the siege which delayed his happiness, and cursing the military operations quietly, as was his manner, but not without bitterness.

These criticisms did not fail to irritate Dutailly, who was a strong partisan of Gen. Trochu, and things were still further aggravated by another cause. The *Times* published at that period a series of articles wherein the author described the military operations in the provinces, according to his wild imagination. Dutailly took these dreams seriously, and predicted decisive victories in a short time; the incredulous Brebant risked a timid objection; Dutailly became excited and angry, and accused his superintendent of preventing the realization of these victories.

The presence of another guest still further complicate the situation. One evening I was surprised to see my place at the right of Mrs. Dutailly occupied by an individual who was red-faced, noisy and boastful. He wore captain's shoulder-straps on a fantastical coat, which looked as if it might have been picked from the discarded clothing of some theatre, and had on immense boots, after the manner of theatrical hero.

Dutailly introduced him to me as Captain Robillard, commanding the Lost Children of Courbevoie.

Before the conclusion of the first course I had made up my mind about Roubillard, and was sure that his military exploits consisted in removing furniture from deserted houses in the suburbs, for fear that it might tempt the cupidity of the enemy, and depositing it in safe places, unknown to the owners. I wondered with dismay how the heavy ruffian was invited to gnaw our part of the cheese; but Mrs. Dutailly presently gave me an explanation, not without emotion. She had been out walking late in the afternoon, and had fallen, hurting herself considerably and being stunned for a moment. Robillard, who was passing, had aided her to return home, and, in recognition of his kindness, she could not do less than invite her savior to dinner. This explanation reassured me, and I hoped that my first sight of the hero would also be the last. He said that the war had brought him back to Paris, whose safety required his presence. As to his prowess in the suburbs, at the head of the Lost Children, you can readily conceive that it passed all belief. "The enemy could not stand for a minute. * * * With 5000 bucks like mine, all the invaders would be swept away," etc., etc. Mr. Dutailly listened complacently to the enormities, and Dutailly himself was almost ready to believe them. As for the poor little corporal of volunteers, he seemed to be crushed by the presence of this big fellow.

I excused myself and left the house immediately after dinner to escape the bluster of this Gascon, to whom, as I supposed, I bade an eternal adieu; but in this I was greatly mistaken. On the following Sunday I found him in the same place, then on Thursday, and finally a plate was set for him at all our meals. The heads of the household were fascinated. Robillard had captured Mrs. Dutailly by his jovial humor and Mr. Dutailly by the interest which he seemed to display in the military operations as conducted by the *Times*. Anatole lost ground visibly at each meal in proportion as the captain grew in favor.

Anatole's discredit was especially marked after the Bourget engagement where the poor lad had fought bravely, and whence he had returned to us wounded in the arm. He described the attack, the retreat and all the principal details of this heroic combat with so much discouragement that the captain was ready to treat him as a deserter and coward. With what noble indignation did Robillard prove that if the Lost Children had been there the result would have been very different. Thereupon, becoming excited, he sketched for our edification a plan of advance—passage through Oise, march through Rouen and triumphal arrival at Havre—which filled Dutailly with enthusiasm. Meanwhile the despised Anatole suffered greatly from the still bleeding wound.

Next day Anatole had the fever and was confined to his bed, and was absent from our daily repasts for several weeks. On the evening of his return to the house, convalescent and leaner than ever, Miss Gertrude had red eyes, and it was evident to me that there had been during the day some skirmish between her and her mother, who was more infatuated than ever with Robillard. I believed that it was time to intervene in the interest of these poor children. It happened that this day was the last Sunday of the year, and naturally we talked of the New Year, which we intended to celebrate as joyously as possible. Suddenly the captain said:

"By Jove! dear Mr. Dutailly, I must give you a surprise for a present."

This gave me the idea of preparing my own little surprise.

On New Year's Day Dutailly was radiant and received us with open arms. The strategist of the *Times* had just annihilated the army of Prince Charles on the outskirts of Evreux, and Dutailly offered this pleasing intelligence for our present. Anatole brought a hare, trapped in the devastated Island of Saint Denis. As for the captain, he presented to Mrs. Dutailly a large bag of sugared chestnuts in a German hamlet.

"Dear madam," said he, with a smile, "I could easily have given you this hamlet with the owner's head therein."

"What!" cried Mrs. Dutailly, filled with admiration, "did you kill him?"

"Certainly I did, beauteous lady, that I might offer you this bonbonniere, and I venture to say that everybody could not have accomplished the deed."

I spare you the recital of the adventure, not a detail of which was omitted by the romancer you may be sure. Carefully concealed, he had tracked, surprised and thrown the owner of the helmet, an advanced sentinel, whom he had strangled so as not to attract the attention of the enemy by firing his revolver! Oh, how small did the hare, strangled also, look beside this glorious trophy.

"As for me," said I, "I would not venture to emulate the valor of the captain but I also have my little surprise. It has not yet arrived, and we might as well go to dinner without waiting for it.'

We sat down to table, and the meal was very gay. We were taking our coffee when a servant told us that a gunner had just placed my present in the parlor. We went there and found upon the table an object wrapped in glazed paper and tied with blue ribbon.

"What can that be?" said Mrs. Dutailly.

"You would never guess, dear madam, but it is a bomb."

"A bomb!"

"Dutailly has often told me that he would like to have a bomb, and a real one—one which has seen service'—and my friend Loland, who commands a battery, has sent me this, which comes from the plains of Avron, where it failed to explode in striking."

As I spoke I untied the ribbon, tore off the paper, and the bomb was disclosed—black, sinister and threatening.

"By Jove!" said Dutailly, "you delight me. I will hang it up in my cabinet of curiosities."

"But," objected Mrs. Dutailly if it did not explode—"

"O, have no fear. It was agreed that Loland would have the charge drawn before sending it to me. Besides, here is a letter of explanation."

I opened a note which was stuck to the side of the bomb and prepared to read it aloud; but at the first line my face must have expressed surprise, followed by dismay, for everybody cried out at once:

"What is the matter with you?"

"My gracious! The matter! Listen," and I read:

"My Dear Friend—Here is the bomb for which you asked me. But I could not find a gunner here who knew how to draw the load. Send it to the gunsmith in Opera Lane, who is accustomed to this kind of work. You must be very careful with it; don't let it hit anything and handle it very cautiously. Remember, that the least shock would make the bomb explode."—

I was interrupted by cries of fear.

"Take it away!" screamed Mrs. Dutailly; "it is frightful! A loaded bomb in my parlor!"

"Nonsense," said I, extending my hand. "Be calm; there is no danger. The gunner who brought it will take it away."

"But, sir," said the servant, trembling at the door, "the gunner has gone."

"Then," said I, "I will" —

"I forbid you!" interrupted Dutailly. "You are not strong enough to carry it. You might drop it on the stairs or in the hall."

Mrs. Dutailly clutched me.

"No, not you. It is too dangerous. Not you."

"This," said Dutailly, "is a job for a robust soldier. Fortunately the captain is here."

"I!" cried Robillard.

"Why, yes, my dear fellow; you are as strong as a Turk, and you know how to handle these things. You may play with cannon balls and bombs as a scholar does with marbles and hand balls."

"Excuse me, excuse me," objected the captain, who paled visibly; "you know that—a bomb— Thunder! Couldn't you wait until tomorrow, and have it taken away by a gunner!"

But Mrs. Dutailly cried out:

"To-morrow! So that I shan't close my eyes all night. I would rather go to a hotel."

Anatole said quietly:

"You need not leave the house, madam; I will carry"—

Dutailly interrupted him.

"You are mad, my boy. Convalescent and with your wounded arm. Do you want to blow up the house?"

"In truth," said I, "this is not a job for a sick man."

"But for the captain," continued Dutailly. "I wouldn't trust anybody else. Come, captain, stir yourself, and rid us of this confounded nuisance."

The captain at this moment evidently had a fit of indigestion. He he was not a man to be put out for so little.

"Of course," said he, smiling. "I am the man to do this job. I was going to remark when you interrupted me that it would be rather dangerous for a pedestrian to carry the bomb. The ground is slippery, and a false step might be the means of killing a dozen people in the street. The thing ought to be transported in a carriage. Gen. Schmitz, who brought me here, is dining at Brebant's, and his carriage is at the door of the restaurant. I will ask him to lend it to me. He is a particular friend of mine. The thing is as good as done. Give me time to buckle my belt and go there. I won't be more than ten minutes or a quarter of an hour at the most."

"Be quick," said Mrs. Dutailly, "I won't breathe until you return."

"I will hurry, dear madam."

Thus speaking, the captain took his cap and cloak and departed.

By the manner in which he went down stairs it was evident that he was in a hurry.

I returned to the parlor, where consternation reigned. Mrs. Dutailly was divided between the desire to run away and the fear of leaving the bomb unguarded. I carelessly glanced into the moonlit street.

"You ought to have let me take it," murmured Anatole.

"Nonsense!" replied Dutailly, somewhat surprised by the calm courage of the young man. "It is much better for the captain to do it."

"I hope," sighed Mrs. Dutailly, "that he won't keep us waiting long."

"As to keeping you waiting, dear madame," said I to her, with a laugh, "that is precisely what he will do, for he isn't coming back."

He isn't coming back!"

"Certainly not. If he had intended to go to Brebant's he would have turned to the right, and he has just turned to the left, in something of a hurry, too."

"Indeed! What does that mean?"

"It means, my friends, that your captain is a fraud, and I am glad that I have dismounted the braggart's guns by the aid of this machine." And taking a photograph album, I struck a violent blow upon the fuse of the bomb, which burst into a thousand pieces—of chocolate. It was a chocolate bomb and strewed upon the carpet a charge of sugar plums, burnt almonds and pistachio nuts.

A roar of laughter saluted this explosion, and I may say this denouement; for three months later Anatole married Gertrude.

And none of us ever saw the captain again.

Cynical Marriage Ceremony.

A French mayor, who at one time held the office of stipendary magistrate, was about to perform the civil service of marriage. "Mademoiselle X——," he said, addressing the bride, "do you agree to take Mr. Z——, here present, for your wedded husband?" And, after the young lady had applied in the affirmative, the mayor, turning to the bridegroom, delivered himself as follows: "Prisoner at the bar, what have you to say in your defense?'

FARM AND GARDEN.

A SMALL FLOCK OF SHEEP PAYS.

In mixed farming there is nothing that will pay better than a small flock of sheep. They add nothing to the labor of the household, they eat much forage that would otherwise be worse than wasted, are easily cared for, the wool always commands cash, and they furnish toothsome, wholesome meat, at short notice and with very little labor in getting ready.—*Farm, Field and Stockman.*

LET HORSES GO BAREFOOT.

Every day of my life I see horses who are begging their owners to relieve them from tight shoes. Let us bring the case home. What does a man do who has bad corns? To relieve himself, he at once pulls off his boot and relieves the pressure from the corn. Now, what is good for a man is good for a horse in very many cases, certainly where corns exist, and very few horses are entirely free from them. A month's work barefooted will help a horse with corns more than his owner will believe, without trying the experiment. Instead of being stuck upon three calks, the foot gets the true bearing which nature intended it should have.—*Times-Democrat.*

HOW TO KILL TREES.

Old Reader's inquiry has elicited several responses. One correspondent recommends muriatic acid, saying that it was used by a telegraph company to kill trees that were in the way of their lines. Another reader recommends boring a hole at the base of the tree and filling with crude kerosene. Some leaves must be tacked over the hole to keep out the rain. This, he asserts, will kill tree and roots so that there will be no sprouting. Another replies to Old Reader thus: "Bore small holes and apply a few drops pure carbolic acid." Old Reader therefore can take his choice.—*Scientific American.*

BREEDING MULES IS PROFITABLE.

A profitable industry is the rearing and breeding of mules. These hardy animals will come into more extended use in the North as the breeding of road and park horses increases. Mules for work and horses for profit and pleasure will be the outgrowth of the destined increase in the rearing of pleasure horses. The plow and the wagon are not conducive to the figure or spirit of a pleasure horse, but the mule is essentially made for labor. Probably there is no more favorable opportunity for young farmers with small capital to engage in a pleasing and profitable business than the breeding and rearing of mules in southern localities where land is still very cheap and where the climate permits outdoor feeding for nine or ten months in the year. A three-year-old mule can there be reared as cheaply as a steer of the same age, and will sell for twenty cents a pound, live weight, when the steer will bring no more than two cents.—*New York Times.*

TORCH FOR INSECT NESTS.

Professor Riley, United States Entomologist, gives the following instructions for making a torch to burn the nests of the tent caterpillar, which comes early in the season, and the Fall webworm that is now in active operation: Take a piece of soft brick, known as salmon brick, and trim it to an egg shape; then take two flexible wires, cross them over the brick, wrap them around it, and twist the ends together. Then attach it by wires to a long stick, and soak the brick in coal-oil; light it with a match, and you are armed for the work. Asbestos may be used to advantage, and a little thorough work early enough in the season will obviate the necessity of more expensive remedies at a later period. The soaking in the oil may be repeated as often as is required to maintain the flame.

This torch is evidently a "kill, burn and destroy" remedy, and should be used whenever necessary, in Spring, Summer and Autumn. The worms named infest many apple and pear trees at this season, and should be looked after carefully, as they will damage both foliage and fruit seriously if left undisturbed.—*New York Witness.*

SMALL COLONIES OF BEES.

Small colonies of bees will produce as much honey in proportion to their number as large ones, if the conditions are the same; that is, the space occupied by the small colony must be as crowded with bees as the large one. It is best to have all hives of the same size in the apiary, and they can be made small by means of division-boards or dummies. I raise queens in this way: When a good colony has swarmed, and there are choice queen-cells, I take a frame containing brood and a queen-cell and put it into a large hive with another of honey, both covered with bees from the same hive, and confine them by a division-board to one side of the hive. As the bees have no queen, and expect one from that cell, they will remain. If there are bees enough to fill the space they are a perfect colony, only small. If two frames covered with bees are taken from a colony containing a queen, and removed to a hive in this way, all but the very young bees will return to the parent hive, and the combs will be robbed, and only loss occur.

Why those large colonies spoken of failed to produce as much honey as the small ones is a mystery. They must have been loafing—that is, fattening; or, in other words, secreting wax preparatory to swarming. If their honey had been extracted they would not have felt so rich—had something else to think about besides swarming, and gone to work. The small colonies probably contained young queens of the previous year, full of vim and vinegar, and anxious to work; they knew they were poor, and must make hay while the sun shines.—*Prairie Farmer.*

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Bee-keepers are reporting very favorably on Alsike clover as a honey plant.

Pigeons like a little green food occasionally, as a change from grain diet.

The time for trimming hedges of all kinds is after the shrubs have made a thrifty growth.

Some of our New York florists claim that a decoction of quassia sprinkled on rose bushes will prevent slugs and other pests.

Dominique hens make good mothers. According to the *Poultry Journal* they are, in fact, difficult to beat as all-purpose fowls.

Waldo F. Brown suggests in *Farmers' Review* that posts which must bear the strain of stretched wire fencing be set with cement.

Don't use the lawn-mower too often at this season. The grass should not be kept so close as to burn out when the weather is hot and dry for a considerable time.

In winter, there should always be on hand a supply of succulent food, such as ensilage or some kind of roots. These are relished exceedingly, help keep the bowels in good condition and increase the flow of milk.

Mr. Pearson is reported as stating that bagging grapes for market does not pay him. The bags will preserve the grapes, but they make the skin so tender that they will hardly bear handling. They are adapted to family use only.

In answer to the question, "Does it pay to make special provision for shade in an out-apiary?" propounded in "Gleanings" in *Bee Culture*, A. J. Cook, James Heddon, C. F. Muth and other well-known apiarians say that it does.

A German chemist, after a long series of analyses, affirms that an egg contains as much nourishment as a pound and an ounce of cherries, a pound and a quarter of grapes, a pound and a half of russet apples, two pounds of gooseberries, and four pounds of pears.

Fowls are very fond of pieces of bone, but you should break up the bones into pieces not much larger than grains of buckwheat. Raw bones, although more difficult to break, are more valuable for feeding hens than those that have been burned.

Keep all the dirt possible out of the milk and do not depend on the strainer to take out dirt. Only hairs and such dirt as is mechanically held can be strained out. What is dissolved will remain in the milk, to foul it and injure its flavor and its keeping qualities.

It is not a bad plan to now get together all the rubbish—dead branches, leaves and weeds from among the currant bushes. When together, burn; in this way you destroy any pupæ or mature insects which may be secreted in them. This may help to reduce the number of the worms next year.

The now general idea in cooling milk with ice is, according to *Country Gentlemen*, that when milk is first drawn its viscosity (sticky quality) is less than any other subsequent time, and this is why sudden cooling of the milk to 40 degrees, faster than it is possible to do with cold air, pays in the extra amount of fats recovered.

The Wizard of the National Museum.

There is a queer genius connected with the National Museum in Washington, in the person of Professor Henley, who is familiarly known as "the wizard of the National Museum." His particular forte is in making perfect imitations of any object from a diamond to a human being, the appearance, weight and size in each instance being perfect. His imitations of grapes, bananas, peaches and other fruit are marvelous. They not only appear natural to the eye, but also to the touch, having the same pliability, color, etc., as the original. The professor's latest and grandest achievement, however, is the manufacture of human ears and noses, to take the place of those lost in fights or by accident. In his laboratory in the Fish Commission building, corner of Sixth street and Maine avenue, several specimens of his skill in this direction can be seen.—*New York Star.*

Abandoned.

He was very fond of making speeches, and as he went unsteadily homeward from a convivial gathering his hat fell off; steadying himself he was heard to solemnly address it thus:

"Listen, blackguard! If I pick you up I shall fall; if I fall you will not pick me up. Consequently I abandon you."

Simeral's Position.

Cumso—"Is Mr. Simeral a member of your church, Gazzam?"

Gazzam—"Yes."

Cumso—"One of the pillars, I suppose?"

Gazzam—"No; one of the sleepers."

B. A. ATKINSON & CO.,

LIBERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS.

The People's Opportunity!

There are, no doubt, hundreds of people in New England who just at present are in want of something in our line, and who would gladly avail themselves of such an opportunity as we now offer if fully aware of the large saving they can effect by embracing it. To these we offer below some pointed facts and figures, remarking only that these figures are solely the result of cutting down our profits, and that we do not wish them to be held as a permanent limit for the quantity of goods which they represent.

250 Chamber Sets, $10 to $500

Why do we carry so many different styles? Because we wish to give our patrons the greatest facilities for making selections, and to have them feel they are not compelled to pay a dollar more than their own judgment tells them they can afford.

200 Parlor Sets, $35 to $450

We do not confine ourselves to any particular class of goods, but carry all kinds, from the lowest price to the most expensive, in goods that are reliable and will give satisfaction to the purchaser, and we sell everything to furnish a house complete.

100 Sideboards, $18 to $300

You will find if you take the pains to investigate that not only do we sell goods the lowest, but that the style of goods we carry is better suited to your wants than any other house in New England can show.

Carpets of all kinds, 25c. to $3 yd

We are noted among manufacturers of Carpets for our very extensive orders, often buying a thousand rolls at one time, and we always get prices which other dealers know nothing of. Hence we can sell you carpets cheaper than any one else.

Our Liberal Offer.

We will sell you enough goods to furnish four rooms in good taste and with nice goods, for $125, and will guarantee you that the same goods purchased elsewhere will cost you at least $150 to $175.

R. R. Fare and Freight Allowed.

We deliver free to any Railroad Freight Depot in New England, and on purchases of $100 or over we allow railroad fare for one person, both ways to Boston. All our goods are warranted.

$125, NOW FURNISHES YOUR HOUSE COMPLETE,

Not cheaply, nor poorly, nor sparingly, but with good Furniture, good Carpets, good Lace Curtains, good Crockery, Silver and Glass Ware, and a margin left for extras such as Pictures, Clock, &c., and an extra outlay of a few dollars will supply your wants as fully as any ordinary person can desire. We give the list as follows:

$19.95 FURNISHES YOUR KITCHEN Complete

With Range, Table, Chairs, Tin and Iron Ware, Window Shade and 15 yards of good and handsome Oil Cloth such as we have always sold at 30c. per yard. This price includes delivery at any railroad freight depot in New England.

$28.00 FURNISHES DINING ROOM Complete

With 6-foot Walnut Extension Table, 6 handsome Cane-Seat Chairs, complete set of Crockery, with Knives, Forks and Spoons, 20 yards of Ingrain Carpet (your choice of 50 patterns), 2 Window Shades, and a handsome Lamp, all delivered at any railroad depot in New England.

$31.50 FURNISHES SITTING ROOM Complete

With Lounge, Rocker, and 4 Chairs, 2 pairs of Lace Curtains, 2 Window Shades, a nice Hanging Lamp, a beautiful Centre Table and 20 yards of Ingrain Carpet left entirely to your own selections, and delivered at your freight depot free of charge.

$30.00 FURNISHES YOUR BEDROOM Complete

With Chamber Set of 10 pieces, Spring Mattress, Pillows, Carpet, Lamp, Window Shade and a handsome Toilet Set. Chamber Set is of hardwood, antique or natural finish, and same as we have sold hundreds of at $20 heretofore. This price includes free delivery, and you have yet a balance of

$15.00 WITH WHICH TO BUY

An Ice Chest, handsome Clock, pair of Oil Paintings, and sufficient Carpet to cover your hall and stairs if you desire.

Write for Catalogue. Liberal Terms when desired.

B. A. ATKINSON & CO.,

LIBERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

827 WASHINGTON ST., One Block South of Hollis St., Cor. Common St., BOSTON, MASS.

New England Hay Co.,

WALES WHARF,

272 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HAY & STRAW.

Car Lots a Specialty.

TELEPHONE NO. 2894.

W. F. Wale, Jr. J. A. Deane

SOUTH WEYMOUTH

SAVINGS BANK!

PRESIDENT, - - Josiah Reed
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BOARD OF INVESTMENT:
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Jos. Loud & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

COAL,

Hay, Wood

—AND—

GRAIN.

Wharves:—Commercial Street. WEYMOUTH.

R. F. RAYMOND,

—TEACHER OF—

Piano, Organ,

—AND—

Musical Composition.

(Author of the "Raymond Collection" for Organ, 2 vols.; "Raymond's Reed Organ Gem," etc.) TERMS: $15 for a Course of 20 Lessons.

No. 1. Water Street, East Weymouth

C. S. Williams & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

NO. 28 CONGRESS ST.,

66 Devonshire St., 26 Congress Sq., and Quincy House, Boston, Mass.

Also, Mower's Block, Lynn.

Stocks, Grain, Provisions and Oil, Bought and Sold, in lots to suit Customers, for Cash or Future Delivery.

JOHN H. THOMPSON,

—DEALER IN—

COAL & WOOD.

—ALSO—

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT TO ORDER.

Residence: High Street, near Hawthorn, EAST WEYMOUTH. G 44 1yr

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A. L. DENBROEDER,

Merchant Tailor,

—AND DEALER IN—

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS, etc.

A Good Stock of Cloths

—FOR—

Gent's Garments,

recently purchased and will be made up

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Please call and examine Goods.

Washington Square, WEYMOUTH.

QUINCY MUTUAL

Fire Ins. Co.,

—:o:—

CASH FUND, Jan. 1, 1889,	$575,899.50
Surplus over Re-Insurance,	358,710.77
Gain in Cash Fund the past year,	23,417.33
Gain in Cash Surplus the past year,	16,685.71
Amount at Risk,	31,369,797.00
Total Liabilities,	237,182.53

CHARLES A. HOWLAND, President and Treasurer.
WILLIAM H. FAY, Secretary.

AGENTS:
A. S. JORDAN & CO., North Weymouth.
Z. L. BICKNELL, East Weymouth.
LOUIS A. COOK, South Weymouth.

Just Received,

a Carload of

DRAIN PIPE

WITH ALL THE

FITTINGS.

S. W. PRATT,

Washington Square,

Weymouth.

J. G. WORSTER & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

GROCERIES

AND PROVISIONS,

Washington Square, WEYMOUTH.

Perfect Ease. Perfect Lounge. No Mattress Needed. $10 to $35

Send for Circular. S. GRAVES & SON, 341 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 6, 1889.

G. G. EASTERBROOK, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $2 A YEAR. In Advance.

The Labor Day Parade

In Boston was imposing in numbers, an actual count by our reporter making the entire procession about 10,000 men. The exhibits were novel and attractive, among them being the carpenter's show of a log cabin, as "the home of our forefathers," and a Queen Anne cottage, illustrating modern progress, workmen engaged in joiner work and shingling. Log cabin life was represented by young ladies costumed as elderly dames, and engaged in spinning and other employments of ancient times. Some of the mottoes on the banners were vigorously sarcastic in relation to legislation, the [illegible] ballot, corporations, etc., and [illegible]tic concerning eight hour day, labor and other topics. The procession was a fine presentation of the important bearing of building operations in our industries, a large portion of the many bodies being representatives of workmen and laborers engaged in those employments. The printers made an attractive appearance, the *Herald* chapel being large in numbers, and having the Virginia Band as an attraction. The *Globe* and *Journal* were also well represented, and among the *Journal* force was the veteran Baker, who with his white locks and erect mein was the handsomest typo of the whole delegation. The crowd of spectators was immense at all points, and as a presentation of the dignity of labor and assertion of labor's rights, the spectacle was impressive and interesting.

The New Rice Building.

The new Rice building which has recently been erected by Mr. William T. Rice for his undertaking business, is one of the handsomest and best appointed undertaker's warerooms in the state, and located as it is in Jackson square, can not fail to attract the attention of the many teams that are continually passing. The building which is three stories high is of wood, the dimensions being 28x42. The first floor or basement is used by Mr. Rice as a trimming room. Here also is an improved heating apparatus by which the whole building and his residence is heated during the winter. On the street floor are two rooms, one 14x28, which is occupied by the Misses Castner as a millinery establishment, and the other which is 28 feet square, as Mr. Rice's show room. The floor of this room is of hard pine, the sheathing and furnishings being of cherry. At the right of the entrance there is a large cabinet which is divided into copartments, in which there is an assortment of the different kinds and styles of caskets, several of which are very beautiful. In the centre of this room there is a large case in which are kept linings, robes, casket handles, etc., and on the top of this there is a show case in which are different designs in wheat. The two large show windows in front, which are of heavy plate glass, 8x9, are trimmed with beautiful tropical plants. Over this room there is another finished room, 27x41, at present unoccupied, and above this an attic which is used as a store room. The old rooms used by Mr. Rice on Commercial street have long been inadequate for his business and the present edifice will [illegible] a want long felt by him.

Prohibition Caucus.

The Prohibition caucus to choose delegates to the state convention to be held at Worcester occurred last week. The meeting was called to order by Wilmot Cleverly, chairman of the town committee, who read the call and was elected as chairman of the evening with E. E. Chapman as secretary. A committee consisting of Geo. H. Cuningham S. S. Marden and George W. Dyer was appointed who brought in the following list as delegates, which was adopted: Wilmot Cleverly, Elisha F. Pratt, E. E. Chapman, George H. Cuningham, Geo. W. Dyer, David P. Lincoln, Rev. Merrill Blanchard, Rev. Elmer Hewitt, Emerson L. Hunt, Jacob F. Dizer and Francis Cowing. The same delegates were also elected for the respective Councillor, Senatorial and County conventions, and were authorized to procure substitutes if they could not attend.

The Prohibitory party held their convention at Worcester Wednesday and nominated Dr. John Blackmer, of Springfield, for Governor; B. F. Sturtevant, of Jamaica Plain, Lt.-Governor; State Secretary, George D. Critchett, of Buckland; Attorney-General, Allen Coffin, of Nantucket; State Treasurer, Frederick L. Wing, of Ashburnham; State Auditor, William H. Gleeson, of Boston.

Fireworks.

The first and last exhibition of fireworks at Hotel Nantasket this season was given Monday evening last, and it was anticipated that Prof. E. S. Hunt, the pyrotechnist, would have carte blanc in the exhibit, but we learn that the steamboat company would not cooperate with the railroad and hotel companies in the expense, and consequently the display was shorn of much of its anticipated beauty. There were four pretty set pieces, and an abundance of rockets and small shells, but the large mortars were not used and the more brilliant aerial displays of former seasons were wanting. Mr. C. H. Trott superintended the display, and made it a success so far as it was in his power to accomplish. There was a large number present at this windup of the shore season.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle by A. M. Bachelder & Co., Weymouth; Colby & Page, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover, East Weymouth; Druggists.

Political.

The Nantasket *News* has an article strongly advocating the nomination of Mr. Alexis Torrey as a candidate of the Democrats for Senatorial honors; but we learn from Mr. Torrey that though he appreciates the honor of such a nomination, he could not consent to stand as a candidate for the office.

Base Ball.

A very interesting game of ball was played last Saturday on the grounds of the Actives, between the Actives of South Weymouth and the North Weymouths. The features of the game was the battery work of Woods and Ward for the North Weymouths and the pitching of Bass of the Actives. Martin played a great game at short. The game was closely contested all through and was finally called in the tenth inning with the score a tie at 11 runs apiece. It was without doubt the most interesting game ever played in South Weymouth, the spectators being at a fever heat all through the game. The two hen-coop home runs on Mahoney's and Loud's throwing were also remarkable features.

The 16th Mass. Light [illegible] veterans held their ninth re[illegible] in Wesleyan hall, Boston, last Wednesday, and elected Comrades O. Houghton, as vice-president, and George F. Cushing, as secretary.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c and $1.00. *Trial size free.* At all druggists.

Labor Day Sports.

Labor Day was a lively occasion at Fort Point, the chief event being the spirited ball game between the teams of Damocles Lodge of Brockton, and Delphi Lodge of Weymouth, Knights of Pythias, the game being played in the afternoon, some 400 or more spectators being in attendance, from Brockton and this place, who were conveyed in private vehicles. The Knights made the grand tour in tally-ho coaches, the Brockton party coming to the Landing and meeting their brother Knights at the Weymouth Castle, when H. L. Thayer's tally-ho was filled with the ball team and in company with the Brockton coach they drove to Fort Point with lusty tooting of horns. The American Band of South Weymouth was also at the Point, and gave a fine concert, after which the ladies of South Weymouth spread a collation for them in the Hender cottage, the ball teams refreshing themselves with a supper at Anderson's Cafe. The ball playing was of course amateurish in character, but the players made desperate efforts for victory, and as the Brockton Knights had some quite skillful players in their team the contest ended in their favor—39 to 17.

J. J. Loud, Esq., entertained a good company of the Union church choir and others at his summer house, near Messrs. R. L. Hunt and M. C. Nash also extended their hospitalities to many friends. The day was very pleasant and all went merry as a marriage bell at Weymouth's lovely riverside resort.

Perhaps few of your readers are aware of the beautiful place in your vicinity called "Rose Cliff," otherwise Weymouth Neck. Here is a high bluff overlooking the sea where steamers can be seen daily plying back and forth, and pleasure crafts of every description, with their well trimmed sails, making a charming picture. A most delightful day was spent here Labor day with Mr. and Mrs. R. Lloyd Hunt, who entertained some of their friends from Boston, Quincy, Hingham, Abington and Weymouth, in their usually hospitable manner. The morning was spent in rowing, fishing, etc. At high noon the company sat down to one of Mrs. Hunt's famous clam chowders, to which full justice was done. In the afternoon Capt. George W. Newcomb, of Quincy, one of the guests, took the party out for a sail in the bay in his beautiful yacht Minnette. Where everything was so satisfactory it would be difficult to tell which gave the most enjoyment. We think, however, our evening's entertainment carried off the palm, a fine programme having been prepared, consisting of singing, cornet playing, reading of poems, and an acting charade, which caused great merriment, everything being carried out with great success. With many good wishes to our kind host and hostess the company departed, many wishing that Labor day came oftener than once a year.

ONE OF THE GUESTS.

There was a very enjoyable picnic on Labor day at the residence of Mr. Amory, on Quincy avenue. By invitation of Mrs. Amory the rectors, Sunday school teachers and choirs of Christ church, Quincy, and Trinity church, Weymouth, with some specially invited guests, assembled under the trees on the Amory grounds and were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Amory with their assistants. An excellent dinner with ice cream was served on tables under the shade of the trees. The afternoon was spent in games, social conversation and boating. At 4.30 p. m. supper was served under the same trees, and after supper the company repaired to the piazza of the Amory residence, where vocal and instrumental music was furnished by the choirs, with readings by Miss Agnes Hyde. The party adjourned at 6.30 p. m., well pleased with the six hours festivity and the occasion will long be remembered by those who were fortunate enough to be present.

The choir of the Catholic church and the Sunday school teachers made their annual excursion last Monday, going to Plymouth on the train and returning via steamer Stamford for Boston and train to Weymouth. Dinner was partaken of at the Samoset House. P. Whelan, Sup't of the Sunday school, conducted the arrangements for the excursion, which was a complimentary one from Fr. Murphy, the pastor, in token of appreciation of their services.

A Varied Route.

A party of lady residents of the Landing made an excursion to Marblehead Wednesday, via Narrow Guage railroad from Boston to Lynn, Boston & Maine railroad to Salem, horse cars to Marblehead, ferry to the Neck, and returning on the horse railroad to Boston, making a varied and very enjoyable trip through urban, suburban and seashore districts along the route, and having lots of fun for a small amount of money. The lunch baskets were opened on the shore at Marblehead, the only drawback to the enjoyment of the unconventional feast being a sharp request from a tartaric cottager to pick up the fruit peelings.

To My Friends.

As you are well aware that I would not recommend that which I do not believe to be good, I desire to say to all who need a good, reliable, family medicine, that I believe one bottle of Sulphur Bitters will do you more good than any other remedy I ever saw.—REV. CEPHAS SOULE.

Runaway.

The residents near Hunt street were startled last Sunday evening by a sudden collision of an open buggy with a shade tree in front of Mr. Ashford Baker's, the horse of Mr. Jas. Wendall having ran from the upper end of Torrey's Lane, while standing in front of a house there, and in turning out of the lane rushing to the other side of Washington street, the buggy colliding with the tree, but doing no further damage than wrenching the seat from its fastenings. The horse ran towards his owner's home at the town house, but instead of stopping there sped on through Middle street and down Broad street to near M. C. Dizer & Co's factory, where he was stopped. The driver was in the house when the horse started.

Notice.

The semi-centennial of the Universalist church will be celebrated on Friday, Sept. 13. Services will be held at 2.30 p. m., when Rev. Elmer Hewitt, Rev. B. H. Davis, Rev. G. H. Emerson, D.D., Rev. W. A. Pratt will speak and other ex-pastors are expected. Supper will be served at 6. Evening service at 7.30, when Dr. W. C. B. Fifield, Mrs. Emily Fifield, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore and others will speak.

Concert.

The Commonwealth Combination selected an unfavorable time to appear here, their concert last Friday evening not meeting with the patronage their merits as vocalists deserved. But notwithstanding the small number present the programme numbers were given with spirit and fine expression and gave much pleasure to all who attended the concert. The programme consisted of piano solo, Selected, J. Albert Snow; Quartette, "Vocal March," Dow, Commonwealths; Bouquet of Musical Imitations, Dudley B. Prescott; Solo, "Tale of a Whale," Molloy, E. Walter Arnold; Humorous Solo, Selected, F. A. Swift; The invisible Songster, Dudley H. Prescott; Tenor Solo, "Marguerite" White, E. M. Spears; Specialties, a, "Susan Brown (new), b, "Frogs Wooing, Quartette, assisted by Mr. Swift; Selected Monologue, Dudley H. Prescott; Bass Solo, Selected, Jere. B. Scamman; Imitations of Birds, Original, F. A. Swift; Quartette, "The Water Mill," Macy, Commonwealths; Farce, "Wanted-One Hundred Dollars."

A party of young ladies and gentlemen from Weymouth and East Weymouth are making up a barge party to attend Mr. C. P. Cubberly's Dancing Class at Loring Hall, Hingham, which opens Oct. 2d. Terms are $5 for gentlemen, $3 for ladies. Names may be left at this office. G-N

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For further particulars, send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottles of this wonderful Discovery Free at A. M. Bachelder & Co's, Weymouth; Colby & Page's, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover, East Weymouth; Druggists.

BRIEFS.

Rev. Mr. Wyman, of Roslindale, will preach in the Baptist church next Sunday afternoon.

The new store building of Mr. P. H. Blanchard, at the depot, is approaching completion and will be a structure well adapted to his increasing business in flour and grain.

Do not drive a lame or interfering horse for you can always find Mr. Murray at the corner of Washington and Common streets.

Arthur E. Pratt is enjoying a two weeks vacation.

Augustus J. Richards was present at the celebration of the 250th anniversary at Yarmouth, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Clappare at Milford, Mass.

The price of coal is a little higher now than last year at this time. Flour and grain are however a little cheaper.

Politics in Weymouth seem to be unusually quiet this year, neither party apparently booming things much.

The fourth class at the North High is the largest for a number of years, sixty-two scholars having entered Tuesday, and this number has now been increased to sixty-seven.

Attention is called to the advertisement of William T. Rice, undertaker and funeral director.

Mr. Amory, of East Braintree, entertained the choir of Trinity church in royal manner, at his residence on Quincy avenue.

The fair grounds at South Weymouth were crowded by the labor organizations of Whitman and their friends on Labor day, the event being one of the largest out-door demonstrations ever held there, excepting the annual fair.

The growing tendency toward the gathering of friends on Labor day gives it a pleasant character, and its title may well be enlarged to Labor and Entertainment day.

Letters remain in the post office for Mrs. C. W. Barnes, Mr. Cor's Connell, Geo. Sanders, Jeanie Strod, Railway Hotel Commercial P. O.

JAMES W. RAND, P. M.

Readers will notice that the board of Selectmen meet in the forenoon next Monday, instead of afternoon.

"There is no short road to learning," but anyone who will visit the exhibition now open at the warerooms of Paine's Furniture Co., 48 Canal stret, Boston, can, in one short hour, move ahead six months in acquiring practical hints and suggestions for house furnishing.

Capt. J. F. Sheppard entertained a party of friends on his yacht Folly Wednesday, and gave them a clam bake at Fort Point.

Vice-Commodore Linton is arranging for a reception on the occasion of the presentation of his prize trophies to the winning yachts.

The N. E. Undertakers' convention was held in Boston Wednesday, and officer O. Houghton, of this place, acted as doorkeeper. Messrs. Rice and McCormeck, of Weymouth, were present.

Services will be resumed in the Universalist church next Sunday at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m.

"The Fruitfulness of the Christian Life," will be the subject of Rev. William Hyde's sermon at Trinity church on Sunday morning, at 10.30.

Mrs. Michael Griffin, of this place, died last Monday, after a long illness. The funeral service was held at the Catholic church Wednesday, the attendance being very large.

George Briggs has returned home from Tacoma, and is driving a coal team for F. E. Shepard & Sons. Mr. Geo. Phillips is expected home from the same place soon.

Mag. Richardson's favorite grey roadster died on the road to Boston yesterday.

Patrick Doherty has given up the position of flagman at the Quincy avenue crossing, and Patrick Ahearn has taken his place.

It is delicately perfumed. We mean Brussels soap.

Mr. John G. Worster is recovering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Stephen Cain attended the sixth annual reunion of the California Pilgrims of Boston Commandery at Popham Club house, Providence River, on Wednesday last.

Misses Mary E. Hunt, Grace M. Ford, Maggie L. Ahern, and James P. Maynard of this town, passed the examination for admission to the Normal school at Bridgewater, Wednesday.

The largest tax assessed in ward 1 is Bradley Fertilizer Co., $2702. The next largest are Elias Beals $500; J. H. & F. H. Torrey, $401; H. A. Nash, $342. In ward 2 the largest assessed is Mrs. Ann E. Bates, executrix, $1520; the next largest is M. C. Dizer & Co, $1186; Edwin Clapp pays $686; Mrs. E. E. Clapp, $553; M. C. Dizer, $499; Peter W. French, $046; John P. Lovell, $410; Jonathan Salsbury, $369; A. E. Mann, $513; Cyrus Washburn, $470.

Mrs. Alfred Peterson has moved from Common street to the N. L. White house, next to W. Cronin's store.

Mr. John Connors has moved into the north tenement of Mrs. Selinda Grant's house.

Mr. James Trainor has moved from the house of Mrs. Hallowell to the house of A. Prescott Nash, on Front street.

Mrs. Richard Holbrook is visiting friends in Brockton.

The California forty-niners have their annual reunion in Boston next Monday.

Peck's Bad Boy will be presented at Reynolds Hall, East Weymouth. It is full of fun, and will delight all who attend.

Concert.

A concert to raise funds towards the erection of a chapel, was given by the East Braintree M. E. Society in the town hall, Braintree, last evening, but the attendance was not so large as hoped for by the ladies who are working earnestly to obtain a house of worship. The artists were Frank H. Pope, humorist; Mrs. Eva Baker, soprano; Ellen Nute Luce, contralto; Frank G. Lunt, tenore; Frank H. Young, basso; Lewis E. Tilden, pianist; who gave a fine entertainment, among the choice selections being the solos "Enchantment" and "Dreams," by Mrs. Baker; "Where the Lindens bloom" and "He was a Prince," by Mrs. Luce; "Farewell, Marguerite" and "Good Bye," by Mr. Lunt; "Anchored" and "Maiden Fair," by Mr. Young, with duetts, also readings of a funny nature by Mr. Pope and piano solo "Hark, hark the Lark" and "Tospiro," by Mr. Tilden.

Heard From.

George W. Bunker, a brother of Mr. F. Bunker, of Braintree, had not been heard from since 1874, when he left Braintree for Hickman, Ky., but this week postmaster Proctor received a letter from him dated Havana, Ill., inquiring for his family. He has lived at the west for about 40 years, making only one visit here, in 1874. It was thought he was dead and a stone to his memory was erected in Lakeside Cemetery, South Braintree, a year and a half ago, and the name will be erased. Every endeavor had been made by the family to find him, but all efforts had proved fruitless.

Lawn Tennis.

Weymouth Tennis Club held its last and most successful tournament of the season on Monday, Sept. 2, at the club courts on Commercial street. The prizes were won by Messrs. Canterbury and Carroll, as will be seen by the score:

Canterbury & Carroll beat Lincoln & Newcomb	6—5	6—1
Alvord & Hurll beat Clapp & Miller	6—4	6—2
Canterbury & Carroll beat Alvord & Hurll	6—1	6—4
Alvord & Hurll beat Richards & Richards	2—6	6—4	6—4
Clapp & Miller beat Richards & Richards	6—4	5—6	6—2
Alvord & Hurll beat Lincoln & Newcomb	6—5	2—6	6—4
Canterbury & Carroll beat Clapp & Miller	6—1	3—6	6—3
Clapp & Miller beat Lincoln & Newcomb	6—5	6—5	
Canterbury & Carroll beat Richards & Richards	6—2	3—6	6—0

The Everett *Herald* says: "The call extended Rev. E. T. Pitts of Milton Mills, N. H., last week, by the Congregational church and parish has been accepted, and he commenced his pastorate Sunday, Sept. 1. We predict for him a warm and cordial greeting to his labors. His installation will be at the mutual convenience of himself and the church. We congratulate the town and church on his entrance into the social and religious duties of the town."

EAST WEYMOUTH.

Everett Bates is building an addition to his residence on Charles street.

T. H. Emerson has moved his coal business to the building formerly occupied by E. A. Bigelow.

Joshua Tirrell and his son W. H. caught a number of mackerel off Strawberry Hill, Labor Day.

Attention is called to the advertisement of Mrs. O. C. Boothbay, fashionable dress and cloak maker.

Hose 2 have appointed a committee to arrange for a series of sociables, the first of which will soon be held.

A. E. Joy left Thursday for a week's trip through Portland, Bath and Nobleboro, Me.

Attention is called to the card of Florence C. Bates, teacher of piano and organ.

George A. Beedem has given up his business in Boston and accepted a position with Strong & Carroll.

Brussels soap will not float, but it will do double the work that floating soaps will do.

Mrs. E. P. Osborne and Miss Lillian Osborne of Neponset, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Miles.

S. W. Mitchell of the New Bedford Fire Department, with his wife, has been stopping at the Weymouth House for a few days.

Mrs. W. W. Raymond, Mrs. Elvin H. Raymond and Miss Mildred Raymond are spending the month of September at the "Bellevue Villa," Cottage City.

At the request of the residents of Middle street the school committee have appointed Noah T. Joy as janitor of the new school building.

There will be an interesting entertainment at Temperance Hall next Monday evening, under the auspices of the Reform Club.

Hose 2 held their regular monthly meeting last Monday evening. Next Monday evening at 7 o'clock they will go out for practice.

Eureka H. & L. 2 are to hold a private sociable at Engine hall next Friday evening, Sept. 13. Music, Litchfield's Orchestra.

Miss Lizzie E. Tirrell has accepted a position as teacher of a grammar school at Westport, Mass., and will assume her new position next Monday.

James L. Bates Camp, S. of V., will hold their regular meeting this Friday evening. Every member is requested to be present with ladies, as there will be a sociable after the business meeting.

Mr. Benjamin Shurtleff of Middleboro, a gentleman 80 years of age, is visiting his son, Benjamin Shurtleff, in this village. He gave his father an outing at Nantasket Labor Day, this being the first time the old gentleman had ever been there.

Abraham, son of Oliver Lincoln, of Boston, formerly of this place, died at Silver Lake Sunday after a brief illness, aged 28 years. The body was brought to Weymouth Wednesday and interred in the family tomb at North Weymouth.

W. T. Rice attended the tenth annual meeting of the New England Undertakers' Association, held in Boston Wednesday and Thursday, and he was also present at the banquet given by them at the United States Hotel, Wednesday evening.

A grocer who advises you to use Brussels soap believes in giving full value for your money.

The Ladies F. L. T. Circle still continue to hold their weekly meetings in G. A. R. hall Wednesday afternoons, and cordially invite all Odd Fellows ladies who are not members to join with them in making their coming fair a grand success.

Letters remain in the postoffice for Miss Bertie A. Bates, Miss G. E. Griffin, Mrs. William Mealson, Edith Spear box 111, John Arsenault, John J. Cronin, Michael Cronin, William G. Lerangie, S. Martin, Daniel F. Reed, John Troy, Mr. Whall. Z. L. BICKNELL, P. M.

Col. B. S. Lovell has returned home from Milwaukee, where he worked actively to secure Boston as the place of the next G. A. R. national encampment. Last Tuesday he acted as aid to the chief marshal at the Sandwich celebration.

Mr. D. M. Easton has succeeded in raising enough money by subscription to place a four sided clock on the Middle street schoolhouse. The clock will be placed in position by F. B. Reed in about three weeks and will have bronze green faces with silver letters and hands.

A union all-day Holiness meeting is being held at Temperance hall today. Rev. H. H. Perry is to preach this afternoon, and in the evening Rev. Joshua Gill will preach. Mrs. E. J. Storms will assist, and the services will be in charge of Mrs. J. M. Macfarlane, of Stoneham.

The old Middle street school building was sold at auction last Saturday for $175, the purchaser being Arthur C. Hamlin, who will move the same to his land on Broad street where it will be converted into tenements. By the terms of the sale the building must be moved inside of fifteen days.

The East Weymouth and Hingham Reform Clubs held their annual picnic at Hockley Point Monday, a large number being present. Arriving there a short meeting was held, being presided over by Charles Cram. There were brief remarks by Rev. Merrill Blanchard, Hiram Porter, Nathan Pratt, Mrs. Elizabeth Carlton, Mrs. Henry B. Raymond, S. S. Marden, Joshua Cook and John K. Bean; singing by Henry B. Raymond and Richard Barnes; readings by Miss Ada Burrell; bone solo by Frankie Deree. After the meeting a first class shore dinner was partaken of.

The open air concert in Jackson square Tuesday evening was, as usual, first class and was appreciated by the large audience which had gathered in and about the stand. After the concert the members of the band quietly wended their way to the residence of Albert C. Burrell, on High street, and gave him a serenade, Mr. Burrell recently having become a benedict. After a selection the band was invited in and given a collation of ice cream, cake and fruit. More music followed and the band took their departure, wishing the couple much happiness in their wedded life. Before they departed, however, Prof. Raymond in behalf of the Band, presented Mr. and Mrs. Burrell with a French clock, as a token of their esteem and well wishes.

Miss Julia Butler, daughter of Rev. Wm. Butler D. D., the first M. E. missionary to British India, addressed the congregation at the M. E. church last Sunday morning and evening. She gave a very excellent and interesting account of Woman's work in India, drawing her illustrations from her own experiences and observations. Miss Butler is a very entertaining speaker who with great simplicity and well chosen words carries her audience along with her, and made a lasting impression by the vividness of her pictures. She also addressed the Sunday school very happily upon the same subject, using some curiosities which she brought with her to illustrate her topics.

The last open air concert of the season will be given next Tuesday evening in Jackson square. The following is the programme which is made from pieces that have been requested by different persons and it may be termed a request programme:

March, Randolph,	Hall
Overture, Le Diadem,	Herman
Schottische, The Sweetest of them All,	Rollinson
Cornet Duet, The Two Friends,	Lozes
W. F. Bates and F. H. Pratt.	
Waltz, Blumen Streuen,	Bailey
Medley Jig,	Braham
The Darkies Patrol,	Lansing
Medley, Bric a Brac,	Missud
Andante and Waltz,	Lumbye
March, Bay State,	Thomas

A pleasing musicale was given at the residence of Ezra F. Tirrell on Middle street last week, in honor of his guests from Chattanooga. The following was the programme which was written on a large sheet of manilla paper that was hung on the wall:—Grand Concert to be given at Horse Chestnut Villa, Tuesday evening Aug. 27, 1889, by the Society of Old Maids, 7.30 p. m. sharp. Come one, come all. Programme—Quartette, "In the Morning," Misses Thayer, L. and E. Porter and Mr. Tirrell; duet, Selected, Misses Thayer and Porter; piano solo, Miss Tirrell; trio, Misses Porter and Tirrell; solo, Miss Thayer; duet, Misses Porter; solo, Miss Porter; intermission, 4 hours; duet, Misses Porter and Thayer; grand solo, "Three Little Kittens," special request, Mr. E. F. Tirrell; violin solo, Miss L. Porter, Miss E. Porter accompanist; trio, violin, piano and vocal, Misses Porter and Miss Thayer; solo, Miss E. Porter; duet, Autoharps, Misses Thayer and Tirrell; Quartette, "Ride on that Golden Mule."

TUFTS LIBRARY.

NEW BOOKS RECEIVED.

NOTE:—**The books will be ready for delivery on the Saturday following the issue of the Gazette containing the list.**

Ames, L. T. Great thoughts for little thinkers. $36.23
Better for an older person to read to a child than for a child to read by himself.
Clarke, M. C. A rambling story. 415.58
Crawford, F. M. Sant' Ilario. [A sequel to Saracinesca.] 535.70
Dampier, William. Russell, W. C. Life of. (English men of action.) 221.117
Fenn, G. M. Bunyip Land; the story of a wild journey in New Guinea. 525.110
Henty, G. A. In times of peril, a tale of India. 525.109
Fisher, G. P. Manual of Christian evidences. 534.27
Humphrey, *Mrs.* F. A. Favorite authors for children. *Portraits.* 212.72
Johnson, R. W. *and* Buel, C. C., *eds.* Battles and leaders of the Civil War, 4v. *Maps and cuts.* 615.69
All who have read the War Series in the "Century" can heartily recommend this work, and will be glad to read the additional papers which it contains.
Maier, Julius. Arc and glow lamps, a practical hand-book on electric lighting. 723.102
Noble, A. L. After the failure; or, A loss and a gain. 523.117
Norris, W. E. Miss Shafto. (Leisure hour series.) 332.81
Pennell, Joseph *and* E. R. Our journey to the Hebrides. *Illust.* 225.39
Reade, Charles. Bible characters. 833.27
Contents:—A literary marvel, Aids to faith, Nehemiah, Nehemiah's work, Jonah, David, Paul's perseverance, Evidences of revelation, Monumental evidence and documental.
Sergeant, Adeline. Esther Denison. (Leisure hour series.) 332.75
Sherwood, Mrs. M. E. W. Sweet-brier. 323.31
Sinnet, A. P. Esoteric Buddhism. 832.31
Karma, a novel. 535.94
Stimson, F. J. *J. S. of Dale.* The residuary legatee; or, The posthumous jest of the late John Austin. 432.62
Wellington, Arthur Wellesley *Duke of.* Hooper, G. Life of. (English men of action.) 221.118

C. A. BLANCHARD, Librarian.
Sept. 6, 1889.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

We believe in economy. That is why we use Brussels soap.

A little one came to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Poulin last Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Drake are at Ridgeley Lakes, Me., for two weeks.

Mrs. Emerson W. Torrey and son Clarence left Thursday for Milwaukee, where she will stop a few weeks.

Labor day passed very quietly in this village, the shoe factories closing. A picnic was expected at the grove, but for some reason it did not put in an appearance.

Miss Lillian Emery, who has been employed until recently at the Bay State Hammock Works, died at her home in Barre, Vt., last Tuesday, after a brief illness.

Edwin S. Litchfield and Margaret Myette were married at the Pilgrim parsonage August 31.

Mr. Gorham Walker and wife are to move into the tenement made vacant by Mr. Geo. Beane.

Letters remain in the postoffice for Mrs. Rachel Sampson, Winnie Libby, Mr. E. Frothingham, Ezra T. Beal, James Hoily, Alex. Lawson, William H. Mosher, John O. Joughlin, William Peters, W. H. Prideau Jr., John Powers. B. F. THOMAS, P. M.

Capt. A. E. Jackson had a close call last Tuesday afternoon. He was at work in the shop when he was suddenly taken with a fainting spell, and for a few moments it was thought he would not recover. Restoratives were applied and he was brought back to life.

Rev. D. M. Wilson of Quincy, will preach in the Universalist church next Sunday afternoon.

A soap that can be used in the laundry, the bath room and the boudoir is certainly the most economical soap to buy. Brussels exactly fills the bill.

Firemen's Muster.

The board of Engineers of the Weymouth Fire Department attended the muster of veteran firemen at Providence, R. I., yesterday, an exhibition of the powers of noted hand engines being given, to the delight of all the old boys who once "ran with the machine." About 2500 men were in line in the grand parade, and the trials of the old tubs was a scene of great excitement.

S. of V. Picnic.

The several committees of the Union S. of V. picnic to be held at South Weymouth Saturday, Sept. 14, met at Rockland last Friday evening to arrange for the sports. There will be a game of ball for $100, between the John P. Lovell's and King Phillips of Rockland; a 100-yards dash race; a 150-yards dash race; sack and potato race, for which suitable prizes will be offered. A band of music will be in attendance all day, and in the evening there will be dancing in the hall.

The Infanticide Case.

Judge James Humphrey, of the District Court, has reported to the Grand Jury his finding in the inquest on the body of the new born child found on the premises of the Old North parsonage in July last, his finding being that the babe was feloniously strangled by its mother, Alice M. Wright, a piece of rubber elastic being bound about its throat. She is supposed to be in the Provinces, and the expenses of her extradition would be about $1200, it is said.

Musical.

A large party of ladies and gentlemen rode through Washington street in a barge last Friday evening, a number of the party rivalling Dudley Prescott in his band imitations and attracting the curiosity of a throng of boys and girls, who clustered upon the steps of the barge or ran alongside, the music being quite pleasing.

Removed.

The building on Washington street which has been occupied for many years by Mr. Washington Merritt for his machinist work, is to be removed to the lot above Lincoln square now occupied by W. T. Burrell's paint shop, and the latter building will be moved on to land of the Tirrell estate adjoining. This removal will much improve the site, as Mr. Burgess' lot will be graded nicely to the true boundary. The building is to be moved by Mr. Albert Hobart, under direction of Mr. Ashford Baker, and it will still be occupied by Mr. Merritt.

Ill Effects.

The son of Mr. Cyrille Bourk, who was recently injured by a pile of lumber falling on him, it is stated will have a permanent stiffness of arm which was so badly fractured. Mr. Henry Willoby's son sustained a fracture of the kneepan in the leg which was broken, which retards his recovery.

First class dealers all sell Brussels soap.

Why purchase half a dozen different kinds of soap for half a dozen rooms in your house. Brussels soap is the great desideratum in the laundry or the bath room.

LOVELL'S CORNER.

Rev. Mr. Brooks preached at Duxbury last Sunday.

Mrs. Lydia White has been visiting friends at Sea View.

Rev. Mr. Needham, of Hingham, occupied the pulpit at the Porter M. E. church last Sunday afternoon.

Miss Eliza R. Tirrell, formerly of this place, died of consumption, at her home in Norwell, Sunday, Sept. 1.

Rev. Mr. Jordan will occupy the pulpit at the Porter M. E. church next Sunday p. m.

Miss Florence Goodnow, of Cohasset, has been visiting Mrs. Geo. Goodnow.

Mrs. Bishop and daughter, and Mr. Arthur Straw, of Cambridge, are visiting Mrs. Everett Pratt.

The party who have been at Fort Pt. this week, have returned home, having had a jolly time.

[Miss Susie Tirrell, our esteemed correspondent at Lovell's Corner, leaves there next Monday for Franklin, to pursue a two years course of special studies at Dean Academy. Her many friends unite in wishes for her highest educational success.

If You Wish

To enjoy good health, and prevent the seeds of disease from ripening in your system, you should use the best medicine in the world, Sulphur Bitters, which will prevent your system from being all run down by making it strong and vigorous.—REV. W. R. SNOW.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

The officers of the W. A. & I. Society are entering into the preparations for the coming fair with more energy than for many years. They have a little money in the treasury to work with, and if everybody would pay what they agreed to the society would be just $100 better off than they now are.

Five years ago a company of young men of this village joined together under the name of the Columbian Associates. Many in this village and neighboring towns will long remember the many first class entertainments that have been given by them, and they return their most sincere thanks for the support and patronage they have had from the people throughout their history. Last Friday evening, for some reason best known to themselves, they disbanded, and their five years of happiness and sociability has come to an end, not, however, without a grand old fashioned blow out, with plenty of entertainment in their hall and an outdoor concert by the American Band.—So popular has this company been that the name of Columbian Associates has become a household word throughout the village.

Officer Conant sent one dog to the happy hunting grounds this week. Mr. Conant had notified the owner a number of times and also sent him a copy of the Selectmen's order, but as no notice was taken of it all the officer had to do was to fire.

Rockland is laying the connecting link of water pipe to Weymouth line, and Big Sandy and Wessagusset are now near neighbors.

F. W. Loud conveyed about 400 last week from West Quincy, to a picnic.

There seems to be no place in these regions where a more successful picnic can be held than the Weymouth Fair grounds.

Saturday next will be a red letter day at Nash's Corner, on account of the arrival of a new hose carriage for Ward 4. The occasion will be celebrated by a supper, entertainment and music by the American Band.

Wm. Holbrook, of Union street, who has been confined to the house a long time, is somewhat better and able to be out of doors a little. He was a soldier and is a comrade of Reynolds Post.

Another Quin Lung has commenced to starch and propel the hot iron over the linen of our boys, located in Cook's building, which has been vacated by the stove man.

200,000 victims of the hay fever are reported in the United States, and still the ragweed is in a flourishing condition.

F. W. Loud would like to know where to get the best disinfectant to renovate the interior of a hack. Has Mephitis Americanis or Barnum's What-is-it taken a ride?

There used to be a trite saying that a man was knocked from a bad place to Hackney. It was visa versa last Sunday night, at South Weymouth, when a man was knocked from a hackney to the lockup.

The many friends of Mr. Noah Vining will hail with joy the news of his speedy recovery from a sudden and severe sickness.

The ball game last Saturday between the Actives and North Weymouths was very exciting and one of the best games played this year on the ground, the score being 11 apiece, with 10 innings.

The second day of the Weymouth Fair will furnish the charm of a lifetime, in a performance of Humphrey's celebrated group of trained horses, 16 in number. Never in the history of the society has there been anything to equal it, it being one of the best of out-door entertainments. Do not fail to see them.

PERO.

Letters remain in the postoffice for Mrs. John Flynn, Miss Susan H. Wainwright.

A. E. VINING, P. M.

The Wednesday

SALE!

Clothing, Hats,
GOODS,

lothing Store.
be sold.
Suits Below Cost Prices!
Prices!
close them out.
aloons at manufacturers prices.
HATS!
me early for best styles.
il Suits, at closing out prices.

lothing House,
WEYMOUTH

Post Exterminator.

C. D. Harlow & Co.'s,
INSECT DESTROYER
—AND—

DRY!

, Agent.

Steam Laundry.
N TOWN.
giving us a trial.

uth Weymouth.

AINS

Sept. 7.

OSE, sizes 7 1-2, 8, 8 1-2, will be

Pair.

8 cents per yard, will be sold on

r Yard.

SMITH,
UTH WEYMOUTH.

PAGE,
STS.

A."

from Horsford's Acid Phosphate
rd Chemical Works, Providence.
quantities.

A WATER
AND CREAM,
refully Prepared.

OTICE
he Citizens of Weymouth.

sons are notified that the following Con-
old warrants duly signed by the Selectmen,
to Public Statutes, of which notice has
given,
ll all Unmuzzled Dogs Not
Restrained.
ns that have any complaints to make must
m to the following officers:
—ISAAC H. WALKER.
2 and 3—A. J. GAREY.
—E. W. MORTON.
5—GEORGE W. CONANT.
Per order
LECTMEN OF WEYMOUTH,
GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman.

. W. MAXIM,
TEACHER OF
, HARMONY & THEORY,
No. 12 Myrtle Street,
T WEYMOUTH, - - MASS.
6-19-3m

ORT-HAND ALPHABET.

HAND, Type-writing, Book-keeping, Penmanship, &c., &c., at the BOSTON COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, Washington st., corner of Boylston st., Boston. Evening sessions. Call or send for circular.

OR SALE,
ellent Bay Mare, between nine and ten years old, sound and safe, will work any where; Also, your choice out of a nice herd of 14 cows, $45.00. One Shifting Top Carryall and One Double Sleigh, a Blanchard Churn, several Stoves, and other articles. Any reasonable offer for any of the above articles will be accepted as they must be sold at once. Apply to
GEORGE SIMES,
Essex Street, East Weymouth.

FOR SALE,
FF COW.
Apply to
ENOS RAYMOND,
Pleasant Street, East Weymouth.

FOR SALE.
estate of the late C. P. Joy, situated on
street, East Weymouth, near Shaw's
Apply to
MRS. C. P. JOY.

HOLDEN & SLADEN,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Fine Groceries,

FLOUR, GRAIN,

TEAS, COFFEES, PURE SPICES.

Creamery Butter in 5 pound Boxes, a specialty.

☞Our prices are as low as consistent with first class goods.☜

North Weymouth Depot Store.

I. N. HOLDEN. W. J. SLADEN.

25th Annual Exhibition

—OF THE—

WEYMOUTH

Agricultural and Industrial Society

WILL BE HELD AT THEIR

FAIR GROUNDS, SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, 27, 28, 1889.

The management have spared no expense to make this season's Exhibition the greatest in its history.

FIRST DAY.---CHILDREN'S DAY.

Children under 12 years of age ADMITTED FREE, when accompanied by parents or guardians.

10 A.M. **Boys' Game of Base Ball.** Purse, $5.
10:15 A.M. Class 1—BROOD MARES, $5, $2, Diploma.
10:30 A.M. Class 2—COLTS & FILLYS, 1 year old and under 2. $5, $3, Diploma.
11 A.M. Class 3—COLTS & FILLYS, 2 years old and under 3. $5, $2, Diploma.
11:30 A.M. Class 4—COLTS & FILLYS, 3 years old and under 4. $5, $2, Diploma.
1 P.M. Class 5—STALLIONS, $10, $5, Diploma.
1:30 P.M. Class 6—FAMILY HORSES. $5, $3, Diploma.
2 P.M. Class 7—**TROTTING.** 1 min. Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2:15 P.M. **1-4 MILE RUNNING RACE FOR BOYS** under 12 years. Purse, $2, $1.
2:30 P.M. Class 12—**TROTTING.** 2.45 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2:45 P.M. **BASE BALL.** Purse, $35. **Actives,** of S. Weymouth, vs. **N. Weymouths**

A PUNCH AND JUDY SHOW will be in attendance all day.

SECOND DAY.

10 A.M. Class 7—DRAUGHT HORSES. Class 1—Four-Horse Teams. For best performance to wagon, $5; 2d do., $2. For best driver of the same, $1; 2d do., Diploma. Class 2—Two-Horse Teams. Best performance to wagon, $2; 2d do., Diploma. For best driver of the same, $1.50; 2d do., Diploma. Class 3—Two-Horse Teams to Drag. Prizes same as in Class 2. Class 4—Single Teams. Best horse to wagon, $2; 2d do., Diploma. Best horse to drag, $2; 2d do., Diploma. Four-in-hand Exercise on the track (light hitch.) For best performance with four-in hand, consisting of straight and curved driving, backing, etc., Whip; 2d do., Diploma.
10:30 A.M. WALKING HORSES. 1-2 Mile Heats. $5, $2, Diploma.
11 A.M. HUMPHREY'S CELEBRATED GROUP OF 16 EDUCATED OR

TRAINED HORSES,

which are the very best performing Horses known in an outdoor exhibition. The society have been at great expense to procure this group, and wish you all to see them. NOW IS THE TIME!
1 P.M. Class 10—**TROTTING.** 2.50 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
1 P.M. Class 11—**TROTTING.** 2.40 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2:30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** North Abington H. & L. vs. South Weymouth H. & L. for a purse.
3 P.M. Humphrey's Group of 16 Educated or TRAINED HORSES.

THIRD DAY.

10:30 A.M. Class 11—**Wagon Race** for horses of no better record than 2.50. Purse, 20 divided—$10, $5, $1, $3.
11 A.M. **Free to all Running Race for Horses.** 1-2 mile heats, best 3 in 5. Purse, $25 divided—$15 to 1st, $10 to 2d.
12 M. **Cavalcade.**
1 P.M. **PACING RACE.** 2.30 Class. Purse, $50 divided.
2:30 P.M. **TROTTING.** Free to all. Purse, $100 divided.
3 P.M. **One Mile Bicycle Race.** Open to all for suitable prizes.
2:30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** Purse, $75.
EAST WEYMOUTHS vs. KING PHILLIPS of Rockland.
4 P.M. **HANDICAP BICYCLE RACE** for suitable prizes.

☞In the Trotting and Pacing events, the purses will be divided into 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent.

Entries for the Trotting Races should be made to J. A. Cushman, North Weymouth; D. W. Barrows, South Weymouth; Richard L. Hunt, Weymouth. Entries close Sept. 20, 1889.

MUSIC for Friday, WEYMOUTH BAND, R. F. Raymond, Conductor; for Saturday, AMERICAN BAND, of South Weymouth, J. M. Whitcomb, Conductor.

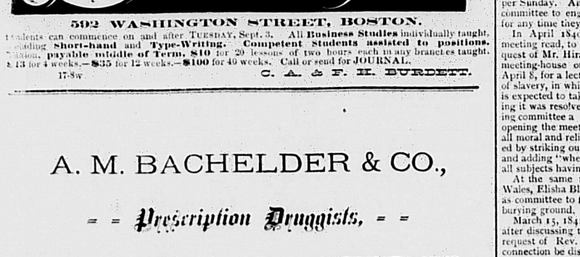
ADMISSION TO THE GROUNDS, 30 cents. Children under 12 (Friday and Saturday), 15 cents.
Carriages, 25 cents. Three day Tickets, 70 cents. Admission to hall Free.

☞Arrangements have been made with the O. C. R. R. for reduced rates from all stations. Last train leaves South Weymouth for Boston, at 6.20 P.M.

OFFICERS FOR 1889. President—B. F. Poole. Vice Presidents—Alvah Raymond, J. M. Cutting, J. A. Cushman. Treasurer—Gordon Willis. Secretary—I. G. Hutchins. Supt. of Grounds, E. S. Wright. Supt. of Tents—William B. Hersey. Supt. of Poultry—Fred'k Reed. Supt. of Stock—G. L. Reed. Track Committee—J. A. Cushman, D. W. Barrows, Richard L. Hunt. Supt. of Hall—E. P. Tirrell.

COMMITTEE TO RECEIVE AND CALL FOR CONTRIBUTIONS. J. A. Cushman, Wilmot Cleverly, Samuel Thompson, North Weymouth. Henry Lound, Jacob F. Dizer, East Weymouth. Avery S. Howe, Nelson Blanchard, Henry Shaw, South Weymouth. B. F. Poole, Rockland. Charles Hawes, Lovell's Corner. Edward Nolan, Nash's Corner.

CHIEF MARSHAL AND CHIEF OF POLICE, GEORGE B. BAILEY.



592 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Students can commence on and after TUESDAY, Sept. 3. All **Business Studies** individually taught. Short-hand and **Type-Writing. Competent Students assisted to positions.** Tuition, **payable middle of Term. $10** for 20 lessons of two hours each in any branches taught. 2.13 for 4 weeks.—$35 for 12 weeks.—$100 for 40 weeks. Call or send for JOURNAL.
17-8w C. A. & F. H. BURDETT.

A. M. BACHELDER & CO.,

Prescription Druggists,

WASHINGTON STREET, - - WEYMOUTH, MASS.

Important Notice to our Customers

INTENDED TO USE THE

ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Permits for the use of same are required on all POLICIES, and we respectfully request our CUSTOMERS to bring or send their policies to us, or drop a line and we will call. No CHARGE.

A. S. JORDAN & CO.

A. S. JORDAN. E. T. JORDAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1870.

Also Successors to Ellas S. Beals and Ellas Richards.

MAIN OFFICES:

Washington Street, near Richmond Street, - - Weymouth
Elias Beals' Office, - - - - - - - - North Weymouth
No. 60 State Street, - - - - - - - - Boston, Mass

Weymouth Office Hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Telephone No. 62-5.

ANIDROSIS!

The undersigned, having taken the agency for **Dr. Conant's Compound Vapor Baths,** is now prepared to give

BATHS,

and furnish DOMESTIC OUTFITS and SUPPLIES at short notice.

Office at residence on North street, near the corner of Sea street, North Weymouth, Mass.

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Records of the First Universalist Society in Weymouth.

June 11, 1836, seventy-eight residents of Weymouth and Braintree met at Wales Hall and formed the Religious Society designated as the First Universalist Society in Weymouth. These founders names are spread upon the records as follows:

Caleb Turner,	Nahum Chase,
Henry B. Cowing,	Walter H. Allison,
Asa B. Wales,	Stephen Pratt,
Enoch Lathrop,	John H. Howard,
Addison Chessman,	Page Fowler,
Hiram Cushing,	John Allin,
Cornelius C. Jordan,	John Wild,
Otis Smith,	William M. Woodsum,
Francis H. Cowing,	Marston Cummings,
Charles S. Clapp,	Watson Bates,
Mathew Armstrong,	Rufus Thomas,
Thomas White,	Charles Park,
Thomas Pray,	Orace Allen,
Henry Cleverly,	Darius Smith,
Samuel Cleverly,	David Tirrell,
Alexander White,	William H. Jones,
Micah Wild,	David I. Tirrell,
Freeman H. Thomas,	J. R. Beckley.
Warren Turner,	Charles Gardner,
Joseph Buffum,	Jonathan Hunt,
Joshua B. Cowing,	Elbridge G. Hunt,
Allen Edson,	Nathaniel N. Hunt,
F. M. Adlington,	Thomas Colson,
Adoram Clapp,	John A. Hobart,
Daniel P. Edson,	Mathew M. Cook,
Daniel Holbrook,	E. Everson,
Austin E. Wright,	Simeon Cushing,
John Farnham,	Jacob Allen,
Thomas Foy,	Samuel Tirrell,
Levi Tirrell,	David A. Holbrook,
Iram Vinton,	Seth Hurlbutt,
Asa Pratt,	John Burrell,
Abraham Thayer,	Ebed S. Stoddard,
John Wolfe,	Thomas C. Webb,
Charles Palmer,	Eli Thayer Jr.,
Hosea D. Pratt,	George A. Cushing,
David Loud,	Edward Pray,
Daniel W. Bates,	Carlton H. Roundy,
Isaac S. Blanchard,	Peter Lane.

Of this number a large majority have passed away. Many new members were added in after years, and the present membership numbers over 100.

The dedication of their meeting house took place Sept. 13, 1839, and the society will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the dedication on Friday next, with interesting exercises of addresses by former pastors, social gathering, supper and sermon in the evening. As the circumstances of the organization of the society in 1836 and its history to the present time is a matter of interest to our readers, a compendium of the principal events in its career is appended.

July 21, 1836, a meeting was called by warrant of Fisher A. Kingsbury, to legally organize the society Jacob Allen being moderator, and a constitution and code of by-laws was adopted. Articles 2 and 3 of the constitution declare the objects of the society to be the promotion of truth and morality among the members and in the world at large; and as the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ is calculated above all truth to inspire the heart with emotions of benevolence and virtue, this society deem it one of its main objects to support the preaching of this Gospel and aid in any other practicable way in spreading a knowledge of it among men. It shall be the duty of every member to adorn the doctrine of the Lord Jesus with a holy life and conversation; to contribute according to his ability to the support of public worship and other necessary expenses of the society; to attend upon the service of the sanctuary as well as the business meetings; and habitual neglect of these duties shall be regarded as sufficient reason for striking the name of any member from the roll, by vote of the majority.

The officers chosen at this meeting were Henry B. Cowing, clerk; Asa B. Wales, treasurer; Asa B. Wales, Jonathan Hunt, Enoch Lathrop, standing committee. This committee was requested to procure a preacher.

Oct. 17, 1836, a meeting was called to see what the society will do in relation to building a meeting-house, and A. B. Wales, J. Hunt, Hiram Cushing were chosen to ascertain how much money could be raised for the building. Rev. Mr. Smith was engaged to supply the pulpit bi-monthly, in the meetings at Wales hall.

Passing over the intervening years to 1839, we find that it: the fall of 1838 a subscription of stock was started in Weymouth and Braintree, and a meeting of stockholders was held Dec. 27, '38, when Major John W. Loud was chosen moderator and John A. Hobart clerk. It was voted to proceed to build a meeting-house for religious worship, the building committee being Asa B. Wales, Ira Curtis, Adoram Clapp, John W. Loud, John A. Hobart. A piece of land was bought of Asa Webb for $650, and it was voted to build the house on a basement story. Stephen S. Foye was contractor and I. A. Hobart draftsman for the house, the cost of which, including land, bell and furniture, was not far from $9400.

Friday, the 13th day of September, 1839, was appointed for the dedication of the house, the day being fine and a large assembly being present. Rev. M. B. Ballou, of Stoughton, read Scripture; Rev. Elmer Hewitt offered the introductory prayer and Rev. A. A. Folsom of Hingham, the dedicatory prayer; the sermon was by Rev. O. A. Skinner, of Boston, text, Hebrews x:25: "Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as the manner of some is; but exhorting one another, and so much the more as ye see the day approaching." The concluding prayer and benediction was by Rev. I. Gregory, of Quincy. An anthem and hymns were sung. In the afternoon a sermon was preached by Rev. A. B. Grosh, of Utica, N. Y., from Matthew v:20, and in the evening "a spiritual, joyful, instructive conference meeting was held, in which many brethren took part."

The sale of pews took place the next day, and Sunday, Sept. 15, 1839, the first Sabbath meetings were held in the new house, "a thing long desired and highly prized by all the true lovers of Zion."

Rev. Calvin Gardner, of Waterville, Me. supplied the pulpit for four Sundays, and he was invited to preach for six months at $700 annual salary. This was followed by an invitation to Rev. Mr. Barry to preach two or three Sabbaths, and he was invited to preach for six months, at $450 a year, and if he did not accept to take the offer of Rev. Mr. Allen to preach for four months, at $7 per Sunday. An after vote was passed for the committee to engage Rev. J. S. Barry to preach for any time they may see fit.

In April 1840, an article in the warrant for a meeting read, to see if the society will grant the request of Mr. Hiram Cushing for the use of their meeting-house on the afternoon and evening of April 8, for a lecture and discussion on the subject of slavery, in which Mr. Thompson, of Randolph, is expected to take a part. At an adjourned meeting it was resolved that we recommend to our standing committee a spirit of liberality in reference to opening the meeting-house for free discussion on all moral and religious subjects. This was amended by striking out all after the word "discussion" and adding "when not in use by the society, upon all subjects having for their object moral reform."

At the same meeting, April 13, 1840, Asa B. Wales, Elisha Blanchard, Eli Thayer, were chosen as committee to find a piece of land suitable for a burying ground.

March 15, 1841, at a meeting held in the vestry, after discussing the affairs of the society and the request of Rev. John S. Barry that his pastoral connection be dissolved, it was voted to grant his request.

Sept. 20, 1841, on an article of warrant to see if the society will admit into their desk those agents and lecturers of temperance, abolition, etc., who advocate in their lectures the doctrine of endless mercy, opposite to the doctrine usually preached in said desk, it was decided in the negative by 12 nays to 2 yeas. It was then voted to open their house for all moral subjects when not in use by the society.

April 4, 1842, it was voted to give Rev. John M. Spear an invitation to preach for another year, he having occupied the pulpit previously.

April 3, 1843, it was voted to refer the Union Religious Society committee to their own committee on selection of land for burial ground; and at another meeting thanks were voted to the two committees for their service in obtaining a site for the ground now known as the Village Cemetery.

April 3, 1845, the committee reported that Rev. J. M. Spear declined to serve as pastor another year, and April 11, 1846, it was voted that we cordially invite brother Dennis to remain the coming year. March 8, 1847, it was voted to invite Rev. Mr. Barry to stay the ensuing year, this vote being also repeated in 1848, and he was engaged to preach for $350 a year, with privilege of staying at home when very stormy or in case of illness. March 5, 1849, he was again invited for a year, and Jan. 5, 1850, it was voted to pay him up to Jan. 1st. Jan. 19, 1850, it was voted to advertise for a preacher until April 1, and March 15 it was voted that the committee hire no preacher unless $475 is subscribed and that supposed to be good. Rev. Mr. Humphhill was to be hired if that sum could be raised.

March 20, 1852, it was voted to give notice for the people to remain after service and get an expression on hiring Rev. Mr. Livermore for a year, and in 1852 the parish committee were authorized to hire him for the ensuing year. In 1854 it was voted to install Rev. Mr. Davenport, with his consent, and a vote of thanks was tendered him for previous pastoral service. In 1855 it was voted to ascertain on what terms the pews could be bought. In 1856 it was voted to invite brother Mellen, our former pastor, to remain five years, and he agreed provided the unanimity of the society continued. April 11, 1858, Mr. Mellen agreed to continue at reduced salary if one service was dispensed with Sundays, his salary being made $700. March 12, 1860, voted to accept Rev. Mr. Mellen's resignation. In May Rev. D. F. Goddard preached for two Sundays, and he was called as pastor at $600 salary.

April 1863, a committee was chosen to consider alteration of the house by taking out the pews and putting in settees to make it a public hall, the society still to use it as a church. It was also voted to instruct the treasurer to purchase all the legal interest now held by the corporation which built the meeting-house, if he can obtain it at small cost. The committee reported that it would cost $700, and recommended that the money be raised by forming a stock company to purchase the pews, walls and land, and guarantee to the society the privilege to occupy the house Sundays for public worship, free, except on Sunday evenings. The report was accepted, and the committee was instructed to see owners of pews and induce them to take their value in stock, also to see how much stock could be sold to others. This committee reported the procurement of nearly all pew owners' consent to alteration, but one had refused to sell or do anything about it, and they recommended no further action until all agree. T. B. Porter and Geo. S. Baker were chosen to estimate the cost of new stairs in front of the church. The treasurer was instructed to procure a deed from the corporation who built the house of all their interest in the property.

March 28, 1864, voted that the society employ Rev. Olympia Brown as pastor, at $500 salary. Nov. 5, 1864, it was voted to hold a union Thanksgiving service in the house of worship, and invite the several pastors to take part. In 1865 the pastor's salary was made $600; and at an adjourned meeting it was increased to $700. A motion to let the meeting-house was voted down by a large majority, and the matter was left with the parish committee, $10 to be charged when the house was let for any purpose of profit only with tickets sold at the door.

Oct. 29, 1865, a series of amendments proposed by the pastor were adopted, to the effect that the society accepts the profession of faith of the Universalist convention of 1803 as a declaration of sentiments, though not binding as a creed, also adopting new by-laws.

In 1866 a move was made to buy the basement, and convert it into a good vestry at estimated expense of $1100. The parish committee were instructed to make the purchase. It was also stated that the house needed repairs, also to be painted, and that it was desirable to fresco the walls, the whole to cost $1200. The work was put into the hands of a committee.

July, 1867, it was voted to purchase a new organ to cost $1500, of Stevens make. It was also voted to carpet and cushion all the pews alike, the owners of pews to pay the cost, and in case of refusal to do so, the work to be at expense of the society.

Sept. 1, 1867, the sum of $1686 was paid for the basement and a deed taken. Miss Brown being in Kansas the pulpit was supplied. The entire cost of improvements was reported as $4300. Miss Brown having stated that she would remain for $1000 salary, that amount was voted her. July 15, 1868, she gave notice of her resignation, but was requested to withdraw her letter, but she declined to do so, and her resignation was accepted in August. A farewell meeting was held, and she was presented with a purse of $125 as a testimonial of the society's regard.

Aug. 7, 1870, Rev. B. F. Davis was called as pastor, with salary of $1200. He resigned in 1873. A committee on lowering the floor in the vestry reported in favor of the work in 1873. In 1876 the building of a rear addition to the church was voted, to cost $800.

Nov. 12, 1876, Rev. Mr. Crossley was engaged to preach at a salary of $600 a year. In 1877 this was increased to $700. He resigned in 1878.

March 10, 1879, it was voted to unite with the Third Universalist society for pastoral labor, this society to pay $500 and the other $300. Rev. Anson Titus was made pastor in November. Mr. Martin K. Pratt resigned his position of treasurer and collector, which he had held for 17 years, and a vote of thanks for his long service was extended.

March 24, 1881, Rev. Mr. Titus closed his pastorate, and Miss Haynes, of Fairfield, Me., asked permission to preach as a candidate, and she came April 1. The pulpit was supplied by students of Tufts College. New hymn books were bought in 1883; and the same year the present pastor, Rev. B. F. Eaton, accepted a call to the pastorate, including the church at Scituate, at $1200 salary. A plan for the erection of a front porch in place of the outside steps was adopted, and $600 raised in 1884.

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PROMINENT PEOPLE.

PARNELL intends to visit America.

THE Pope has had his large bed room filled with singing birds.

A SOFT black hat is President Harrison's favorite headgear.

ROSE ELIZABETH CLEVELAND is the publisher of her new novel, "His Honor."

QUEEN VICTORIA has expended nearly $3,000,000 on memorials to the Prince Consort.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND ("Gath") is writing a new novel, the central figure of which is Alexander Hamilton.

MILAN OBRENOVITCH, ex-King of Servia, has an income of ninety thousand dollars and is steadily running into debt.

GEORGE W. WILLIAMS (colored), the historian of the colored race in America, is living at Worcester, Mass., engaged at literary work.

THE Duke of Portland has been influenced by his wife to devote his future earnings on the turf to the erection of almshouses.

THE late S. L. M. Barlow, the great New York corporation lawyer, had received during his lifetime several fees of from $25,000 to $100,000.

MISS HUNTINGTON, the daughter of the California millionaire, is betrothed to Prince Hartzfeldt, the nephew of the German ambassador to this country.

THE greatest honor which Electrician Edison has yet received was the particular attention paid him in Paris by the learned members of the Academy of Sciences.

FIFTEEN Presidents have visited New England as Presidents, reckoning the two Adamses and Pierce among the number, and four went thither before they became Presidents.

MISS MARY WANAMAKER, daughter of the Postmaster-General, will make her debut in Washington this season. She is not out of her teens yet, but is an accomplished girl of considerable beauty.

RUMORS are rife in London as to the health of the Prince of Wales, which is said to be much impaired. It is also said that he seeks to keep the real truth of his condition from the newspaper reading public.

JOHN H. B. LATROBE, of Baltimore, is the oldest practicing lawyer in the United States. He is eighty-six years old, and was admitted to the bar sixty-five years ago. Mr. Latrobe is the father of Baltimore's Mayor.

GEORGE W. CHILDS, the wealthy Philadelphia editor, owns a number of the handsomest carriages in the city, but does not ride in them once a year. He is very fond of walking, and goes wherever he can on foot.

THE once famous historian, J. T. Headley, is still living. He says that he feels just as Bret Harte, Howells and other popular writers will feel after fifty years hence, the truth of the old adage, "Every dog has his day."

AMONG the well known figures at Saratoga, N. Y., during the season was Judge Henry L. Clinton, of New York city, once an active lawyer, but now retired. He claims to have defended and saved one hundred persons from the gallows.

THE Baltimore *American* editorally declares that Robert Garrett's restoration to health is assured. He attends to his large correspondence, and on his return to Baltimore will resume active business life and take personal charge of his large railroad enterprises.

SENATOR ALLISON, of Iowa, is one of the few men in the Senate wearing a beard, but having a smooth upper lip. Senator Sawyer, of Wisconsin, is another. Senator Plumb, of Kansas, cultivates a short beard cut somewhat after the style of an imperial. But the majority of the public men wear mustaches.

THE Emperor of Germany rode recklessly at the recent Aldershot review during his visit to England. His seat on horseback is described as the reverse of good, being loose and buckety, the sort known as "wash ball." However, his left arm cannot be useless, as he more than once pulled his horse on his haunches with it.

JUSTICE FIELD, of the Supreme Court, who has attained so much unwelcome notoriety recently because of the killing of Judge Terry is a small man, owing to his short legs. His front is impressive. His forehead is high, running back into polished baldness; his remaining hair is bushy and silvery, and his beard is venerable white. He is a very dignified man by nature.

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE W. C. T. U.

The fifteenth anniversary of the National W. C. T. U. occurs November next, and its regular annual convention will be held November 8-12 in the great auditorium known as Battery D, adjoining the Exposition building, Chicago. This auditorium will accommodate 9000 persons, and arrangements are being made to have it handsomely fitted up. Banners and other decorations will be sent home from the Temperance pavilion of the Paris Exposition in time for this convention. It is expected that Mrs. Josephine R. Nichols now in Paris, and at the head of the Exposition department of the white ribbon movement, will return in time to complete arrangements for handsome decorations. Battery D has ample rooms for committees, the noontide lunch, etc., and it was the scene of the National Christian Endeavor Society's meeting in 1888, and of the grand assembly of the Lutheran church, and many other historic and notable gatherings.—*W. C. T. U. Bulletin.*

HOUSEHOLD MATTERS.

TO WASH BLANKETS.

Put three cents' worth of borax in a tub of warm water, put the blankets in and see that they are thoroughly wet. Let them soak several hours, or half a day even, then squeeze them through the hands a couple of times, wring, rinse in plenty of hot suds, and they will come out fresh, sweet and soft. They should be pulled both lengthwise and crosswise, finishing with a lengthwise pull.

THE ART OF PRESERVING.

The housekeeper who congratulates herself upon being able to preserve anything and everything that comes to hand makes a mistake, which hideous demons in frighful nightmares or alarming cases of colic among the juvenile corps too often attest.

In preserving any kind of fruit the best flavored and most perfect only should be selected. And it is not a good plan to attempt to handle too large a quantity at one time, as it is difficult to watch, prevent burning or boiling over.

It is a good rule when preserves are not to be sealed to use one pound of sugar to every pound of fruit; if to be sealed less sugar will answer. However, that is often determined by the acidity of the fruit. Haste is of great importance in preparing for preserving, as the natural flavor is thus more readily saved—yet the preserves should be allowed to boil slowly. Avoid brass kettles—porcelain is far better. If necessary to use brass very great care should be taken to have them scoured bright and perfectly clean. Loaf sugar is best, though granulated may be used. Canning and preserving establishments use granulated sugar altogether—hence the superiority of home made goods.—*Washington Star.*

RAISE THE KITCHEN STOVE.

We have made a discovery lately, which it seems now we ought to have made sooner, that the top of the average kitchen stove is too little elevated above the floor, and that there is in consequence a good deal of backache and other discomfort inflicted upon the cook because so much of her work has to be done in a stooping posture. Rather we should say, perhaps, that we have discovered a remedy for the trouble which we have borne for many years, and which we hasten to make known to others in the hope of lessening their troubles. Our remedy is simply lifting the stove upon a platform, which will raise it to such a height that it will bring the cooking utensils, when on the stove, within easy reach to one standing in an erect or nearly erect posture. In our case this required a platform about nine inches in depth, and to save the trouble and expense of procuring a carpenter to build it, we secured an empty packing box of the requisite size from the grocer, at a cost of only ten cents. Brushed over with some staining material corresponding with the color of the floor, our platform looked neat, and as though an established part of the room. The only additional expense involved was that of adjusting the stove pipe to the new conditions. The top of the stove is now as high as the kitchen table, or a little higher, and the cook and every one who has occasion to use the stove are delighted with the change and the greatly lightened labor.—*Housewife.*

RECIPES.

Apple Charlotte—Two pounds of apples pared and cored; slice them into a pan, add one pound of sugar, the juice of three lemons and the rind of one grated; boil all together until it becomes thick, which it will do in about two hours; turn it into a mold; serve cold, with either a rich custard or cream.

Frozen Peaches—A quart of canned or fresh peaches, a heaping pint of granulated sugar, one quart of water. Boil the sugar and water twelve minutes, add the peaches and cook twenty minutes longer. Rub through a sieve and freeze. Take out the beater, and stir in a pint of whipped cream lightly with a spoon.

Minced Beefsteak on Toast—A favorite and without doubt the best way to use cold beefsteak is to mince it finely and to put it to stewing for fifteen minutes with quite a little water. If the beef has not been all dried up by pounding and over cooking the first day add to the gravy a good sized lump of butter, a small onion and a teaspoon of vinegar or catsup and serve it smoking hot on nicely browned toast.

Hot Water Sponge Cake—Beat together until very light two cups of powdered sugar and four eggs; sift two scant cups of flour and two level teaspoons of baking powder together three times; flavor with one teaspoon of lemon, and add, the last thing, four tablespoons of boiling water. Bake in a quick oven. This is white, delicate and very fine grained. By adding two more spoons of boiling water and a very little more flour you have a nice batter for cream, cocoanut, or jelly layer cake. The secret of tender, delicate sponge cake is to have a thin batter.

Neapolitan Kale—One cup of brown sugar, three eggs, half a cup of butter, half a cup of molasses, half a cup of strong coffee, three cups of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder, one cup of raisins and one cup of currents; a teaspoonful each of cinnamon, cloves and mace; bake in jelly-cake pans. For white part take two cups of sugar, one of butter, three of flour, half a cup of milk, a teaspoonful of baking powder and the whites of four eggs; bake in jelly pans and put together alternately with dark, spreading icing, flavored with vanilla, between. Ice the top.

Cucumbers with Eggs—Pare six large cucumbers, cut into small squares, and put them into boiling water. Take out of the water, put in a stewpan with an an onion and a piece of pork, and a large lump of butter and salt, keep on the fire covered close for fifteen minutes. Sprinkle with flour and add sufficient gravy to cover. Stir well together and keep a gentle fire under till no scum will rise. Then take out the pork and onion, and add the yolks of two eggs and a teaspoonful of cream. Stir a moment, then take from the fire, and squeeze in a little lemon juice. Have ready five or six poached eggs to lay on top.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

An immense deposit of mineral soap has been found near San Diego, Cal.

The broad-bill and the canvas-back duck can fly faster than 100 miles an hour.

According to Cuvier an elephant has 40,000 muscles in his trunk, while a man has only 557 in his whole body.

Two mines of mercury, covering fifty acres, and one of antimony, covering 100 acres, have been registered in Cuba.

It is officially stated that the Spanish Government will adopt submarine torpedo vessels for the navy, experiments with the system having been successful.

In Denmark a dairyman who keeps 250 cows requires the milkers to wash their hands after milking two cows, and the result is that he gets a quarter of a cent a pound more for the butter than others do.

Assuming the mean distance of the sun from the earth to be 91,430,000 miles, and the velocity of light to be 185,200 miles a second, it takes 8 minutes, 13.7 seconds for a ray of sunlight to reach the earth.

The automatic sprinkler is a great invention in New England mills and factories. A year's record shows that the average loss by fire when the sprinkler is not used is $6500 per fire, and when it is used, it is only $650 per fire.

In photographing clouds great difficulty is experienced in obtaining photographs of cirrous clouds, the reason being that the blue light of the sky acts with nearly the same active energy as the white light of the clouds on the sensitive silver salts of the plate.

A Louisiana farmer recommends tar smoke for diphtheria cure. His treatment is to put a few drops of tar, like that used in shipyards, on a warm stove-lid, and to require the patient to inhale and swallow the smoke ten times a day for five minutes each time. He has been invariably successful in his experiments.

The spread of cancer in a small commune of Normandy (St. Sylvestre de Courcelles) attracted the attention of Dr. Arnaudet, as the disease has attained to fifteen per cent. of the total mortality. The cases were principally males, and as a rule the cancer was located in the stomach; hence Dr. Arnaudet thinks that cancer is contagious, and is propagated by water.

A floating workshop, to be known as the steel torpedo-depot ship Vulcan, was launched at Portsmouth, England, recently. It is intended to accompany a fleet and carry a large equipment of torpedo boats. She will be supplied with hydraulic cranes on which torpedo boats can be twisted in and out of the water. The Vulcan is of 6520 tons burden and 12,000 horse power.

Dr. Worms, of Riga, proposes for the cure of phthisis a remedy precisely contrary to that by hot air recently somewhat discussed. He believes in cold air. He holds that as the bacillus of tuberculosis needs at least thirty-seven degrees for its development, any lower temperature will be fatal to it, and he treats his patients with low temperature. As cold, dry climates have hitherto been found favorable, this theory is in conformity with well established experience.

In a lecture upon fast trains, Professor Hadley said: "The speed of railroad trains is restricted within three theoretical limits: First, a physical limit of eighty miles per hour, beyond which it is found impossible for a train to hold the track; second, an operating limit of sixty miles an hour, which practical experience has found trains cannot run without danger to life; third, a commercial limit of of thirty miles per hour, at which, all things considered, it is found most economical to run a train."

A Railroad Census.

A gentleman friend took his life in his hand one recent afternoon and polled a transcontinental train on the Northern Pacific before it pulled out for its 1900-mile journey toward the Occident. He sought information as to nationalities, and found representatives from Asia Minor, Russia, Turkey in Europe, Switzerland, Hungary, Austria, Italy, Spain, France, Prussia, Belgium, the three divisions of Great Britain, Sweden, Norway and Denmark (of course) and one Algerian on board. With these were representatives from twenty-one States and Territories in the United States and five of the South American divisions. As nearly as this amateur statistician could gather, seventy per cent. of the passengers were going West to stay, twenty per cent. were tourists and ten per cent. had temporary business along the line of the railway.—*St. Paul Globe.*

There are in the entire United Kingdom only 380 banks with aggregate deposits of $4,500,000,000.

A Newspaper Clipping.

'Twas a clipping from the paper,
Telling of some funny caper
On the stage;
So I read it, every letter,
Saying that I'd seen no better
For an age.

Then I turned the clipping over,
With no purpose to discover
What was there;
But in smiling contemplation
Of the humorist's creation,
Rich and rare.

As I looked I know I started,
And the smile from lip departed,
For I saw,
Printed there in uncut column,
Notices of death, sad, solemn,
Full of awe.

So, I thought, come grief and pleasure,
Meted out with equal measure;
You may laugh,
For some other one is wailing,
For the tear is smile's unfailing
Other half.
—*Columbus Dispatch.*

OLD COOL.

BY ROSE TERRY COOK.

He wasn't old at all, not a day over twenty when he joined the regiment; a great, tall, hulking fellow, with a big, honest face like a boy's, weighed one hundred and seventy-five pounds if he did an ounce, and answered to the name of Joseph Cooley. We all called him Joe, to begin with, and this yarn is to tell how he got his other name.

We shipped aboard a river steamer at New York for Ship Island, fifteen hundred of us; maybe you boys don't know what that means—aboard of a river steamer! It means that every birth had two men in it, lyin' heads and p'ints, and glad to get one at that; the unlucky ones lyin' side by side on the floor, like herring in a box, thick as they could lie.

Lots of 'em were dreadful sick, to begin with, some for one day, some for two, some all the way. You can guess if 'twas pleasant.

We were all in for it, goin' to fight. We'd hollered, and waved flags, and had speeches made to us, and felt considerable good about it; that was the top-dressin'. Now we began to strike hard pan, and I tell you we didn't think about our country every minute, not much.

Well, Joe he wasn't sick a minute; he'd go steppin' round amongst the fellers as softly as a girl, grinnin' at one, givin' water to another, fixin' this one's head up onto a knapsack, and proppin' that one up ag'inst a mast, as if he'd been a hospital nurse all his days.

When some of the men would groan he'd say, "'Tis rather unpleasant, aint it? Scold away; it'll do ye good to spit it all out;" and they'd have to grin.

When we'd got about abreast of Hatteras, there come up about five o'clock one of the high old reg'lation kind of storms, a buster. I can't begin to tell how the wind blowed; it come solid, as if you was struck with something steady that pressed you down; we couldn't stan' up against it. They talk about waves rollin' mountain-high, that's poetry; but I'd be willin' to make my affidavit in court that they did run all of sixty feet high each side of us.

The steamer couldn't make a mite of headway, nor wouldn't answer to her helium, and there we lay, side on, in the trough of the sea, like a fly in a hammock, swingin' to and fro sideways. Every now and then a big sea'd come slap down, like close-to thunder, onto the deck and sweep everything off her. There was a hundred barrels of beef went to feed the fishes that night.

I lay in my berth a-lookin' out of the winder—five of us had that state-room, four in the berths, one on the floor. Joe Cooley had the floor; right outside there was a lifeboat lying geared onto the deck, and all around it was a thick row of men holdin' on to her gunnel with both hands, so's to get the first chance.

"Well!" says I, kind of disgusted.

"What's up?" says Joe, lookin' up at me. So I told him.

"H'm," says he. "I guess I'd jest as lives be drowned in bed as out-doors." So if he didn't draw up his blanket and go to snorin' ag'in!

You see, just a minute before, the cap'en of the boat had come through the deck cabin where we was, and one of the fellers sung out to him, "Call this a consider'ble of a storm, don't ye, cap'en?"

He ripped out some big words, I tell ye, the sense of 'em being that we was going to the bottom inside of an hour, and Joe heered him.

Sure enough, there was no chance for the men hangin' on to that boat, their faces white as death, and their fingers gripped into that gunnel till they bled; for if the ship had gone to the bottom, that boat would have crackled like an egg-shell the first wave that gin it a blow. It was a scary time for all of us.

Some of the fellers took it one way and some took it another; people aint jest alike. Some prayed, and some grit their teeth and kept still. Joe was the only one that went to sleep and slep' through.

However, we didn't go down, for about two o'clock in the morning there come the biggest kind of a thunder-storm against the big blow, and the wind and rain out of that killed those great waves flat. In 20 minutes after it set in, the sea was ordinarily peaceable, the boat got so't the helium steered her, and we went right along; and come morning, Joe got up from his bed on the floor, shook himself, rubbed his eyes, looked round and grinned at us.

"Well, fellers!" says he, "we ain't drownded, be we?"

"Not as we're sensible of," says Chapin, a dry sort of a chap in the bunk below me.

"You took it rather cool," says I to Joe.

"Name's Cooley," says he, laughin'. And after that we called him "Cool," or "Old Cool," just as it happened.

We got to land after awhile, as dirty and water-tired a lot as ever you see; quite certain that solderin' wasn't neither fun nor play; but, bless you! we hadn't but just said A. There was the hull alphabet to come.

There was one colonel had a regiment in camp along of us who was the greatest hand to nag the men you ever see. He was as peraickity as an old maid, and as notional as an old bachelor. He kep' the men up to drill as though 'twas salvation, and inspected them within an inch of their lives, and called that discipline; and p'rhaps it was.

But he done worse; he kep' settin' traps for to ketch the men nappin'. He'd travel outside the videttes and pickets, so's to see if they was awake and alert; and if they wasn't then they had to take it.

There we was, a parcel of volunteers, doing nothing but drill, in a new, lazy, sloppy kind of a climate, with nothing but meat victuals and hard bread—I tell ye we pined after onions and sech truck worse'n them old Isr'elites in the hymn-book did!

I well remember how one day Charley Bliss was roarin' out that old hymn,

"The way is all new, as it opens to view,
An' behind is the foamin' Red Sea,
So none now need to speak of the onions and leeks,
And don't talk about garlic to me."

Chapin stepped up, as solemn as a clam, and threatened to punch his head.

"Stop that blarsted tune!" says he. "I'm nigh about ready to desert for a head o' cabbage, and I can't bear to hear onions made light of."

Well, as I was sayin', we were new to the business, and to be spied on and roared at and ketched nappin' made us all pretty snappish, and Cool himself, who was ordinarily as clever as could be, was stirred up.

"I'll fix him!" says he one night, when we was talking it over by the fire. "Wait till my turn comes."

Sure enough, the next night he was on vidette duty, and he heer'd a noise in the bushes. Up went his musket.

"Who goes there?" he roared.

"Officer, of the day," says the colonel.

"I know no officer of the day outside the lines; throw up your hands, dismount and surrender!" yelled Cool.

"I tell you I'm officer of the day," says the colonel madder'n a yeller hornet.

"I know no officer of the day outside the lines; dismount or I fire," repeated Cool. Well, the colonel r'ared and sputtered, but Cool never lowered his gun, and finally the colonel had to dismount and come along towards Cool.

"I tell you, you blockhead, I'm Colonel Blank, officer of the day."

Cool cocked his gun and levelled it at the feller's head, sayin' agin:

"I know no officer of the day outside the lines; give up your side-arms or I shall shoot you through the head."

Well, the colonel reely b'lieved Cool didn't reco'nize him, so he handed over his side-arms, and Cool marched him in clear through the camp to headquarters, an' handed him over to the General.

I tell you Mister Blank got a chrge o' cold shot in the line o' tongue-lashin' that time, for the General was full o' steel; but Cool got promoted for bravery.

When we got to Port Hudson, one night before the battle we was lyin' round on the ground, and Cool he was stretched out on his back, sort of tilted up against a little stump, fast asleep. I lay about twenty feet off, and we had a fire goin', so't I could see him layin' there like a big log, mouth wide open and big feet turned toes up jest though the wa'n't nothin' goin' on.

Pretty soon I heard "z-zip!" and a minie bullet just took off the toe of one of those great army shoes, and then buried itself in the stump close to his ear; just shaved it! He riz up a little.

"What's goin' on?" says he.

"Why," says I, "there's some bullets a-flyin' round here and one nigh about shot off your ear. You'll find it in that stump."

He looked round, as quiet as Sunday.

"Well, I'll get a leetle out o' their way," says he, and with that rolled over about a foot to the left, shut his eyes and was snorin' inside of three minutes.

After the battle was over we had to stay on the field pretty much all night. When we begun to fall back next morning there wasn't any way to get to camp but through a ravine that the enemy's guns raked—and they kept rakin' of us into another world pretty spry as we went through the gulley.

We couldn't take along the wounded, so they crept into the bushes the best they could, and there they had to lie all day before we could go after 'em and fetch 'em out. It was hard, but that's war.

But we couldn't let 'em lie there all through that hot day, with no water and nothin' to stanch their wounds, so about noontime we got leave to call for a volunteer to go over to 'em.

Now betwixt us and that ravine there was about forty rod of old field, as bare as a brick, right in the enemy's range. It was a pretty smart risk to run to cross that field with water and cotton, and we all knew it; but the word for a volunteer wasn't out of the cap'en's mouth before old Cool jumped.

I'll go, sir!" says he. "I haven't got no incumbrances to home," and he grinned. So he started out with ten canteens full of water slung onto him and a bundle of cotton under his arm.

"Cool," says I, trym' to act as though I b'lieved he was cert'in sure to get there, "you be real economical about distributin' that water, because it's got to last 'em all day."

"You go 'long!" says he, showin' his white teeth, and off he went.

Then the balls begun to sing. We durst'n't go up the rise of ground for to watch him, but after half an hour one man did venture to reconnoitre that old field, and reported there wasn't anybody lyin' there, so we knew he'd got to the ravine-like place where the men was. After he'd been away a couple of hours he come back, Cool did, as cool as ever.

"Didn't hit ye, did they?" says Chapin.

"You bet they did, though!" says Cool. "They put two ventilatin' holes through the legs o' my boots goin' over, and tore a hole in my trousers and one in my jacket sleeve a-comin' back; but mebbe you don't call that hittin' me, an' I done as 'twas," says he laughin'. For true, not one of them bullets had so much as drawed a drop of blood!

Twasn't very long after that we was sent into the rifle-pits, some of us, with rations for twenty-four hours. How'd you like that, boys, spendin' a day and a night into a hole in the ground, with chunks of salt beef—"old hoss," we called it—and tough, dry hard-tack to chaw on?

'Twas rather unpleasant; no way to sleep exceptin' up, and finally nothin' to eat. I didn't blame the men; in fact, I was quite a little riled myself. But Cool was as cool as a cucumber. He joked and laughed, and sang, and held up on his broad shoulders more a one sleepy, tired-out head.

When some of 'em would make disparaging remarks, he'd holler out, "Come, boys, stop growlin'! We're in for the whole war; hooray!" and so ke'd kind of heart us up.

He was always doin' that; he was as clever as a bobolink. Nobody was sick or wounded but he was the first to help. I've seen him give up his blanket many a time to some poor fellow sha'kin' with a chill, and let another, burnt up with wound-fever, drain the last drop out of his canteen, when nobody knew if we should get any more water for a hull day. And he always made as though he hadn't done nothin'.

Well, "when this cruel war was over," as the song says, an' the regiment was mustered out, it come about that Cool and I took the same train to go home, though I lived 'way up in Vermont, and he was a Connecticut boy; and we sat together, I next to the window.

He'd been as composed as a chaplain at a funeral all those years, but he seemed now as though he was on tenter-hooks all the way. He wrastled about, and got up and sot down more'n forty times, and never said two words all the way; but when we slacked up, and a brakeman hollered out, "Silverbridge!" he give me a grip, froze on to his knapsack, and give a rush.

I looked out of the window, for thinks I, "There's a girl waitin' for him, and he hasn't never let on about her."

Sure enough, there he was, his face all broke up, as you may say, red as a beet, holdin' out his arms to—a gray, old woman, tears runnin' down her face like a freshet. 'Twas his mother!

That was the last I see of Oll Cool.—*Youth's Companion.*

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

The sardines of commerce are young fish not yet arrived at maturity.

Professor Blake is experimenting with the view of perfecting a system of telephonic communication at sea.

A new lacquer named "ardenbrite" has just been brought out in London, Eng. It is said to be proof against water, steam, smoke, sea air and sea water.

A writer in a scientific magazine says the earth is being bored too much (for natural gas, coal oil, etc.) and is liable to lose its place among the heavenly bodies in consequence.

The actual measurement of over two hundred persons of different sizes and ages showed the electrical resistance from hand to hand to vary but little from 1000 ohms—a very low valuation.

Several accidents from the explosion of mineral oil lamps having occurred in railway cars in Buenos Ayres, the government has given directions that hereafter all railway cars are to have electric light fittings.

Entomologists stated that there is reasonable hope that a scientific plan will be devised whereby whole tribes of noxious insects may be exterminated by the artificial multiplication of their innoxious enemies.

A Cincinnatti physician believed that rheumatism is caused by bacilli. They originate in decaying matter and get into the system from the atmosphere. Green plants in living rooms he pronounced a great source of danger.

There is no properly recorded instance of a locomotive attaining a greater speed than eighty miles an hour; back pressure and various resistances, including that of the air, will it is asserted prevent any higher speed than this being reached.

The remarkable "Floating Island" of Derwentwater, England, the periodical appearance of which has given rise to so much speculation, has been declared to be the highest part of a great blister-like upheaval of peat which here forms the bottom of the lake.

According to a French physiologist the wing of the ordinary housefly makes 330 strokes in one second; the wing of the bumble bee, 240; the wing of the honey bee, 190; the wing of the sparrow, 13; the wing of the wild duck, 9; the wing of the house pigeon, 8; the wing of the osprey, 6.

Dr. Whitcombe of the Birmingham (England) Lunatic Asylum has turned a number of wild rabbits loose on to the fields adjoining the institution. It is thought that the inmates will be amused by seeing the rabbits run about, and to divert the minds of the patients is one of the great objects of the institution.

Some years ago M. Sorel, a French chemist, discovered that the exychloride of magnesium possessed "hydraulic" qualities in a remarkable degree, and he utilized it as the basis of the Sorel stone, which exceeds the hardness of any other artificial stone, and is now used mainly in making emery wheels.

Recent experiments to ascertain within what limits the ear can distinguish the difference in the pitch of two sounds show that the smallest difference perceptible by untrained or only slightly trained ears appears to be from one-fortieth of a semi tone. It is said that a peculiarity that seems to apply alike to trained and untrained ears is that they detect upward differences more easily than downward.

An examination of the possible work of the fuel and steam in a steamer consuming 240 tons of coal per day may give us some idea of a transatlantic liner's immensity. Ten tons of coal, or 22,400 pounds per hour, will convert 224,000 pounds of water into about 6,048,000 cubic feet of steam at atmospheric pressure; this reduced one-sixth, or 1,008,000 cubic feet, shows the amount of steam available at 100 pounds pressure per square inch. This is about the utmost possible from the boiler for one hour's work.

The Ruling Passion.

Filkins (in the cemetery)—Joblot designed his own monument, didn't he?

Bilkins—Yes. What made you think so?

Filkins—The inscription "Not dead, but sleeping." Joblot would never own up to anything—not even death.—*Munsey's Weekly.*

Cautious.

Mrs. MacTavish: Then ye'll be doon tae see us on the Sawbeth?

Mr. MacTartan: I will, if I'm spared.

"Oh, aye; gin ye're deed, we'll no expeck ye."—*Grip.*

The Markets of Egypt.

Egyptian cotton, which is now one of the great products of the country, got its start during our late civil war, writes Frank G. Carpenter. The price rose as high as 44 cents a pound, and millions of dollars' worth of Egyptian cotton was raised and shipped to England. At present the product of cotton it about five hundred thousand bales per annum, which is little in comparison with the great crop of America.

In coming from India to Suez I met an English gentleman who said he supposed I would find nothing good to eat in Cairo. He looked upon the Egyptians as heathens and had no idea that there were good hotels, good markets and all of the modern conveniences at Cairo. I have made inquiries as to the cost of food in this capital of Egypt, and I find that good turkeys, which will rank in size and weight with the best of our Thanksgiving birds, are worth from $1 to $2.50 each; good fat geese bring from $2 to $4 per pair, and chickens sell from 40 cents to $1. Choice cuts of beef and mutton bring 40 cents a pound, and the palate of the foreign resident at Cairo is tickled with splendid oranges at a cent apiece. All kinds of vegetables are cheap and good, and eggs bring from 8 to 20 cents a dozen.

A Possible Rival of Corn.

An addition has been recently made to the food plants produced in this country, which in time may prove a strong rival of Indian corn. The new plant is the sweet cassava of the tropics. It is very productive, and good land will give at least ten tons of cassava root per acre. Its main use is for conversion into starch, tapioca and glucose, although it can be utilized in an infinite number of ways. In the tropics cassava flour is used for making a large, brittle and particularly tooth some wafer or cracker of about the thickness of a sheet of blotting paper, which will keep without injury for months. Cassava is also cooked and served at the table like the ordinary potato.

He Will Burn His Feet.

Brown (to Jones, whom he has observed to shiver)—Don't you know, Jones, there is an old saying that if you shiver it is a sign that some one is walking over your future grave?

Jones—Is that so? Well he is liable to burn his feet if he keeps at it, for I have arranged to be cremated.

Most Unique Railway in the World.

There is in Northern Georgia a railway that is probably the most unique in the world, for though having rolling stock, road-bed and all the appliances of a first-class road it has not been used for years. The line is twelve miles in length and was built to carry copper from the Ducktown mines.

Harvest Excursions.

The golden harvest time is near, and fortunately the facilities for enjoying it are ample. The CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY will sell Harvest Excursion Tickets to all points in Kansas and Nebraska (west of but not on the Missouri River), Colorado, Indian Territory, New Mexico, Texas, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Dakota, Arizona, Northwestern Iowa and Southwestern Minnesota at ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP. Dates of sale September 10th and 24th and October 8th, 1889; return limit, 30 days from date of sale. This affording opportunities for investment or the location of farms and homes in growing sections of our country such as were never before offered, the territory to choose from being very much larger than that included in the scope of any similar previous excursion. THE SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS OF THE ROCK ISLAND are composed of elegant Day Coaches, Pullman Palace Sleepers, FREE Reclining Chair Cars and Dining Cars to and from Omaha, and via Kansas City and St. Joseph through the most desirable portions of Kansas and Nebraska to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, where direct connections are made with diverging lines (also at St. Paul) to all points in the States and Territories above named. For more detailed information call on or address JOHN SEBASTIAN, General Ticket and Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

N. E. Thirty-Six

The European country which possesses the largest number of public libraries is Austria. In Austria there are no fewer than 577 public libraries, containing 5,465,000 volumes, without reckoning maps and manuscripts, a total which comes out at 26 volumes per 100 of the population.

The United Brethren have the greatest number of converts in Africa, 4,000; Bishop Taylor's missions, which include Liberia, 2,700; the United Presbyterians 1,850; the Presbyterians, 875; the American Board, the same.

"Mamma's Little Better."

There is gladness in the household;
The shadow flies away
That darkened all the sunshine
Of many a summer day.
"O, mamma's getting better,"
The happy children cry,
And the light of love shines bright again
In the loving husband's eye.

In thousands of homes women are "sick unto death" with the terrible diseases so common to their sex, and it would seem as if all the happiness had gone out of life and the household in consequence. For when the wife and mother suffers all the family suffer with her. This ought not to be, and it need not be, for a revivifying remedy for woman's ailments is at hand. Many a home has been made happy because the sick woman of it some has been banished from it by the potent power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—the unfailing remedy for all weaknesses and diseases peculiar to women.

$500 Reward offered for an incurable case of Catarrh by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Remedy. 50 cts. by druggists.

W. B. Tate, a philanthropic tanner of Tennessee, has divided a fifth of his fortune of $100,000 between forty needy Confederate veterans of that State.

When Dobbins' Electric Soap was first made in 1864 it cost 20 CENTS A BAR. It is PRECISELY the same ingredients and quality NOW, and DOESN'T COST HALF. Buy it of your grocer and preserve your clothes. If he doesn't, he will get it.

In Europe the country with the greatest absolute mileage is Germany, with nearly 25,000 miles.

"There is

Natural Soap Mines.
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State Excursions.
North-Western Railway of
opportunities for an inspec-
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Sarsaparilla, if you have impure
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It has accomplished wonders
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oses One Dollar

AGION.
Off His Under Lip.
go a cancer came on my lower lip. I
while it was yet small, and it healed
but soon broke out again, and com-
very rapidly. It took off my under
le to the other, and down to my chin.
by bandage, and got so weak that I
that I could stand it much longer. Af-
ving I discarded all other treatment,
ing Swift's Specific, and the cancer
healed, and in a short time it was com-
and I was entirely well. It is now
e since I got well, and there has been
return of the disease. I know it was
now it was cured alone by S. S. S.
E. V. FERNAND, Reston, La.
el me of malignant sore throat and
d to impure blood. The trouble ex-
to my left lung, which was very sore.
pronounced on me for three years without
lief from them and took S. S. S. Four bot-
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Weymouth Gazette,

BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XXIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., SEPTEMBER 13, 1889. NO. 22.

The Weymouth Gazette.
PUBLISHED
EVERY FRIDAY,
—BY—
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WEYMOUTH, MASS.

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(ORAL TREATMENT)
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CHAS. T. CRANE, Treasurer
BOARD OF INVESTMENTS:
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JOHN W. HART. KIRWIN PRATT,
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BUSINESS CHANGE!
C. W. Rice,
Who for the past twenty-one years has been with J. MARTIN at his
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Town of Weymouth.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 21 of the General Statutes will be strictly enforced:

Sec. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

Sec. 43. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is afflicted with any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, or more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth.
WILLIAM NASH.
J. CLARENCE HOWE,
J. F. DIZER,
} Board of Health.

Weymouth, March, 1889.

MEETINGS OF THE
Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor
The Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the
TOWN HOUSE EVERY MONDAY,
(except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock p. m. On the THIRD MONDAY of each month they will meet at the almshouse at 3 p. m.
GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth.
WILLIAM NASH.
J. CLARENCE HOWE,
J. F. DIZER,
} Board of Selectmen of Weymouth
Weymouth, March, 1889.

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East Weymouth Savings Bank.
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AT ALL OTHER HOURS AT RESIDENCE ON WATER STREET.
JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk.
GN 35

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
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SO. WEYMOUTH and ABINGTON

Old Age.

When on the furrowed cheeks of Age
Care's hollow wrinkles show,
The old man turns his life's last page
With trembling hand and slow.
Dark lower the skies; in every sound
Death's mournful dirge he hears;
And wearily the days go round,
The weeks, the months, the years.
The lady of his love, alas!
Has closed her gentle eyes,
With but one tiny tuft of grass
To show him where she lies.
"Old wife of mine!" he whispers low,
"Above thy grave I see
The star of Faith whose beams I know,
Shall guide me soon to thee!"

WON AT SIGHT.

We had been upon the Mediterranean station for about a year, when our commander ordered the ship to head for Marseilles.

I was then a young midshipman, and enjoyed the leave on shore in a foreign port with boyish delight. There were six in our mess, and we managed to get shore leave so as to be together, when it was possible to do so. This was the case one fine Sunday in the month of December, as mild and summer-like in the south of France as a New England May day.

The singular experience of one of our number I have often told since about the mess table or camp fire, but have never put it into print.

We were strolling on the square known as Le Cours St. Louis, a sort of permanent flower market, where the women sit enthroned in tent-like stalls of wood, encircled by their bright, beautiful and fragrant wares, while the manner of arranging the stalls, so that the vender sits raised some six feet in the air, gave a novel effect to the scene.

We watched with special delight these black-eyed, black-haired and rosy-cheeked girls, the blush of health in their faces fairly rivalling that of their scarlet flowers. With busy fingers they arranged in dainty combinations the vivid and delicate colors, relieved by fresh green leaves and trailing vines of smilax, while we young middies joked pleasantly with them and bought fabulous quantities of bouquets.

While we were idling away the hour in Le Cours St. Louis, with these roguish and pretty flower venders, we were all thrown into a state of amazement and curiosity by the appearance of a young girl of about 17, who rushed among us with a startling speed, and who, hardly pausing to regain her breath, said, in excellent English:

"You are Americans, and I trust, gentlemen. Is there one among you who will marry me?"

"We will all marry you," was the instant response, accompanied by hearty laughter.

"Ah, you are in sport, but I am in earnest. Who will marry me?"

There seemed to be no joke after all. The girl was positively in earnest and looked at one and all of us as coolly, yet earnestly, as possible.

"Here, Harry," said one who was rather a leader among us, and addressing Harry, "you want a wife," and he gave our comrade a slight push toward the girl.

For some singular reason Harry took the matter much more in earnest than the rest of us, and regarded the newcomer with a most searching but respectful glance. Approaching her he said:

"I do not know exactly what you mean, but I can understand by your expression of face that you are quite in earnest. Will you take my arm and let us walk to one side?'

"Yes; but I have no time to lose," and taking his arm, they walked away together.

We looked upon the affair as some well-prepared joke, but were a little annoyed at the non-appearance of Harry at our rendezvous on the quay. Our leave expired at sunset, and we dared not wait for him, as Captain D—— was a thorough disciplinarian, and we didn't care to provoke him and thus endanger our next Sunday's leave.

On board we went, therefore, leaving Harry on shore. When we reported the question was, of course, asked where Midshipman B—— was, to which query we could return no proper answer, as we really did not know. He knew perfectly well that we must all be at the boat landing just before sunset. It was plain enough to us all that there was trouble brewing for our messmate.

Harry did not make his appearance until the next day at noon, when he pulled to the ship in a shore boat, and, coming on board, reported at once to the captain, who stood upon the quarter deck, and asked the privilege of a private interview.

The circumstances connected with the absence of Harry were very peculiar, and as he was one of the most correct fellows on board, his request was granted by the captain, who retired to his cabin, followed by the delinquent. After remaining with the commander for nearly an hour, he came out and joined us.

"What is the upshot of it, Harry?" we asked.

"Well, lads, I'm married — that's all."

'Married?' asked the mess, in one voice.

"Tied for life!" was the answer.

"Hard and fast!"

"Irrevocably."

"To that little craft you scuddled away with?'

"Exactly. As good and pure a girl as ever lived," said Harry, earnestly.

"W-h-o-w!' whispered one and all.

"How did Old Neptune let you off?" we all eagerly inquired—that being the name the captain went by on board.

"He is hard on me," said Harry, seriously. "What do you think he demands, lads?"

"Can't say; what is it?"

"If I don't resign, he will send me home in disgrace." That's his ultimatum."

"W-h-o-w!" again from all hands.

"Let's get up a petition for Harry," suggested one.

"It's of no use, lads, I know he means what he says. He has given me a while to think it over."

It was all up with Harry.

Capt. D—— was a severe, but an excellent officer, and he had only given the delinquent the alternative of resigning or being sent home in disgrace. The fact that he had got married in the manner he described, in place of palliating matters, only aggravated the captain beyond measure. He declared it was a disgrace to the service, and a breach of propriety not to be overlooked.

Harry told us his story in a desultory manner, interrupted by many questions and ejaculations, but which we will put into a simple form for the convenience of the reader.

Julie Meurice was the orphan child of a merchant, who had been of high standing during his life, and who left a handsome fortune to endow his daughter on her wedding day, or, if not married before, she was to receive the property on coming to the age of 20 years. Her mother had died in her infancy, and the father, when she was 10 years of age, placed her in a convent to be educated, where she remained until his death, which occurred suddenly, six months previous to the period of our sketch.

After his death Julie became the ward of her uncle, by the tenor of her father's will, and the period of her educational course having just closed at the convent, Hubert Meurice, the uncle, brought her home to his family circle. Madame Meurice, it appears, was a scheming, calculating woman, and knowing that Julie would be an heiress, she tried every way to promote her intimacy with her own son, who was an uncouth and ignorant youth of 18 years without one attractive point in his character.

Hubert Meurice, the uncle of Julie, was a sea captain, whose calling carried him much away from his home. During his absence his wife treated Julie with the utmost tyranny, even keeping her locked up in her room for days together, telling her that when she would consent to marry her son, Hubert, she would release her and do all she could to make her happy. But to this Julie could not consent. Imprisonment even was preferable to accepting her awkward and repulsive cousin.

One day she overheard a conversation between her aunt and her hopeful son, wherein the mystery of her treatment was solved.

The boy asked his mother what was the use of bothering and importuning Julie so.

"If she doesn't want to marry me, mother, drop the matter. I like Julie, and she would make me a nice little wife, but I don't want her against her will."

"You are a fool," said the mother. "You know nothing about the matter. Her father's will endows her with a fortune at her marriage, even if it be at 17, just her present age. At 20 she receives the fortune at any rate. Now, don't you see if you marry her we are all fixed for life?"

"Does Julie know about the money?" he asked.

"No, of course not."

"It's a little sharp on her," said the boy.

"I'm looking out for you," said the mother.

"Just so," mused the hopeful.

"I am resolved that she shall marry you, and that is why I keep her locked up, so that she may not see some one she would like better."

"Lots of money, eh? Well, mother, let's go in and win. When shall it be?"

"It must be at once."

"The sooner the better."

"Your father is expected home next week. I want you to be married before he returns. He approves of it, but is a little too delicate about pressing matters so quickly. I know that no time is like the present time, so I have been making arrangements to bring this about immediately."

This was enough for Julie. She understood the situation fully now, and saw that her aunt would hesitate at nothing. The poor child feared her beyond description and had yielded to her in everything, save this one purpose of her marriage with Hubert.

Julie was a very gentle girl; one upon whom her aunt could impose with impunity. She had no idea of asserting her rights, much less of standing up for them. But she was thoroughly frightened now, and resolved to escape at any cost from the tyranny which bound her. No fate could be worse she thought than to be compelled to marry that coarse, vulgar and repulsive creature.

Yes, she would run away at once. The poor child—for she was little more—had not asked herself where she should go. She had no other relations that she knew of in the world, and the isolated life she had always led had caused her to form no intimacies, or even to make friends with those of her own age. Indeed with this prospective fortune, yet she was virtually alone and unprotected, and without a relation whom she did not look upon as her enemy.

The next day after Julie had heard this information was Sunday, the gayest day of the week in Marseilles, and, fortunately, Julie succeeded in making her escape from her aunt's house. Still undecided where to go, and in her desperation fearing that at any moment she might be seized and carried back, she had wandered into the flower market, where she came upon us, already described.

As she explained to Harry afterward, she was intent only upon escape, and believed this to be her last chance. When she saw a half dozen young Americans, who seemed perfectly respectable, the idea that positive safety lay only in marriage dawned upon her, and she actually ran toward us, as we have related, the moment the thought developed itself.

Harry became more and more impressed with Julie's story as they walked along, while he was delighted by her innocent beauty and manifest refinement. It was all like a dream, almost too romantic for truth. Our "fate" sometimes comes to us in this singular fashion, he thought. "There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune." Suddenly he turned to her and said:

"Dare you trust me with your happiness?"

She looked at him thoughtfully with her soft, pleading eyes. Her brain was very busy; she remembered what awaited her at home, what had driven her thence, and then, in reply to his sober question, she put both of her hands into his with child-like trust.

They wandered on. Julie had always plenty of money in her purse, and they strolled into a little chapel on their way, where they found a young clergyman, who could not resist their request to marry them, and so, though reluctantly and advising proper delay, he performed the marriage ceremony, aided by the sexton and his wife, who each received a Napoleon.

As an inducement, Harry had also told the clergyman that he was just going to sea, and that he must be married before he sailed, that not even one hour was to be lost.

Julie came out of the chapel the wife of Harry B., who went with her to the Hotel du Louvre. From here he sent a pressing note to the American Consul, who came to him early the next morning, and by the earnest persuasion of Harry, the consul agreed to take the young wife to his own house, until matters should be settled as it regarded their future course. In the consul's house, Julie found a pleasant and safe retreat for the time being.

Whatever might be said with regard to the propriety of the young folk's conduct, it could not be undone. They were irrevocably united as husband and wife. Harry was forced, however, to resign his commission. By the aid of the Consul, Julie's rights in relation to her fortune under her father's will were fully realized, and she came almost immediately with her young husband to America.

Harry B., by means of proper influence once more entered the navy, the second time as lieutenant, and now wears a captain's epaulets.—*New York News.*

Steamship Mail Sorters.

The railroad companies in this country have attached to their mail trains a postal car in which the mails are sorted while on the way to their destination, thereby saving time and labor in the postoffices and facilitating delivery at the end of the journey. This system has been found to work with great advantage to the postal service, as well as to those engaged in correspondence.

It is now proposed that the various foreign steamships bringing mails to this country, or taking them hence, shall have a clerk on board, whose duty it shall be during the voyage to sort the mails according to a recognized schedule, so that on reaching the point of distribution the time and labor required for the sorting shall not be necessitated. Should the countries in the Postal Union agree to such a plan, the time required for the distribution of the mail matter will be much shortened. To the mercantile community this is expected to be of great advantage, as it will often enable merchants to reply to their correspondents by earlier mails and facilitate many business transactions.—*New York Mail and Express.*

Fight Between An Oyster and Fish.

One old fisherman tells of a fight between a big oyster and a little fish which he saw last season. It was a fight "to a finish," and one the like of which he never saw before. The young starfish approached the open oyster and slowly settled down upon it. The shell sprang together with a snap and the fish, which had settled upon it with five rays, bobbed suddenly up with only four. The oyster again dropped his blinds and awaited a second attack. He didn't have to wait long. Slowly the fish began to drop until he was again a-straddle of the oyster, when a repetition of the former sound occured, and he now had three rays instead of five. Three times more this was enacted and then the fish keeled over, dead.

A man must be pretty sick of work when he throws up his job.

FARM AND GARDEN.

FEEDING CHAFF TO COWS.

In feeding chaff to cows experience has proved that the milk product has been increased considerably, and where green fodder is fed a mixture of chaff with it will prevent any danger of the frequent bloating by the fermentation of the green, moist food in the stomach. The chaff may be mixed with such fodder as is made into ensilage with beneficial results. Indeed, it may be put in an ordinary mow with freshly-cut clover that has been only half dried, and will help to cure the clover safely and be improved in quality itself. The same is true of the fresh straw.—*New York Times.*

HOW TO DRIVE YOUNG HORSES.

The following sensible directions for driving young horses, were recently published by the New York *Mail and Express.* "In teaching a young horse to drive well, do not hurry to see how fast he can trot. Keep each pace clear and distinct from the other—that is, in walking, make him walk, and do not allow him to trot. While trotting, be equally careful that he keeps steady at his pace, and do not allow him to slack into a walk. The reins, while driving, should be kept snug; and when pushed to the top of his speed, keep him well in hand, that he may learn to bear well upon the bit, so that when going at a high rate of speed he can be held at his pace, but do not allow him to pull too hard, for it is not only unpleasant, but makes it often difficult to manage him."

UNPAINTED HIVES.

Unpainted hives, during a very wet, rainy time would probably get more damp and soggy than painted ones; but when the sun comes out I think they will dry out, outside and inside, quicker. In the early Spring, when the bees need all the benefit they can get from the sun, a black, unpainted hive would certainly secure more warmth; but when the great heat of the summer sun becomes an objection it would just be the other way. A careful, enlightened, intelligent bee-keeper will, as a rule, have not only his bee hives, but his implements and everything else, including house and barn, kept well painted, while the slip-shod do-nt-care old fogy would be pretty sure to have everything unpainted; therefore paint indicates the character of the man. I should hesitate some about wanting my hives to present such an appearance as unpainted ones usually do.—*Bee Gleanings.*

KILLING THISTLES WITH HOED CROPS.

It is often said, and truly, that one year's entire suppression of growth will kill Canada thistle. Those who claim to have tried it, and have failed, have been remiss at some time. Where the attempts at destroying thistles are made with a hoed crop, corn or potatoes, the month of August is more apt than any other to give the enemy a breathing spell, insuring its life another year. At this time the growth of the crop, especially of corn, hides the ground, and makes it hard to see every green shoot. It may be injurious to the crop, especially of potatoes, to go between the rows so late in the season. Potatoes ought not to be cultivated after the tubers are set, nor corn after it has eared. The work, then, of destroying thistles must be done altogether by hand, and if there are many it is slow work. It is usually better to bend the stalk down, and cover it heavily with earth, than to cut it off, where one has escaped observation until it has grown three or four inches high. If the green stalk can be made to rot in moist, warm soil, it will do more to enfeeble the root than to cut it off. This last only starts two or three new buds to grow in its place. The shade of the corn partly checks the vigor of the thistle, causing them to come up pale and puny, like plants growing in a cellar. A little earth on them will finish them.—*Boston Cultivator.*

RAVAGES OF SHEEP-KILLING DOGS.

A farmer who tries to keep 400 or 500 sheep on rough hills where they are his only source of profitable income writes to the *National Stockman* of one of his chief annoyances, the depredations of dogs:

"Dire necessity compels us to kill all the dogs we can, and it is not from a desire to destroy other men's property, but only to protect our own. If the dogs were kept off our premises they would be safe. Dog owners sometimes threaten private injury in return for the death of a worthless cur, but it is best to take such risk, as the owner might as well kill stock as for the dog to do it. We have no choice, as there is no law to protect our flocks, and we must protect them ourselves. Sheep are taxed to protect other property, but have no protection from worthless, untaxed dogs. It raises a terrible howl, and more mourning among some people, to have a dog killed than to hear of a loss of a hundred sheep killed by dogs. It is great cruelty to kill a dog, but there is no cruelty in a dog's tearing and mangling a whole flock of sheep."

The trouble and loss from the ravages of dogs seem to be increasing, if we may judge from the complaints which are coming from every part of the country. States which have no dog laws, or inadequate ones, should be stirred up to enact them. It is the height of absurdity to "spare the dog and spoil the sheep" when the value of the two is so vastly different.—*New York Examiner.*

SILOS FOR POULTRY.

By request of a subscriber, says the *Farm and Fireside*, we give the cheapest and best method of preserving ensilage for poultry, in order that a supply may be had in winter. A silo is simply a strong, air-tight box, pit or hogshead—in fact, anything that will answer the purpose—and ensilage is green food, such as grass, vegetable tops, growing corn, or any substance that will be relished by poultry. For poultry, a strong barrel or hogshead will answer.

The green food should not be cut until it is near maturity, or it will be largely composed of water. If cut just before ripening, the elements intended for the formation of seed will be arrested in the stalks, and the ensilage will be more nutritious. Pass the material through a cutter, and cut it into half-inch lengths. Pack it close and tight in the barrel, and place the head of the barrel on the ensilage. The head should be just small enough to go down into the barrel. On the barrel-head place stones, or any kind of weight, so that when the contents of the barrel are compressed and sink, the head of the barrel will sink with it. As the contents go down, add more ensilage until the barrel is full. The heavy pressure will exclude the air, and the contents can be kept in an excellent state of preservation. When wanted for use in winter, it will be found closely packed in layers, and will be ready for use. The hens will eat it with avidity, and it will be found, after a season's use, an indispensable adjunct to winter poultry keeping.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Gather the eggs every day.

Winter radishes may be sown throughout August.

Keep the blackberries and raspberries pinched back.

Finish putting out the celery for winter and spring use.

As the onions ripen gather them and store in a dry, cool place.

Farmers are responsible for what the fairs are and what they are not.

Harvest the early potatoes as soon as ripe—store in a cool, dark cellar.

It is hardly possible to get too many fine pansies in your flower garden.

Select the earliest and best tomatoes, egg plants and lima beans for seed.

If there are stalks or ears of corn that have smut upon them remove and destroy.

Crowd the late cabbage—hoe well and top dress with any kind of fine manure.

A few wood ashes sown over the onion bed will help the growth and make them healthy.

A "skimpy" supply of fruits and vegetables looks bad on the table of a large land owner.

When earth worms are troublesome to roses in pots apply caustic lime water, but not too strong.

If liquid manure is used upon the strawberries—weak and often is better than heavy doses of very strong.

If your plum trees are infected with knot remove the knots with a sharp knife and dress the wounds with linseed oil.

When the moulting season arrives see that the fowls have nourishing food, and that they are protected from rain and damp.

A correspondent advises the application of pine—not coal—tar to a brittle hoof. Used once or twice a month it heals and softens.

Seed that is allowed to ripen and shell out on the ground will not pay for the care you took to leave the best radishes and lettuce.

In plowing or teaming on the road in hot weather, always rest the horses on an eminence, where one minute will be worth two in a warm valley.

A correspondent of the *Prairie Farmer* recommends an application of boiled oil, thickened with pulverized charcoal, to prevent posts from decaying.

Dry earth is said to be an excellent thing for galls or sores on horses, to be retained by a bandage, and changed as often as it becomes moist from absorption.

An English farmer had a water meadow which was overgrown with rushes. He caused it to be thoroughly drained and laid down to grass. Thereafter he was able to cut from it annually four crops of green fodder of the best quality. Thousands of fields in this country are susceptible of similar improvement.

Will Writing Become a Lost Art?

Will the coming man write? Not at all. There will be no more need of his learning to write than of his learning to spin. Writing will have become one of the lost arts, and a wholly unnecessary art, by the time the coming man appears. His writing will be done by the phonograph, which will be placed on his desk as pens and ink are now; and whenever he has a story, a poem, an essay, or a private letter to indite he will simply talk into the phonograph and send on the plate which has recorded his words. The teaching of penmanship will be unknown in the school of the future, and writing, in the present fashion, will be regarded as much among barbaric methods as we now hold the rude hieroglyphics of the ancients to be.—*Boston Traveller.*

B. A. ATKINSON & CO.,
LIBERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS.
The People's Opportunity!
There are, no doubt, hundreds of people in New England who just at present are in want of something in our line, and who would gladly avail themselves of such an opportunity as we now offer if fully aware of the large saving they can effect by embracing it. To those we offer below some pointed facts and figures, remarking only that these figures are solely the result of cutting down our profits, and that we do not wish them to be held as a permanent limit for the quantity of goods which they represent.

250 Chamber Sets, $10 to $500
Why do we carry so many different styles? Because we wish to give our patrons the greatest facilities for making selections, and to have them feel they are not compelled to pay a dollar more than their own judgment tells them they can afford.

200 Parlor Sets, $35 to $450
We do not confine ourselves to any particular class of goods, but carry all kinds, from the lowest price to the most expensive, in goods that are reliable and will give satisfaction to the purchaser, and we sell everything to furnish a house complete.

100 Sideboards, $18 to $300
You will find if you take the pains to investigate that not only do we sell goods the lowest, but that the style of goods we carry is better suited to your wants than any other house in New England can show.

Carpets of all kinds, 25c. to $3 yd
We are noted among manufacturers of Carpets for our very extensive orders, often buying a thousand rolls at one time, and we always get prices which other dealers know nothing of. Hence we can sell you carpet cheaper than any one else.

Our Liberal Offer.
We will sell you enough goods to furnish four rooms in good taste and with nice goods, for $125, and will guarantee you that the same goods purchased elsewhere will cost you at least $150 to $175.

R. R. Fare and Freight Allowed.
We deliver free to any Railroad Freight Depot in New England, and on purchases of $100 or over we allow railroad fare for one person, both ways to Boston. All our goods are warranted.

Write for Catalogue.

$125, NOW FURNISHES YOUR HOUSE COMPLETE,
Not cheaply, nor poorly, nor sparingly, but with good Furniture, good Carpets, good Lace Curtains, good Crockery, Silver and Glass Ware, and a margin left for extras such as Pictures, Clock, &c., and an extra outlay of a few dollars will supply your wants as fully as any ordinary person can desire. We give the list as follows:

$19.95 FURNISHES YOUR KITCHEN Complete
With Range, Table, Chairs, Tin and Iron Ware, Window Shade and 15 yards of good and handsome Oil Cloth such as we have always sold at 25c. per yard. This price includes delivery at any railroad freight depot in New England.

$28.00 FURNISHES DINING ROOM Complete
With 6-foot Walnut Extension Table, 6 handsome Cane-Seat Chairs, complete set of Crockery, with Knives, Forks and Spoons, 20 yards of Ingrain Carpet (your choice of 50 patterns), 2 Window Shades, and a handsome Lamp, all delivered at any railroad depot in New England.

$31.50 FURNISHES SITTING ROOM Complete
With Lounge, Rocker, and 4 Chairs, 2 pairs of Lace Curtains, 2 Window Shades, a nice Hanging Lamp, a beautiful Centre Table and 20 yards of Ingrain Carpet left entirely to your own selection, and delivered at your freight depot free of charge.

$30.00 FURNISHES YOUR BEDROOM Complete
With Chamber Set of 10 pieces, Spring Mattress, Pillows, Carpet, Lamp, Window Shade and a handsome Toilet Set. Chamber Set is of hardwood, antique or natural finish, and same as we have sold hundreds of at $20 heretofore. This price includes free delivery, and you have yet a balance of

$15.00 WITH WHICH TO BUY
An Ice Chest, handsome Clock, pair of Oil Paintings, and sufficient Carpet to cover your hall and stairs if you desire.

Liberal Terms when desired.
B. A. ATKINSON & CO.,
LIBERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
827 WASHINGTON ST., One Block South of Hollis St., Cor. Common St., BOSTON, MASS.

New England Hay Co.,
WALES WHARF,
272 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
HAY & STRAW.
Car Lots a Specialty.
TELEPHONE NO. 2894.
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SOUTH WEYMOUTH
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COAL,
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—AND—
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Musical Composition.
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C. S. Williams & Co.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
NO. 28 CONGRESS ST.,
66 Devonshire St., 26 Congress Sq., and Quincy House, Boston, Mass.
Also, Mower's Block, Lynn.
Stocks, Grain, Provisions and Oil, Bought and Sold, in lots to suit Customers, for Cash or Future Delivery.

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—DEALER IN—
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Jobbing of all Kinds promptly attended to.
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A. L. DENBROEDER,
Merchant Tailor,
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Gent's Furnishing Goods,
HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS, etc.
A Good Stock of Cloths
—FOR—
Gent's Garments,
recently purchased and will be made up
AT LOWEST PRICES.
Please call and examine Goods.
Washington Square,
WEYMOUTH.

QUINCY MUTUAL
Fire Ins. Co.,
—:o:—
CASH FUND, Jan. 1, 1889, $575,899.30
Surplus over Re Insurance, 338,716.71
Gain in Cash Fund the past year, 22,417.82
Gain in Cash Surplus the past year, 16,655.71
Amount at Risk, 31,369,797.00
Total Liabilities, 237,182.61
CHARLES A. HOWLAND, President and Treasurer.

The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 13, 1889.

C. G. EASTERBROOK, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $2 A YEAR. In Advance.

Weymouth Fair.

The programme of events at the annual fair of the Weymouth Agricultural and Industrial Society presents an array of attractions for visitors which should crowd the grounds each day. The great exhibition of trained horses is well worth everybody's attention, and none should fail to see it. The "national game" will be full of interest each day, and for the trotting there will be entries of noted flyers. Bicycle races, running races, etc., will aid in making up a grand list of attractions. The hall committee are at work on the preparations for exhibits of the products of farm, garden and orchard, and the ladies will as usual fill their departments with choice specimens of their handiwork. Remember that the fair commences Thursday, the 26th, and it is hoped that many residents will aid in giving the town society a generous patronage.

Public School Notes.

The Weymouth Training School for the school year 1889-90 will meet for organization at 4 p. m. on Monday next, Sept. 16, at the North High school. All those who intend to become members are requested to be present.

For securing better results in music the coming year, Mr. Bradford will hold a series of weekly teachers' meetings, as follows:—For South Weymouth teachers at South High school, Mondays, at 4.30; for North and East Weymouth teachers at Franklin school, East Weymouth, Tuesdays, at 4.45; for Landing teachers, at Hunt school, Thursdays, at 4.45. The meetings begin next week.

National Bank.

The following circular has been issued and mailed to the business men of East Weymouth:

EAST WEYMOUTH, Sept. 12, 1889.

DEAR SIR:

You are requested to meet at Engine hall Thursday evening, Sept. 19, to consider the advisability of starting a National Bank in our village. This matter has been discussed by prominent business men, and it has been deemed best to call a public meeting that it may be fully considered. Come and bring any one interested with you. Per order.

The above is the outcome of the careful consideration of the most prominent and influential business men who can readily see the great advantage to be obtained by having a National bank in their own village, which is the largest in town and does the most business, and should a bank be started it would tend greatly to build up, increase and encourage business men.

Political.

The caucuses to nominate delegates for the conventions of the two leading political parties will soon be called. The contest for the Governor and Lt.-Governor positions is waxing warm in the Republican ranks, both Brackett and Crapo having an earnest and active following, with the odds apparently in favor of Brackett for Governor, though Mr. H. H. Faxon, of Quincy, from his position as a temperance Republican, has fired a hot shot at Brackett, in summing up the Lt.-Governor's course in the House on temperance legislation.

For Lt.-Governor Col. Myron P. Walker of Belchertown, is a promising candidate, and will probably secure the nomination. The western county Republicans are urging the claims of Wm. H. Halle, a lawyer of Springfield, for the place, and in the event of the convention falling back on a "dark horse," it is stated by the Boston *Herald* that many veterans have urged Col. Benjamin S. Lovell, of Weymouth, to enter the arena. Of Col. Lovell's candidacy the Boston *Journal* says:

"Col. Benjamin S. Lovell of Weymouth is still busily booming Hon. Myron P. Walker of Belchertown for the Republican nomination for Lieutenant Governor, despite the fact that within the last two or three days his own name has been mentioned in connection with a possible candidacy for the same office. A newspaper paragraph or two, numerous letters and several calls, have shown Col. Lovell that friends of his would be glad to push him for the nomination, but when asked yesterday by a Journal representative if he meant to allow the use of his name he replied: "I can't do it. I appreciate the good feeling which is shown in the talk of my name, but I am loyal to my friend Col. Walker and propose to stand by him right to the last." The genial Colonel remarked that Brackett and Walker would be the Republican nominees and added, as if to make sure that there would be no mistake as to his own position on the Lieutenant Governorship question, "I am always loyal to my friends."

Hingham Agricultural and Horticultural Society Annual Exhibition.

As will be seen by their advertisement the Hingham Agricultural and Horticultural Society will give its annual exhibition in the hall and upon the grounds of the society at Hingham Centre on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 24th and 25th, and in addition to the exhibits of fruits, vegetables, grain, manufactures, etc. in the hall, for those interested therein, the outside attractions for those who will attend for amusement are very much more numerous than at any former exhibition of the society; among which there will be three base ball matches, two grand concerts, the highly amusing live pigs in clover, foot races, etc. The price of season tickets is but 50 cents, and the fun offered for that sum is abundantly worth $5. The society has arranged for and expects a larger attendance this year than ever before.

Resolutions of Post 58.

At the regular meeting of Post 58, G. A. R., last week, a series of resolutions were adopted unanimously, indorsing Pension Commissioner Tanner as follows:

Resolved, that we, the members of Reynolds Post 58, department of Massachusetts, G. A. R., view with disfavor the unscrupulous attacks being made in certain quarters on the pension commissioner, Comrade James Tanner, and we hereby declare our purpose to stand by him with hearty support while he strives to deal justly and fairly by the men who saved the nation.

Resolved, that the remark of a distinguished statesman: "The time has arrived to discard the apothecary's scales in adjusting the claims of the union soldier," and the direction of the President to Pension Commissioner Tanner to "be liberal with the old soldiers," strikes the key note to which all loyal and patriotic hearts should be attuned.

Resolved, that we heartily indorse the policy of the present administration in its avowed purpose to treat liberally the claims of old and disabled ex-soldiers and sailors.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the President and to James Tanner, commissioner of pensions.

Commissioner Tanner, in acknowledging the receipt of a copy of the resolutions, has forwarded the following letter to Col. Benj. S. Lovell, Commander of the Post.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
BUREAU OF PENSIONS,
Office of the Commissioner.
Washington, D. C. Aug. 23, '89.

BENJ. S. LOVELL, ESQ., Commander Reynolds Post, East Weymouth, Mass.

My Dear Commander:—

I make my most profound bow to the comrades of Reynolds Post. I am a little weary sometimes, and sometimes feel a little bitter when I contemplate the fact that while it is estimated that there are one million two hundred thousand veterans still alive, the shots of all those who were the enemies of these living veterans and their dead comrades are all centered today on what is left of my mortal remains. But one thing more I realize—that as long as I can command the respect and support of the comrades of not only Reynolds Post, but of all the other Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic all over the land, and of our patriotic, warm-hearted people, I shall still survive, and will live in the hope that sometime in the future I may be so highly privileged as to enter the portals of Reynolds Post once again. Be the years few or many, may I find the "boys" all there, and Ben Lovell in the chair. Again, thanks.

Very truly yours,
JAMES TANNER.

Burglaries.

Nocturnal visits of thieves in quest of plunder have been quite numerous in the region roundabout for sometime, the latest burglaries being the entering of the houses of lawyer Johnson and T. A. Watson, on Quincy avenue, about 4 a. m. last Saturday, at the former place the thieves securing some $50 in cash and two gold watches. At Mr. Watson's they obtained about $90 and his gold watch and chain, with other articles. Mr. Watson heard the burglar as he was leaving the house, and afterwards saw him join a confederate who had been watching outside. Officer Furnald of Quincy was at once notified and went to work on the case.

Visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brackett, of San Francisco, who are relatives of Mrs. J. Gove and Mr. E. H. Pray, of this place, have been visiting their Weymouth friends the past week, after an extended tour through the country. Mr. Brackett attended the meeting Monday of the California pioneers, he being a '49er, having embarked in the ship Orion, from Boston, Capt. Joshua Phillips of Weymouth, being a companion, and this is his first visit to the east since his departure. He is uncle to Lt.-Gov. Brackett, and is a native of Quincy.

Returned.

Rev. W. L. Smith, of this place, has returned from his vacation tour, and last Wednesday gave an essay at the meeting of the O. C. Baptist Ministerial Conference in Whitman. He will resume his labors at the Baptist church Sunday, his subject being "Doing good unto all men."

Real Estate Notes.

A week or two ago the Jacob Loud homestead was sold by auction to Mr. David J. Pierce, of the Landing, the price being $3100. Evidence that real estate is in active demand in South Weymouth is shown in the sale this week, of the same property to Mr. Frank W. Thomas, of J. Dyer's grocery. Mr. Pierce purchased at auction last Saturday, the Lemuel Merritt estate in South Weymouth, at favorable rate.

Pastoral.

Rev. L. H. Frary, of Pomona, Cala., former pastor of the Union Religious Society, has been sojourning among the New Hampshire hills for a month past, and on his return to visit friends here will occupy his former pulpit by request three successive Sundays, the dates being Sept. 22 and 29, and Oct. 6. All his old friends will be pleased to hear him.

Marine Notes.

The new schr. Joel F. Sheppard, Capt. Brower, arrived at Quincy Point, Saturday morning, where she is unloading coal.

Schooner F. H. Odiorn, Capt. Hopkins, with 405 tons of white ash coal for A. J. Richards & Sons, arrived Friday.

Schooner W. C. Wickham, Capt. Elwell, with 550 tons of Cumberland coal for the same firm, arrived Saturday.

Schooner F. H. Odiorn sailed for Boston Tuesday, in ballast.

Excursion.

Many residents of Weymouth and Braintree made the O. C. R. R. excursion to Newport Tuesday last, and others who desired to go were cut off by the announcement of "tickets all sold" at the Boston station. These excursions, at the low fare of $1.00, have been very popular, and a continuance of them for a few weeks would be profitable to the O. C. Company. Hon. John Foster Gray, who made the trip, says it was a most enjoyable affair, and is enthusiastic over his ride on what he terms "the electric *horse* cars."

Suffering Ended.

Mrs. Elzeard Lowery, who recently underwent the amputation of a leg at the thigh, in the hope that the progress of gangrenous disease might be arrested, died last Friday, after a period of great suffering extending through several months. Funeral services were held on Sunday last, Rev. Mr. Eaton, her pastor, officiating, and the remains were interred in the Village Cemetery.

Semi-Centennial.

The semi-centennial of the Universalist church occurs to day. Appropriate services will be held at 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. In the afternoon, addresses will be given by Rev. Elmer Hewitt, Rev. B. H. Davis, Rev. G. H. Emerson, D. D., Rev. A. A. Miner, D. D., and others. In the evening, Dr. W. C. B. Fifield, Mrs. Emily Fifield, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, and others, will speak. Supper will be served at 6 o'clock. The members of the parish extend a cordial invitation to all their friends to unite with them on this interesting occasion.

Store Improvements.

The store of Mr. F. A. Sulis on Lincoln square has been fitted with apparatus for steam heating, the former furnaces not giving sufficient heat in coldest weather, when the hall above was added to his store accommodations. With twenty electric lamps and a steam heater the winter business at this store will be conducted in a comfortable manner for patrons. The apparatus is called the Florida steam heater, and was put in by W. H. Pennell, of Portland, Me.

A Relic.

Capt. Josh Phillips was perambulating the lot to which the Merritt building was removed last Monday, when he noticed an article protruding from the ground, which after being dug up proved to be a gallon jug filled with whiskey or rum, the original seal not having been disturbed. It is thought that some toper must have sworn off and buried it out of his sight to remove the temptation. The jug was taken into Burrell's paint shop, when a young man standing by coolly took up the jug and walked off with it, his conclusion of the find being a surprise to those present, who would like to know whether he was the original grave digger.

Personal.

H. A. Thomas, Sup't of Mails at the Boston postoffice, has been at Washington recently, where he was called to attend a conference of leading postoffice officials relating to the improvement of the postal service, and the Washington correspondent of the Boston *Post* refers to our townsman, as follows: "Mr. Thomas, the Sup't of Mails at Boston postoffice, presided at the conference of superintendents here. Both Mr. Bigelow and Mr. Thomas have attracted attention by their good judgment and enthusiasm for the service, and their opinions have been much referred to."

Mr. Bates Torrey, of Portland, Me., formerly of South Weymouth, will publish soon a "Manual of Typewriting," which will be the pioneer textbook of the new era of instruction in typewriting by touch, and indispensable to the inquirer and valuable to teachers, while it will be full of suggestion to operators. The manual will be issued by Fowler & Wells Co., 775 Broadway, N. Y., at $1 by mail postpaid. We think our former resident has "struck oil" in this enterprise, as it meets the want of many.

Pastoral.

Rev. W. A. Farren, one of East Weymouth's native preachers, is now pastor of a Baptist church in New London, N. H., which it is stated is one of the most important pastorates in New Hampshire, being the centre of large educational influence and the town being a prominent summer resort for residents of the large cities of the Eastern States.

The Open Regatta

At Hull last Saturday was a good wind-up for the yachting season of '89, and was an event of general interest to yachtsmen all along shore. 51 entries were made embracing about all the cracks of small class in this vicinity, and the race was close over the whole route. The third class sailed a course of ten miles, the others having six miles. Fog delayed the start until 2 p. m., when the third class got away with a light easterly breeze, and kept well together until the finish, the Black Cloud being the winner in 1.42.10, the Secret and Posy following with a tie of 1.43.16, the Madge being fourth in 1.44.13, and three other boats from one to seven minutes behind. In the fourth class was the Diadem, Nereid and Eureka, the latter being first, the Diadem fifth and Nereid sixth. In the fifth class the Atala was beaten by the Mabel, their time being 1.06.34, 1.10.13. The Rocket took the inning in the sixth class in 1.11.44, with the Flora Lee 1 minute behind.

The Secret and Posy divided second and third prizes of $20 and $10, but the Madge protested them for fouling Jackknife ledge buoy. The Mabel took $25 and the Atala $20, as prizes in the fifth class; the Rocket $25 and Flora Lee $20 in sixth class.

Why Will You

Allow your health to gradually fail? If you are closely confined indoors with little or no exercise, and desire good health, you must take care of yourself. Use Sulphur Bitters, and you will have a sound mind and a strong body.

Ward 5 has as largest tax-payers, John S. Fogg, $1560; J. S. Fogg & Co., $218; Josiah Reed, $751; Winslow Blanchard, $377; William Burrell, $246; Clarence A. Hunt, $253; Mrs. Eliza Howe, $220; Henry B. Reed, $409; H. B. Reed & Co., $459; Elon Sherman, $370; Alfred Tirrell, $232; C. & P. H. Tirrell, $300; P. H. Tirrell, $325; Minot Tirrell; $354; S. Boston Ice Co, $261.

BRIEFS.

The moving of the shop of Mr. W. Merritt and of Burrell's paint shop has been accomplished, and the lots are much improved by the transfer.

Mr. Herbert Pray, wife and child Brackett attended the meeting Monday of the California pioneers, he being a '49er, having embarked in the ship Orion, from Boston, Capt. Joshua Phillips of Weymouth, being a companion, and this is his first visit to the east since his departure. He is uncle to Lt.-Gov. Brackett, and is a native of Quincy.

Mr. Frank J. Wilbar, of New York city, son of Mr. Jason Wilbar, of this place, has been elected a director of the Wakefield Land & Loan Co., doing business throughout the state of New York.

Mrs. Stephen Price has returned from her mountain sojourn.

It is said that Salter Kittrell will remove from Hingham to this place.

Mr. Bumford, residing on Congress street, intends to soon remove to Braintree.

112 cases were presented for trial at the criminal term of the Superior Court at Dedham, opened last Monday.

Two excellent young men residing on Summer street are about to take to themselves helpmeets.

Standing of the billiard tournament to Sept. 12.

Willie White, played 12, won 10, lost 2; W. J. Whiting, played 14, won 9, lost 5; Ed White, played 12, won 7, lost 5; J. D. Walsh, played 10, won 5, lost 5; Henry Rowell, played 12, won 4, lost 8; Geo. Partridge, played 12, won 2, lost 10.

The Ladies' Cemetery Improvement Association will meet with Mrs. Marcia Hunt, Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 18, at 2.30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

Mrs. Albert J. Tirrell has received a pension with a good amount of back pay, said to be $1200 or $1400.

Edward T. Newcomb attended the agricultural fair at Marshfield today. He has not missed going there for the past eight years.

Rev. Mr. Crossley, of Brunswick, Me., who has been passing his vacation in Weymouth, has occupied the pulpit of the Universalist church in Plymouth for two Sundays. Mr. and Mrs. Crossley returned to Brunswick yesterday.

The Carpenters' Unions, No. 417 of Quincy and No. 420 of Weymouth, will hold a public meeting in Town Hall, South Braintree, Tuesday, Sept. 17th, at 7.30 o'clock. For particulars see ad. in another column.

"Fifty Years of Progress," will be the subject of Rev. Mr. Eaton's sermon in the Universalist church, next Sunday morning.

Rev. B. F. Eaton, of Weymouth, gave a valuable essay on "Our Opportunity" at the Universalist minister's meeting Monday, in which he deplored the lack of religious zeal of the Protestant young men of the present day, and said that 75 per cent. did not in reality attend to their church duties.

A soap that will swim in the water is too light to wear well. Brussels soap is boiled dowh until it will sink like a stone.

The exposees of spiritualism did not draw a house Friday evening last at Lincoln hall, and gave up the exhibition.

The soldiers' monument at North Weymouth is much in need of repairs, the base being cracked, and its whole appearance being shabby.

The *Brockton Fair News* says that the Brockton Fair, after its fifteen former successes, is to be more of a success this year than ever before. The society offers more and larger premiums this year, and with the various attractions on the track there will not be a dull hour in the whole four days.

Mr. E. F. Linton, vice commodore of the Monatiquot Yacht Club, will soon return to his residence in East New York, with his family. He has done much to make things lively in yachting matters here this season, and has the thanks of all interested.

The semi-annual meeting of the Norfolk conference will be held in the Congregational church, Bridgewater, the 24th inst., with interesting exercises, in which Rev. Mr. Alvord, of South Weymouth, will furnish a topic for discussion, in a paper on "How can the real needs of our field be best brought out and met."

Willie Hunt participated in the Old Colony excursion to Newport, Tuesday.

Workmen are busy suspending the hoods for the arc lamps.

Miss Susan C., daughter of Augustus J. Richards, left this week for Wellesley, where she will take a four years course in the Wellesley college for girls.

Horace M. Hamilton, gateman at the depot, is again confined to his home with rheumatism.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kelley participated in the Old Colony excursion to Newport, Tuesday.

The Ashwood Cemetery Association holds its annual meeting next Monday evening, with Mrs. Elias Richards.

The new Deane pump at the water station has a capacity of 1,500,000 gallons, the same as the Blake pump at the station.

The largest assessments of taxes in ward 3 are to Augustus J. Richards $524; A. J. Richards & Sons, $18; estate Warren Weston, $592; John B. Rhines & Co., $304; David J. Pierce, $214; W. K. Baker, $289; Geo. H. Bicknell, $286; A. W. Clapp, $472; estate Adoram Clapp, $725; Frank E. Loud, $304.

We are requested to state that there will *not* be a concert by the American Band this evening.

A man and wife living near here is is said have not spoken to each other for nearly two years, although they are living together.

Mrs. S. E. Hobart has a new and extensive stock of ladies' underwear, jackets of fall styles, and other goods, at prices which must bring quick sales. See card.

G. B. Loud will remove to his father's tenement on Congress street, next month.

J. W. Hart & Co. employ nearly double the help now than one year ago.

Messrs. A. J. Richards & Sons have discharged nearly two thousand tons of coal from vessels this week.

Contractor William Bouldry, of South Weymouth, is erecting a house and stable for Jason Wilbar, on Summer street.

Annie L. Coffey and Nellie E. Whelan, graduates at the North High school are teaching at Marshfield and Marlboro.

Letters remain in the postoffice for Michael Dunn, George Davis for Patt Feely, Mrs. Nellie Emery, John L. Hunt, Mrs. Hannah Pratt, James R. D. Pitts.

JAMES W. RAND, P. M.

John Billings has taken a situation at the manufactory of John E. Drake, of Quincy.

Mr. Winslow, proprietor of Winslow's Boston and Quincy Express, has put into his residence a J. I. Bates Hot Water Heater.

Mrs. Erastus Nash has recently been quite ill, but is now on the mending hand.

A band of gypsies are encamped on Main street, just above the corner of Washington street.

Prince Nash has a very prolific hen, of the Plymouth Rock breed, which has laid thus far this season 115 eggs and shows no sign yet of taking a vacation.

What will do more washing than three cakes of common rosinous soap? One cake of Brussels.

A Great Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that any druggist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle *free*. It never fails to cure acute or chronic coughs. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Large Bottles 50 cents and $1.

Saved.

Clayton Walsh, a lad of about six years, son of Mr. John Walsh, was playing upon the floating stage at the yacht club house last Saturday, when he fell overboard, and had a narrow escape from drowning, as he had gone down twice before he was rescued by Mr. John Phillips.

It Is Foolish

To send for the doctor ever time you don't feel just right. My doctor's bill for years was over a hundred dollars a year, which made a pretty big hole in my wages. For the past two years, I only spent ten dollars, with which I bought a dozen bottles of Sulphur Bitters, and health has been in my family since using them.—ROBERT JOHNSON, Machinist.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

Hose 2 went out for drill Monday evening.

The W. C. T. Union will meet with Mrs. Z. L. Bicknell next Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Easton were at West Newbury for a few days this week.

Your arms and hands never ache when you wash with Brussels soap.

Bela P. French, of Z. L. Bicknell & Co., has gone to Lexington to visit a friend.

Rev. Eben Tirrell, presiding elder of the Norwich district, is in town visiting with his father.

Wessagusset Assembly R. S. G. F. are preparing for an entertainment to be given the latter part of this month.

The officers of Wompatuck Encampment will meet in G. A. R. hall Saturday evening for a rehearsal.

The new school building on Middle street will positively be opened next Monday morning for school.

Eureka H. & L. Co. No. 2 hold their first of a series of sociables at Engine hall, tonight.

Do not forget the grand union picnic of the Sons of Veterans, at the Park, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Raymond are sojourning at Canterbury, Conn., for a week.

The Democratic town committee will meet at the Town House Saturday evening.

George Simes, of Essex street, has sold out to George F. Peckham, and Mr. Simes goes to Malden.

Night Officer N. B. Peare is at East Turner, Me., his old home, for a week. Officer Asa B. Pratt will act as night officer during Mr. Peare's absence.

Attention is called to the sale advertisement of George Simes, of a bay mare, fourteen cows, carryall, sleighs, harnesses, etc.

Cheap grades of soap make your hands crack, because of the rosin in them. Brussels soap contains no rosin or other adulteration.

The Republican and Democratic campaign poles in Jackson square were removed Saturday by order of Selectman Dizer.

Mr. Josiah Copeland of North Weymouth, died suddenly at his residence on Commercial street yesterday. He was 83 years of age.

L. L. Barker, for 50 years a member of the Boston Veteran Fusileers, participated in their parade and supper at Ocean Spray, Winthrop, Monday.

James L. Bates Camp, S. V., met at Reynolds hall last evening, to drill for the dress parade at the Park Saturday afternoon.

A weather vane in the shape of a pen has been placed on the new Middle street school building, which although quite small will be appreciated.

Services will be held at the Unitarian church Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Subject of Rev. W. S. Key's discourse, "Out of Doubt, Progress."

The officers of Co. H. Loyal Temperance Legion for the ensuing year, are leader, Mrs. Henry B. Raymond; assistants, Mrs. William Hayden and Mrs. Elizabeth Carlton.

Hose 2 have received a letter from Progress Co. No. 3, of New Bedford, extending a vote of thanks for the manner in which they were entertained by the East Weymouth boys on their recent trip.

Last Sunday evening the Reform Club held an interesting meeting at their hall. There was singing and brief remarks by J. K. Bean, Hiram Porter, Mrs. Elizabeth Carlton, Joshua Cook, Henry B. Raymond and Charles Cram.

A holiness meeting will be held at the residence of Benjamin F. Garey, Commercial street, every Friday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, until further notice. At the meeting next week Mrs. Macfarlane will have charge.

Letters remain in the postoffice for Elisa McKinnon, Nellie Preston, Hattie Prescott, Agnes M. Ward, Benny Griswold, Benj. F. Griswold, Lewis Keay, D. Webster Pratt.

Z. L. BICKNELL, P. M.

In spite of the very bad weather Wednesday evening, a good sized audience were at Reynolds hall to witness the pranks of Peck's Bad Boy. The boy's pa, his ma, his girl, Schultz, the groceryman, and the policeman were there and kept the audience in good humor during the entire performance of two hours.

At the regular meeting of Pilgrim Lodge, K. of H., held Tuesday evening, a committee consisting of J. P. Tilden, O. T. Pratt and H. M. Makepeace, were appointed to consider the matter of increasing the weekly benefits of the lodge, and are to report at the next meeting. The sums mentioned for increase were $3, $4 and $5.

The last open air concert by the Weymouth band was given Tuesday evening in Jackson square, and although the evening was somewhat cool a good number gathered to hear it. After the concert, by invitation of D. Ghiorzi, the members of the band paid him a visit and helped themselves from his choice line of foreign and domestic fruits.

Z. L. Bicknell Hose 2 will hold the first of a series of twelve social dances at Masonic hall next Friday evening. Music, Derby's Orchestra, four pieces. This will be good news to the large fleet of young people who have in winters past attended their sociables. Capt. Edward Fahey will be the floor director and will be assisted by E. Q. S. Litchfield, C. T. Humphrey, C. E. Cushing, Wallace Whiton, T. E. Burrell, W. C. Peare and Arthur Hawes. The whole company will act as reception committee.

Mrs. George F. Farrar met with a painful accident Saturday morning which will deprive her of the use of her hands for sometime. She had been making catsup and was bottling the same when suddenly as she was pressing a stopper into position, the bottle broke, cutting one long gash in the palm of her right hand, 1 1-2 inches long, also cutting her left hand in several places. Dr. Mayberry was called to dress the wounds.

The regular meeting of James L. Bates Camp S. of V., held last Friday evening, was one of unusual interest. After a short business meeting the doors were thrown open and the ladies of the brothers were invited to enter, when a social time was enjoyed. During a lull in the exercises Capt. Eaton in a few well chosen words, presented S. V. Com. C. W. L. Hayward with a large French pastel picture of himself which was executed by E. E. Chapman, Comrade Hayward briefly responded, thanking the brothers for their pleasing gift. Ice cream, cake and fruit was then partaken of, after which there was a social hop, music being furnished by Bates' Orchestra.

The all day Holiness meeting held on Friday last was a very profitable one. Although some of the workers advertised were kept away by sickness brought on by excessive labor at the different campmeetings, yet those who came did good work for the Master.

Edward H. Kavanagh G. M., of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., has made the following appointments of interest to Weymouth lodges:—Walter W. Hersey of Hingham, has been appointed D. D. G. M. of Crescent lodge No. 82, of East Weymouth, Wildey lodge No. 21, South Weymouth, and Cohasset lodge No. 192 Cohasset. Louis A. Cook of South Weymouth as D. D. G. M. of Old Colony lodge No. 108, Hingham, North River lodge No. 167, Hanover, Standish lodge No. 177, Rockland, Puritan lodge No. 179, South Braintree, Riverside lodge (Rebekah) No. 41, Hanover, and Rose Standish lodge, (Rebekah) No. 71, Rockland.

A fine entertainment was given in Temperance hall last Monday evening, under the direction of Mrs. Henry B. Raymond, the following programme being presented:—Chorus by six girls; recitation, Arthur Beal; banjo and harmonica duet, Messrs. Sampson and Green; song, Richard Barnes; reading, Nancy Burrell; vocal duet, Mr. and Mrs. R. Green; recitation, Arthur Beal; song, Richard Barnes; vocal duett, Miss Edith Bean and Mr. E. B. Gardner; recitation, Marion Cain; banjo and harmonica duet, Messrs. Cooley and Sidelinger; song, Henry B. Raymond; recitation, Miss Prouty; song, Edith Burrell; recitation, Bertha Litchfield; duet, Messrs. Cooley and Sidelinger; recitation, Nellie R. Hayden; duet, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Raymond; reading, Miss Prouty; recitation, Marion Cain; Chorus of girls. The audience was a large and enthusiastic one, many encores being given.

Does your hands ache after you have done your week's washing? The reason is that your soap contained rosin. Brussels soap has none in its composition.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

Mrs. N. Morse has been visiting friends at Mattapan.

John F. Brown, carpenter, says he has worked away from home more than six years, eating cold dinners all that time. He is now at work for C. H. Chubbuck, on Frank Baker's house on Pearl street. Hot dinners must be a luxury for him.

The old Monatiquot shore was lined with pleasure parties on Labor day, and everything passed off quietly. Labor is honorable and it is right they should have a labor holiday. It is an Independence day which a laboring man can call his own and enjoy it.

Much Needed.

We wish to call the attention of the selectmen to the great need of a sidewalk on River street, from the residence of George Sampson to the hill towards the Beach, north. There is a large amount of foot travel on that street, and no sidewalk worth mentioning. One can pick their way along in the daytime but in the evening must go in the street, which is very unpleasant.

Dr. W. A. Drake informed us Tuesday that with a population of some fifteen hundred in Old Spain, there was only one person sick enough to need the attendance of a physician, and that was Mrs. G. O. Miller, who is a very sick woman. She is attended by Dr. Tinkham and the doctor thinks she will get well, but is improving very slowly.

Dr. W. A. Drake left home Tuesday week for northern Maine, to spend a few weeks there, his principal object being to be cured of hay fever, which he has quite bad. He intended to devote much of his time to fishing on the lakes and gunning. Mrs. Drake accompanied the doctor to her old home in the Pine Tree State, where she will visit until her husband is ready to return home.

Mr. George Walker of North Weymouth and Miss Mary W. Joy of East Weymouth, were united in marriage last Tuesday evening, at the residence of the bride's parents on Middle street, and the respected couple were the happy recipients of a large number of rich and beautiful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Walker, after receiving the happy congratulations of those present, left home for a wedding tour to the White Mountains, and will be at home after Sept. 25, on Middle street, East Weymouth. We wish them a long and happy life, and extend hearty thanks for wedding cake.

Mr. George O. Miller has a Duchess pear tree that has a second crop of pears growing and looking finely.

Mr. Robert Clark was thrown from his cart Monday morning in his woodyard, and but for the cart colliding with a heavy wagon and the fortunate presence of Mr. Perigo, who held the horse, Mr. Clark would have been run over and seriously injured, if not killed.

Herbert A. Newton and wife left home Wednesday for Vermont, on a pleasure trip, to visit their relatives and friends for a week or more.

Joseph L. Newton is making an extended tour through Maine, Vermont and New Hampshire, and will take in all the principal places of interest on his route.

Chester Ford has purchased a new horse this week. He is a fine trotter and a "daisy."

Edward Dyer has put in power into his shoe factory this week.

Major Francis A. Bicknell returned home from Milwaukee Wednesday morning. Mrs. Bicknell will come later.

Miss S. Lizzie Fisher, bookkeeper at J. W. Bartlett & Co's, is away on a week's vacation.

Officer G. G. French recently purchased a dozen musk melons of a peddler, telling him to deliver them at his house and leave them near the pump in the back yard. The man tried to do as he was told, but was somewhat puzzled when he found two pumps, one of which was Mr. French's and one his neighbor's, and as it happened they were left near the neighbor's pump, who upon his arrival home from work supposed someone had made him a present. As he is naturally generous he put them in a basket and gave them out one at a time to his neighbors and friends, who no doubt enjoyed them, if Goddard did not.

N. M.

The North Weymouth Cemetery Circle will meet with Mrs. James Humphrey, Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 17, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

MRS. AUGUSTUS BEALS, Sec'y.

The last Massachusetts labor report gives the following facts in regard to Weymouth: There are 3345 ratable polls in town, of whom 104 are not voters, 311 are aliens and 2930 voters. Of the voters 2467 are native born, 463 are foreign born. Only 27.28 per cent. of the population are voters, and 9.30 per cent. of voters are foreign born. This per cent. is much less than the per cent. of foreign born voters of the state, 17.45, while the voting population of the town is proportionally larger than that of the state, 22.79. Of the legal voters 2170 were born in Massachusetts, 205 were other native born, 395 were born in Ireland, 32 in Nova Scotia, and others scattering. Of the aliens 183 were born in Ireland, 57 in Nova Scotia. It is noticed that the majority of those born in Ireland become voters, while the majority of those from the British provinces do not. In 1884 Norfolk led all other counties in the percentage of possible votes cast.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor held its semi-annual meeting Monday evening, at the residence of Miss E. F. F. Lovell. The following officers were elected:—Pres., Mr. R. F. Alvord; vice do., Mr. C. L. Seabury; sec'y, Mrs. Wm. O. Collyer; treas., Miss M. P. Pratt; chairman of Outlook Committee, Rev. W. D. Leland; chairman of Prayer Meeting Committee, Miss E. E. F. Lovell; ch. Social Committee, R. F. Alvord; ch. Missionary Committee, Sam'l G. Rockwood; ch. Flower Committee, Miss C. T. Dyer.

"Fifty years of Progress" will be the subject of Rev. Mr. Eaton's sermon in the Universalist church next Sunday afternoon.

Yacht Club Meeting.

At a meeting of Monatiquot Club Monday evening the club appropriated $50 toward defraying the expenses of a sociable for next Saturday evening on the occasion of the presentation of the Linton trophies, and appointed as committee to arrange for the event, N. F. T. Hunt, T. D. Bagley, J. M. Knight, R. G. Hunt, A. W. Blanchard. The committee are arranging an enjoyable programme, to consist of a Yachtsman's supper, music by a quartette of colored gentlemen from Boston, informal remarks from members, etc. The occasion will be for gentlemen only, and exclusively for members of the Club and the crews of the yachts that sailed for the cups. Supper at 7.45 o'clock, in the lower hall.

A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Linton for the donation of the trophy cups. Resolutions were passed discontinuing rudder sculling in regattas, and protesting against the decision in the case of the Erin vs. Moondyne, having reference to such sculling, which is contrary to rules and uncourteous to rival boats though we fail to see the advantage to be gained by this use of the rudder. Sculling is properly a turning of the oar at angles which give the necessary resistance for propulsion, but the mere working of it from side to side without turning would be useless. A vote was also passed to expel all members whose dues remain unpaid Jan. 1 next, their names to be posted in the clubhouse.

Sail Off.

The championship sail off between the Erin and Moondyne, and Madge and Posy was sailed off Fort Point Monday. The Erin increased her lead throughout the course, finishing in advance. The Madge was delayed at the start on account of the Moondyne fouling and parting her mainsheet, but she drew up on the Posy and passed her on the run from Wreck buoy to Hull. On the run home the Madge parted her spinnaker boom, but finished with a good lead and takes the cup in her class. The Erin wins it in the first class. Judges: T. D. Bagley, and Jas. Hunt. Summary—Erin, John Cavanagh, 1.05.00; Moondyne, A. J. Shaw, 1.12.03; Madge, W. H. Howes, 1.05.50; Posy, R. G. Hunt, 1.07.02.

A Sensible Man

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle *Free* to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Large Bottles 50c and $1.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

If the parties who stole those sheets from the line in the yard of Mrs. J. E. French will call at the house, they can have some pillow cases to match.

The directors of the Agricultural Society who volunteered to post the Weymouth Fair bills have put on their war paint and seven league boots, and are determined to paint the country red.

A man who has been raided lately says if it had been cheap whiskey he would not have cared, but he paid 65 cents a gallon for it and thinks it a pity to have it wasted.

The Orcutt family celebrate today on the Fair grounds, and a dinner will be served in the hall.

The Actives cross bats with the Hinghams next Saturday.

Mr. Daniel Conners has just returned from an extensive tour. Since he left home he has visited Ireland, Wales and England, and reports that it was the best excursion he ever made.

Mr. Bradford, the public schools music teacher, contemplates giving a series of lessons to all the school children in a body. That would almost equal a Gilmore jubilee.

It has been said that all the dogs in town will hold a bow-wow on the park about the 20th, to celebrate the day for discarding their muzzles.

Otis Cushing has just added to his stage stock of horses a magnificent iron grey. It was a warm morning, but there was no flies on him.

There is one family moved into town lately who seem to be exempt from suspicion of robbing the clothes line. One of the family, quite a large girl, went into a grocery store to purchase necessities of life, and when about to pay the man told her to inform her mother that he had some nice cotton cloth which he was selling very cheap. She wanted to know what use they made of it, when he said it was used mostly for under clothing. She replied that it would be of no use to tell her mother about it, for the reason that they never wore any.

Paving around the drinking fountain at Columbian square is a decided improvement.

The Catholic church is neatly painted in two colors, and is a credit to Mr. Conners, the contractor.

The John P. Lovells Arms Co's base ball nine will be highly appreciated next Saturday, at the Fair grounds, and with the King Phillips will make a nice game. PERO.

Letters remain in South Weymouth post office, Sept. 11, for Mrs. Otto Cotthans, John Hamilton, Mr. Kuchen, Mrs. Nettie Loud.

It stands to reason that a good heavy cake of soap will do more washing than a light one, because there is more stock in it. Brussels soap will not float.

Gen. Putnam Hose 4.

Some three or four years ago the engine house at Nash's corner was destroyed by fire, and since that time, although there has been a company there, the only thing they had in the shape of a fire apparatus was an express wagon, in which was their hose, this wagon being kept in a neighboring barn. Within a few months a new house

EK!

thing House.

Pest Extermination.

C. D. Harlow & Co.'s,

INSECT DESTROYER

—AND—

ORY!

Agent.

Steam Laundry.

TOWN.

giving us a trial.

th Weymouth.

AINS

Sept. 7.

OSE, sizes 7 1-2, 8, 8 1-2, will be

Pair.

8 cents per yard, will be sold on

Yard.

SMITH,

UTH WEYMOUTH.

PAGE,

STS.

A"

from Horsford's Acid Phosphate

d Chemical Works, Providence.

quantities.

A WATER

ND CREAM,

efully Prepared.

TO LET.

House corner of Essex and Broad streets. particulars, apply to T. W. FRENCH, Essex street, Weymouth.

William T. Rice,

NDERTAKER

and Funeral Director.

ts, Coffins, Robes, Etc.,

very description in stock, or furnished

e short notice.

ages, Flowers, Wreaths, Etc.,

furnished when desired.

ation given to the Laying Out and Care of Bodies.

BALMING A SPECIALTY.

ers promptly attended to day or night.

urnished for funerals and other occasions.

y special arrangement, patrons at the and other parts of the town, who require es, may use the Public Telephone Stations pense.

had 15 years experience, I feel confident satisfaction in all requirements of the

WAREROOMS AND RESIDENCE:

ON SQUARE, EAST WEYMOUTH

G-21-tf

Mortgagee's Sale.

tue of a power of sale contained in a cer- mortgage given by Hiram Nadell, of th, in the County of Norfolk and Com- th of Massachusetts, to William W. Bail- d Weymouth, dated February first, A. D. recorded in Norfolk County Registry of ook 649, Page 76, and for the breach of thereof by reason of the failure to pay st on the same when due, will be sold at ction, on the premises hereinafter de- n the twenty fourth day of September, A. at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, all and sin- e premises described in said mortgage, —A certain tract of land situated in Wey- oresaid, on the easterly side of Summer th the buildings thereon, containing about ght thousand square feet, be the same more ounded and described as follows, viz:— ning at a point on Summer street afore- e southwesterly corner of land of Con- llandler, thence running easterly along d of said Chandler, about four hundred five feet, or to the easterly line of the e piece, purchased of A. J. Richards; ming and running southerly on said east about fifty-nine feet or to the wall; thence and running westerly along the line of t four hundred and sixty five feet, or to rly line of said Summer street; thence nd running northerly along the easterly d Summer street about sixty-five feet to of beginning—bounded northerly by land nt S. Chandler, easterly by land of A. J. southerly by land of A. J. Richards, and y said Summer street.

emises will be sold subject to a mortgage ired dollars and accrued interest, made ymouth Savings Bank.

made known at sale.

LLIAM W. BOULDRY, Mortgagee.

uth, Aug. 30, 1889. 20-22

HOLDEN & SLADEN,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Fine Groceries,

FLOUR, GRAIN,

TEAS, COFFEES, PURE SPICES.

Creamery Butter in 5 pound boxes, a specialty.

☞ Our prices are as low as consistent with first class goods. ☜

North Weymouth Depot Store.

I. N. HOLDEN. W. J. SLADEN.

25th Annual Exhibition

—OF THE—

WEYMOUTH

Agricultural and Industrial Society

WILL BE HELD AT THEIR

FAIR GROUNDS, SOUTH WEYMOUTH,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, 27, 28, 1889.

The management have spared no expense to make this season's Exhibition the greatest in its history.

FIRST DAY.—CHILDREN'S DAY.

Children under 12 years of age ADMITTED FREE, when accompanied by parents or guardians.

10 A.M. **Boys' Game of Base Ball.** Purse, $5.
10.15 A.M. Class 1—BROOD MARES, $5, $2, Diploma.
10.30 A.M. Class 2—COLTS & FILLYS, 1 year old and under 2. $5, $1, Diploma.
11 A.M. Class 3—COLTS & FILLYS, 2 years old and under 3. $5, $2, Diploma.
11.30 A.M. Class 4—COLTS & FILLYS, 3 years old and under 4. $5, $2, Diploma.
12 M. Class 5—STALLIONS. $10, $5, Diploma.
12.30 P.M. Class 6—FAMILY HORSES. $5, $3, Diploma.
1 P.M. Class 9—**TROTTING.** 2 min. Race. Purse, $50 divided.
1.15 P.M. **1-2 MILE RUNNING RACE FOR BOYS** under 12 years. Purse, $2, $1.
2 P.M. Class 12—**TROTTING.** 2.45 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2.30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** Purse, $35. **Actives,** of S. Weymouth, vs. **N. Weymouths**

A PUNCH AND JUDY SHOW will be in attendance all day.

SECOND DAY.

10 A.M. Class 7—DRAUGHT HORSES. Class 1—Four-Horse Teams. For best performance to wagon, $3; 2d do., $2. For best driver of the same, $1; 2d do., Diploma. Class 2—Two Horse Teams. Best performance to wagon, $2; 2d do., Diploma. For best driver of the same, $1.50; 2d do., Diploma. Class 3—Two-Horse Teams to Drag. Prizes same as in Class 2. Class 4—Single Teams. Best horse to wagon, $2; 2d do., Diploma. Best horse to drag, $2; 2d do., Diploma. Four-in hand Exercise on the track (light hitch.) For best performance with four-in hand, consisting of straight and curved driving, backing, etc., Whip; 2d do., Diploma.
10.30 A. M. WALKING HORSES. 1-2 Mile Heats. $3, $2, Diploma.
11 A.M. HUMPHREY'S CELEBRATED GROUP OF 16 EDUCATED OR

TRAINED HORSES,

which are the very best performing Horses known in an outdoor exhibition. The society have been at great expense to procure this group, and wish you all to see them. NOW IS THE TIME!
1 P.M. Class 10—**TROTTING.** 2.50 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2 P.M. Class 13—**TROTTING.** 2.40 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2.30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** North Abington H. & L. vs. South Weymouth H. & L. for a purse.
3 P.M. Humphrey's Group of 16 Educated or TRAINED HORSES.

THIRD DAY.

10.30 A.M. Class 11—**Wagon Race** for horses of no better record than 2.50. Purse, 20 divided—$10, $5, $3, $2.
11 A.M. **Free to all Running Race for Horses.** 1-2 mile heats, best 3 in 5. Purse, $25 divided—$15 to 1st, $10 to 2d.
12 M. **Cavalcade.**
1 P.M. **PACING RACE.** 2.30 Class. Purse, $50 divided.
1.30 P.M. **TROTTING.** Free to all. Purse, $100 divided.
2 P.M. **One Mile Bicycle Race.** Open to all for suitable prizes.
2.30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** Purse, $75.
EAST WEYMOUTHS vs. KING PHILLIPS of Rockland.
4 P.M. **HANDICAP BICYCLE RACE** for suitable prizes.

☞ In the Trotting and Pacing events, the purses will be divided into 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent.

Entries for the Trotting Races should be made to J. A. Cushman, North Weymouth; D. W. Barrows, South Weymouth; Richard L. Hunt, Weymouth. Entries close Sept. 20, 1889.

MUSIC for Friday, WEYMOUTH BAND, R. F. Raymond, Conductor; for Saturday, AMERICAN BAND, of South Weymouth, J. M. Whitcomb, Conductor.

ADMISSION TO THE GROUNDS, 30 cents. Children under 12 (Friday and Saturday), 15 cents.
Carriages, 25 cents. Three day Tickets, 70 cents. Admission to hall Free.

☞ Arrangements have been made with the O. C. R. R. for reduced rates from all stations. Last train leaves South Weymouth for Boston, at 6.20 P.M.

OFFICERS FOR 1889. President—B. F. Poole. Vice Presidents—Alvah Raymond, J. M. Cutting, J. A. Cushman. Treasurer—Gordon Willis. Secretary—J. G. Hutchins. Supt of Grounds, E. S. Wright. Supt of Tents—William B. Hersey. Supt of Poultry—Fred'k Reed. Supt of Stock—O. L. Reed. Track Committee—J. A. Cushman, D. W. Barrows, Richard L. Hunt. Supt of Hall—E. P. Tirrell.

COMMITTEE TO RECEIVE AND CALL FOR CONTRIBUTIONS. J. A. Cushman, Wilmot Cleverly, Samuel Thompson, North Weymouth. Henry Lord, Jacob F. Dizer, East Weymouth. Avery S. Howe, Nelson Blanchard, Henry Shaw, South Weymouth. B. F. Poole, Rockland. Charles Hawes, Lovell's Corner. Edward Nolan, Nash's Corner.

CHIEF MARSHAL AND CHIEF OF POLICE, GEORGE B. BAILEY.

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Students can commence on and after TUESDAY, Sept. 3. All Business Studies individually taught, including Short-hand and Typo-Writing. Competent Students assisted to positions. Tuition, payable middle of Term, $10 for 20 lessons of two hours each in any branches taught, $13 for 4 weeks.—$35 for 12 weeks.—$100 for 40 weeks. Call or send for JOURNAL.

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A. M. BACHELDER & CO.,

- - Prescription Druggists, - -

WASHINGTON STREET, - - - WEYMOUTH, MASS.

Important Notice to our Customers

INTENDED TO USE THE

ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Permits for the use of same are required on all POLICIES, and we respectfully request our CUSTOMERS to bring or send their policies to us, or drop a line and we will call. No CHARGE.

A. S. JORDAN & CO.

A. S. JORDAN. E. T. JORDAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1870.

Also Successors to Elias S. Beals and Elias Richards.

MAIN OFFICES:

Washington Street, near Richmond Street, - - Weymouth
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No. 60 State Street, - - - - - - - - - Boston, Mass

Weymouth Office Hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Telephone No. 62-5.

ANIDROSIS!

The undersigned, having taken the agency for Dr. Cobant's Compound Vapor Baths, is now prepared to give

BATHS,

and furnish DOMESTIC OUTFITS and SUPPLIES at short notice.

Office at residence on North street, near the corner of Sea street, North Weymouth, Mass.

WILLIAM R. FRENCH, Sole Agent for Weymouth.

TO LET!

Two Large Barns on the estate of the late Caleb Stetson, Esq., at East Braintree, suitable for boarding stable and milk farm. One building is 38x50, 18 feet posts, and is fitted with stalls for 7 cows and 5 horses, grain box, harness room, large calf pen; good cellar under the whole building. The other is fitted with 7 box stalls, 6 single stalls, harness room, large grain chest, &c. All stalls are furnished with iron stable fixtures. This building is 30x60, 18 feet posts, with cellar under the whole. Will be let together or separate. These buildings are in first-class condition throughout. Carriages and sleighs stored for the season on reasonable terms. For further particulars inquire of B. J. LORING, East Braintree, agent for G. R. Stetson, Esq. G-2-tf

Letter from Maine.

OLD ORCHARD BEACH, Aug. 25, 1889.

Dear Gazette:—

Being at this summer resort for a brief outing, it is suggested to us that a line or two in description of the same may strike the eye agreeably of those readers familiar only with the South Shore.

We too have recollections of home waters, when—

In Quincy Bay a summer's day
Becalmed, and drifting with ebb tide,
By granite laden scows we glide;
Out by Hough's Neck, low lying in the sun,
To clustered Hull and stately Pemberton,
On glassy wave, by isles of uncouth name, we ride—

A summer's day in Quincy Bay.

Not very long ago the words "Old Orchard" called attention to a summer resort that seemed to be far away "down East," where the beach was said to be wide, and the surf wonderful. Let me relieve myself of one fact at the very outset, the beach is not one whit better than Nantasket, though the surf may be a trifle more majestic and awe-inspiring. The waves are powerful as well, as I found when in their Titanic embrace.

The principal hotels resemble the Atlantic and Rockland Houses in style and exclusiveness, but there is no prototype of Hotel Nantasket, with its ever floating sea of transients, brass band and open bar. The Maine law, however much maligned, has a beneficial influence, and at a place like this, where steady-going people crave for quiet, that influence cannot be overestimated.

Of course, of a Sunday, one will encounter large excursions from adjacent country. There will be some French people of the working class from Biddeford and Saco, and perhaps a few roughs from Portland; but it is a well behaved company, indulging in simple amusements, lolling on the sands, chewing peanuts, and uttering expressions of delight at sight of the expanse of beach and ocean.

It is a curious circumstance to me that there are so many Canadians here. But they are drawn to Old Orchard, I am told, by the superb bathing; and, in fact, indulgence in bathing is the prime feature of the place. I never saw anything like it at the time when a dip in the water is most general, namely, about an hour before dinner. The shore in front of Hotel Fiske is black with bathers, which of course draws to the brink many spectators. And lounging in the sand is not considered undignified by anybody.

I was much amused to witness what to some readers may appear a foolish transaction, namely, two pretty young ladies who became possessed of the freak to be buried alive in the sand.

The inevitable young man was in attendance, and was induced to spend a weary half hour shovelling the sand over the fair forms. They looked awfully cute lying there, with their pretty faces just above the mound, shaded by an umbrella; and their beauty and the mischief in their eyes added to the picture.

After the job was finished the young man capped the climax by filling his tin pail with damp sand and decorating the pile with pinnacles that looked more like loaves of brown bread than anything else. Then he slyly abstracted a placard from in front of a small hash house near by, which read "HOT FISH AND CLAM CHOWDERS," and posted it in front of the fair recliners. Thereupon some of the observers nearly split with laughter at the tableau. The young ladies did not seem to notice very much the attention they were attracting, and apparently were enjoying themselves hugely.

After awhile, tired of the play, they attempted to rise; but that was impossible. Consternation overspread the two countenances, which was even more funny than all the rest. They called for the young man, and implored him to undo his building. This he did laboriously, and they were finally able to stagger to their feet, shock themselves a moment or two, and then tripped away with much glee. But what if the young man had not been at hand?

At the hotels the round of pleasure is about the same as elsewhere. They dance a great deal; or as a fellow remarked to me—"They dance all night, and sleep all day." He rather exaggerated it, however, for the hops are very choice affairs. The small orchestra is an indispensable attachment to every hotel of importance, and it plays morning and evening. The outsider on such occasions ventures upon the verandas, and looks in to see the festivities. Fine toilettes are common, and steel pen coats numerous. Children are tripping about, dancing as well—and ten times as prettily—as their elders.

I never noticed before so much of what may be called distinctively beach dressing. Everyone wears the insignia of pleasure. Tennis suits prevail, for that is another fad of Old Orchard; there are a plenty of pretty flannel suits, and many "nifty" caps.

Every sand lounger and stroller has a paper covered novel in hand; verily this is where such literature luxuriates.

Train time at the station, and then the falling into line at the Post Office just after the train's arrival, are two important items in the day's doings. Just before the Boston train arrives at 8 p. m. the station platform is a scene of excitement only rivaled by the few moments just after the cars are gone, when the air is full of greetings, the rumble of baggage is heard, and the strident tongue of the hackman who makes night hideous as he hauls in his appropriate booty, and the newcomer resignedly gives himself over to the pillagesque to follow. For the season here is short, and charges are made accordingly. Everything has exorbitant figures attached, and if the hand is plunged into the pocket for a nickel, it is best to remember the surprise of yesterday and fish out a dime instead. A three cent paper costs five, ten cents is the price for a seaside polish of one's low cuts, peaches fetch from five to eight cents. If the hotels charge for board in proportion, I wonder how the guests maintain such an air of cheerfulness. I contracted for my family at a little dollars-day house, so manage to be jolly without an effort; and at the same time can afford to be amused at my surroundings.

As I write trains are bringing in myriads of excursionists, whom it costs but little to get here, as the railroads are foxy about that matter; but the moment the blooming countryman sets foot on this remarkable shore he pays ten cents per breath for every whiff of entertainment he absorbs. That is, unless he buys peanuts, which are at a regular tariff, and sits on the sand deriving a full measure of enjoyment holding the hand of his Marian.

It is awfully cold bathing, and the effort has on two occasions cost me all the moral courage and physical strength I could muster. After one gets in, and has ducked, it is all right, and the swing of the mighty deep stimulates just that sort of mild excitement which makes bathing so beneficial. My theory is that this very effort and stimulation is the true source of benefit to those fashionable creatures who will put more exertion into a half hour's bath at Old Orchard than they have devoted to honest labor or hearty pleasure all the rest of the year combined.

But in the midst of life we are in death; in other words—life bath its compensations. While I have been enjoying Old Orchard to the full—wondering at the number of plain women, and why even passable looking humanity will disfigure itself with green glasses and clothing of the conventional convict stripe—trouble has been brewing, for the hair on one's face will grow.

Now next to the coast of Maine mosquito the Old Orchard shave is a sad thing to contemplate. There is a hint of gore about both.

Bill Nye has described his experience in the barber shop presided over by a Sioux Indian, whose tongue lolled from one corner of his mouth like a red flannel petticoat from a second story window, and whose jaws made a blood curdling click at every passage of the razor. My tonsorial apology held his mouth all right, but he didn't seem to know how to hold the instrument of torture. He was a huge African, who looked as though he might be chief exhorter evenings at the camp ground, and his customary expression was one of rapt gazing into space. His voice was a deep bass, and the source thereof being near at hand, every remark he made grated unpleasantly upon my hearing. As I said, he held his mouth all right, but becoming lost in the consideration of his immortal soul, or in admiration of his magnificent vocal powers, he forgot to guide his tool in the way it should go, and I was made to feel like a lamb led to slaughter.

Last season I was foolish enough to hazard my physiognomy in the shop of an artist in lather up near the camp ground, and my experience in the woods makes my face twinge now at the recollection. This summer, being one year older, I determined to come within the bounds of civilization for tonsorial pleasures. The charge in both cases was FIFTEEN cents, but I doubt if the Bastille could of old furnish more concentrated torture than fell to my lot at each sitting. And upon consideration I am resolved that I would rather sentence my dear est foe to ten minutes of the sanguinary entertainment I received at the hands of the Old Orchard barbers than substitute for it one hour of the ancient thumbscrews and the rack.

Yours truly,
BATES TORREY.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50 cts. and $1 per bottle, at A. M. Bachelder & Co's, Weymouth; Colby & Page's, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover's, East Weymouth, Druggistores.

The '49ers.

The California pioneers of '49 resident in this town attended the annual reunion of their association in Boston last Monday, among them being Selectman Geo. A. Cushing, Capt. Joshua Phillips, E. P. Worster, John Phillips, Jotham Salisbury, Alexis Torrey and others. It was announced that an excursion of the pioneers to California in April next had been proposed, which was received with favor.

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with Abscess of Lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of lung troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at A. M. Bachelder & Co's, Weymouth; Colby & Page's, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover's, East Weymouth; Druggists.

The beach is being rapidly vacated by cottagers and hotel keepers, and the sands are no longer enlivened by the presence of the excursionist. The mountain region routes will soon offer cheap rates to various beautiful spots in that region.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. M. Bachelder & Co., Weymouth; Colby & Page, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover, East Weymouth.

Dean's Rheumatic Pills are a sure cure for all forms of Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Entirely vegetable, always safe.

The business in folding furniture is very extensive. The industry has its headquarters at the warerooms of Paine's Furniture Co., 48 Canal street, Boston, who are agents for all the different manufacturers. They issue a special catalogue of folding furniture. It is a most interesting volume.

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT

German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend upon SULPHUR BITTERS & will cure you.

Do you suffer with that tired and languid feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS & it will cure you.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and work shops; clerks who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR Bitters. They will not then be weak and sickly.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS & it never fails to cure.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS and health will follow.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, giving you fresh hard.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better to-morrow.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy. Free.

Marriages and Deaths.

DIED.

In East Weymouth, Sept. 4, Bessie H., daughter of Job E. and Mary J. Ewell, aged 6 months, 15 days.

In East Weymouth, Sept. 5, Emma J., daughter of James and Johanna Grady, aged 11 years, 5 months, 30 days.

In Weymouth, Sept. 7, Margaret A. Lowery, aged 54 years, 13 days.

About Tables.

There are tables without number. It is one of the most prolific branches of the Furniture tree.

We show 193 distinct patterns.

A walk through our aisles will reveal the exact embodiment of your wish, if it exists.

Where there is such a multitudinous variety, selection becomes an important matter. You want what you want. Insist on getting it. If you do not readily find it, come here. You can hardly go wrong in relying upon us to have it.

Via trita, via tuta. "The beaten path is the safe path." And you but follow the majority when you come to

Paine's Furniture Co.,

48 CANAL ST., South Side Boston & Maine Depot. BOSTON.

MR. GEORGE A. MILES is salesman with the above firm and would be pleased to meet his fellow townsmen at their salesrooms and serve them from the finest and most extensive stock of Furniture in this country.

REAL ESTATE.

In North Weymouth, house, stable and an acre of land; near depot, church, store, etc.; some young fruit trees; nice shade trees in front; house of eight or nine rooms. This place, for sale or to let on reasonable terms, gives a chance to secure a cosy home for yourself at once; so you had better improve your opportunity.

In Weymouth, story and a half house of eight rooms and ell; 18,000 feet of land on Washington street, 75 feet front; well insured and free and clear. The house is old fashioned, so will sell cheap; but the site is a good one.

In South Weymouth, Weymouth Landing, North and East Weymouth—Building lots from one to ten cents per foot, all on accepted streets, and some of them very choice lots.

In Weymouth, 8.00 feet of land, 20 feet front, on best street in town, near everything desirable, with a shop on it that can be altered (at small expense) into a nice little house, as it was built with reference to that; cheap for a little enterprise here; you can make 100 per cent on your investment.

In East Weymouth, story and half house and basement; eight rooms and ell; kitchen; in good condition; painted and blinded; one fourth acre land; small shed; town water. Owner out of town, so will sell cheap.

Real estate in Boston and suburbs to exchange for Weymouth property. Furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Mortgages placed that the banks decline to take. Other places to sell if those above don't suit you.

GEORGE SIMES,
ESSEX STREET, EAST WEYMOUTH, MASS.

THAYER ACADEMY,

BRAINTREE, MASS.

First term, thirteenth year, begins Wednesday, Sept. 18. For information, address
GN-11-3m J. B. SEWALL, South Braintree.

FOR SALE,

AN *excellent* Bay Mare, between nine and ten, perfectly sound and safe, will work any where, a prompt driver and good pacer, weighs nearly 1200 lbs. Also, your choice out of a nice herd of 14 Cows, for $45.00. One Shifting Top Carryall and Harness. One Double Sleigh, a Blanchard Churn, Ice Chest, several Stoves, and other articles.

The first reasonable offer for any of the above property, will be accepted as they must be sold at once. Apply to

GEORGE SIMES,
Essex Street, East Weymouth.

FOR SALE,

ONE Horizontal 8-horse Tubular Boiler; One 10-horse Upright Engine, Fitchburg make; one Davison Steam Pump; one Roper Hot Air Engine. All comparatively new. Apply to

L. O. CROCKER, East Braintree.

THE EAST WEYMOUTH

Savings Bank!

President, Z. L. BICKNELL.
Vice President, N. D. Canterbury.
Clerk and Treasurer, John A. Raymond.

BOARD OF INVESTMENT.

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BANK OPEN DAILY
From 2 to 5 P. M.,
(Except Saturdays.)
Saturday from 2 to 6 P. M.

CALL AT

Hunt & Co.'s,

64 FRONT STREET,

—FOR—

FLOWER POTS!

New Departure!

For the convenience of our many customers, we have taken the Agency for Weymouth of the,

MALDEN DYE WORKS.

All orders receive the greatest attention, are executed in a superior style, and with the utmost promptitude.

F. A. SULIS,

Lincoln Square, - - - Weymouth.

Horse Owners of Weymouth and Vicinity.

Feeling pleased over the success of my effort to establish a first class Horse Shoing Forge at the old stand, corner of Washington and Common streets, I take this method, as I cannot spare the time to see you individually, of informing you that I am situated so as to do your work promptly and satisfactorily. Having new floors laid and forges built, and engaging the services of a first class horse shoer to assist me, I can guarantee you a good job every time. Give me a call; do not wait until your horse is bunged up, as Weymouth is good enough for

Yours truly,

MURRAY, the Horse Shoer.

NOTICE!

Furniture Repairing and Upholstering.

Having had 12 and 20 years experience, we are prepared to do Upholstering and Repairing in all its branches, in a first class manner.

CARPETS TAKEN UP, CLEANED, AND RELAID.

Mattresses furnished at Boston Prices. Samples of Hair and Tickings at hand. Hair Mattresses made over. Hair picked by hand a specialty.

OLD FURNITURE REPOLISHED.

Easy Chairs, Rockers, Lounges, Couches and Parlor Suits, furnished at Boston Prices.

Shade Work attended to. A large variety of Sample Coverings to select from. Drop postal to Lock Box 15, Weymouth P. O., and will call and give estimates.

NEWCOMB & RICHARDS,

SHOP—ELLIOT STREET.

FIRE, SMOKE and WATER!

For the next 30 days I will sell, at Store in Washington Square, all of my stock of

Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps,

Umbrellas, Rubber Goods, Etc.,

REGARDLESS OF COST.

Cloths of all qualities will be made up for Gent's Suits from $15 up, Pants from $3.50 up.

A. L. DENBROEDER,

Washington Square, - - - Weymouth.

JOHN M. WALSH,

Harness Manufactory & Repair Shop,

Near Washington Square, Weymouth.

You can always rely on having the best quality of stock put into any new harness you may order.

☞ We pay special attention to our work, and NEVER allow anything to leave our rooms but what is perfect.

REPAIRING, OILING AND BLACKING OF HARNESSES, PROMPTLY AND SATISFACTORILY DONE.

We keep in stock Hand Made Harnesses from $16 upwards, Whips of all grades, Lap Robes, Blankets, Axle Oil, Harness Soap, Carriage Wrenches, Halters, Hitching Straps, etc

We want your money, but not without first giving you the best bargains.

FOR SALE.

12 ACRES LAND with COTTAGE HOUSE, FRUIT, &c., near the village.

Enquire of A. R. VINING.
South Weymouth, Aug. 22, 1889.

WANTED MAN To take the agency of our Safes; size 24x14x18 inches; weight 350 lbs.; retail price $35; other sizes in proportion. A rare chance and permanent business. These Safes meet a demand never before supplied by other Safe companies, as we are not covered by the Safe Pool. Address,
ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Try "Phosa,"

TO BE HAD OF

LEON JOHNSTON,

BRIDGE STREET, NORTH WEYMOUTH,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, STATIONERY.

Base Ball Scores received every night. 14-3m

OLD COLONY.

SEPT 2, 1889.

WEEK DAY TRAINS LEAVE BOSTON FOR

New York, via Fall River Line, 6.00, 7.00 PM
Return, via Fall River Line, 8.30, 6.15 PM.
Newport, 5.45, 8.30, 11.00 AM; 3.00, 6.00 (Sun) 7.00 PM. **Return,** 7.00, 10.30 AM; 3.35, 6.10 PM.
Fall River via Tiverton, 5.45, 8.30, 11.00 AM; 3.15, 3.40, 4.35, 6.00, 7.00 PM; via Somerset, 11.00 AM; 12 M; 4.30 PM. **Return via Tiverton,** 8.35, 6.45, 7.20, 8.20, 10.50 AM; 3.35 6.00 PM; via Brockton, 6.30 AM, 3.35, 4.15 PM.
Brockton, 5.45, 8.15, 9.00 10.00, AM; (12 M); 1.00, 3.15, 3.30, 4.00, 4.45, 5.30, 6.07, 7.15, 9.10 PM. **Return,** 5.52, 7.00, 8.07, 9.15, 9.30, 7.52 AM; 12.33, 12.48, 2.15, 3.20, 5.00, 6.16, 6.34, 9.22 PM.
Plymouth via Abington, 8.10 AM; 3.20, 5.05, 6.00, PM; via Duxbury, 7.25, 11.30 AM; 3.30 PM. **Return, via Abington,** 6.30, 7.45, 8.20, 11.40 AM; 3.50 PM; via Duxbury, 7.55 AM; 1.00, 4.35 PM.
Whitman, 8.15, 11.02 AM; 2.00, 3.40, 5.20, 6.35 PM. **Return,** 6.18, 7.13, 8.12, 10.13 AM; 12.05, 3.45 (via Brockton), 4.10, 6.00 PM.
South Weymouth, 8.15, 11.00 AM; 2.00, 3.40, 5.20, 6.35 PM. **Return,** 6.20, 7.20, 8.25, 10.30 AM; 12.45, 3.25, 5.10 PM.
South Duxbury, 7.30, 11.20 AM; 3.50, 5.10 6.12 PM. **Return,** 8.40, 9.45, 7.01 AM; 3.10, 4.32 PM.
Marshfield, 7.35, 9.35, 11.20 AM; 3.50, 5.10, 6.12 PM. **Return,** 8.50, 9.50, 7.35 11.30 AM; 3.35, 4.35 PM.
The Scituate, 7.35, 9.35, 11.20 AM; 3.00, 5.10, 6.12 PM. **Return Scituate,** 8.10, 7.50, 8.31 AM; 12.15, 2.50, 4.35 PM.
Cohasset and Hingham, 5.45, 7.35, 8.35 11.20 AM; 3.35, 3.50, 5.10, 6.12, 8.15, 11.10 PM. **Return, Cohasset,** 6.20, 6.52, 7.25, 7.45, 9.05, 9.56 AM; 12.31, 3.04, 4.05, 5.30, 9.50 PM. **Return, Hingham,** 6.35, 6.57, 7.37, 7.54, 9.35, 10.06 AM; 12.45, 3.16, 4.20, 5.55, 9.46, 9.51 PM.
East Weymouth and Weymouth, 5.45, 7.35, 8.35, 11.20 AM; 2.35, 3.50, (also 5.10 for E. Weymouth, only,) 5.20, 6.12, 8.15, 11.10 PM. **Return, E. Weymouth,** 5.50, 6.50, 7.40, 8.01, 8.45, 10.35 AM; 12.05, 3.32, 4.31, 6.00, 9.40 PM. **Return, Weymouth,** 5.55, 7.05, 7.55, 8.05, 10.35 AM; 1.03, 3.42, 4.40, 6.18, 10.07 PM.
North Weymouth, 5.45, 7.35, 11.20 AM; 2.35, 3.50, 5.20, 6.12, 8.15, 11.10 PM. **Return,** 6.45, 7.04, 7.50, 10.21 AM.; 12.03, 3.37, 4.36, 6.06, 10.03 PM.
South Braintree, 5.45, 6.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 9.45, 10.00, 11.02, 11.50 AM; 12 M; (12.15), 12.02, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 3.15, 3.30, 3.12, 3.20, 3.40, 4.15, 4.22, 4.35, 4.42, 5.30, 5.30, 5.35, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.10, 11.15 PM. **Return,** 4.25, 5.56, 6.44, 7.11, 7.32, 7.37, 7.42, 8.23, 8.31, 8.36, 9.08, 9.40, 10.40, 10.45, 11.35 AM; 12.35, 12.51, 1.05, 1.29, 2.35, 3.48, 3.55, 4.44, 5.17, 5.32, 5.35, 6.34, 6.46, 7.10, 7.30, 8.00, 8.55, 9.57, 10.31 PM.
Quincy, 5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.05, 8.20, 9.45, 10.05, 11.06 AM; 12 M (Ex); 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 3.25, 3.12 4.18, 4.42, 5.10, 5.35, 6.07, 6.12, 6.35, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 PM. **Return,** 6.32, 6.11, 6.55, 7.25, 7.31, 7.37, 7.42 8.12 8.26, 8.40, 9.18, 9.50, 10.35, 10.57 AM; 12.06, 1.06, 1.30, 2.42, 3.50 4.10 4.57, 5.46, 5.53, 6.25, 6.37, 7.0, 7.10 8.10, 9.06, 10.10, 10.19, 10.31 PM.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

South Braintree 4.30, 8.15, 8.50 AM; 12.45, 5.00, 5.30, 5.45, 10.00 PM. **Return** (8.15 train) 8.08, 9.30 AM; 1.35, 4.15, 8.07, 8.20, 10.30 PM. **Way Stations,** 8.30, 4.12, 12.45, 5.00, 10.00 PM.
Plymouth, Kingston, Duxbury, Scituate, Cohasset, 9.30 AM. **Return Plymouth** 4.15 PM. **Weymouth,** 9.01 AM; 6.00 PM.
☞ on arrival of boat from New York.

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in Weymouth, for the painless extraction of teeth.

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Sets of nice Gum Teeth furnished for $10, including extracting.

Ether, Gas, Cocaine, used when desired.

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GREY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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Hair Cloth Parlor Suits	$30 to $125
Plush Parlor Suits	$45 to $200
Cres'd Plush Parlor Suits	$50 to $225
Raw Silk Parlor Suits	$75 to $275

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Painted Chamber Sets	$10 to $50
Mahoganized Chamber Sets	$12 to $75
Ash Chamber Sets	$15 to $150
Antique Oak Chamber Sets	$18 to $150
Solid Oak Chamber Sets	$25 to $200
Solid Walnut Chamber Sets	$30 to $200
Solid Cherry Chamber Sets	$30 to $200
San Domingo Mahogany Chamber sets	$65 to $300
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Cabinet Beds	$25 to $75
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Ladies' Platform Rockers	$5.00 to $30
Ladies' Rattan Rockers	$2.50 to $20

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We are square dealers, no humbug, no fraud. Don't take our word for it. Ask your neighbor about us.

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Oak Tables	$6 to $20
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RUPTURE

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THE LABOR WORLD.

DETROIT is getting to be a great shoe town.

The last of the Western iron mills have signal the scale.

AT San Francisco union cooks and waiters get $2.50 per day.

SEVERAL large iron works are to be built on the Pacific coast.

FIVE large iron corporations have advanced wages lately.

FARMERS' unions, with 1,500,000 members, took of amalgamating.

LONDON cabmen collectively earn about $11,250,000 per annum.

THE Iron Moulders' Union of North America is thirty years old.

A SAN FRANCISCO cable company has raised wages to $2.50 per day.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad has in its relief association treasury $170,000.

It takes 200 men to harvest the wheat crop of one ranch in Colusa County, Cal.

THE iron-workers in South Wales have demanded a ten per cent. increase in wages.

A GREAT coal strike was recently averted in England by a majority of one vote against it.

NEW ENGLAND factory operatives worked from 4:30 A. M. to 7:45 P. M., thirty years ago.

ONE of the growing industries of San Diego County, Cal., is the manufacture of asbestos goods.

NONE under sixteen can work in Belgium without obtaining a physician's certificate of fitness.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company is taking steps to pension its superannuated employes.

THE National Association of Stationary Engineers has 185 branches, with 10,000 members.

THE Sultan of Turkey has a small electric railway, constructed entirely by native workmen.

WITHIN a short time there has been some important labor legislation in Belgium, Holland and Germany.

THERE is a general revolt against the leaders of the trade unions in England opposed to an eight-hour law.

IN Glasgow, Scotland, there are more factories to the square mile than in any other city in the United Kingdom.

ENGLISH moulders work nine hours, and their average life is fifty-one years. In Ohio they work ten and die at forty.

MICHIGAN has a ten hour law for women and those under eighteen. An hour for dinner makes the day nine hours long.

IN Belgium there is now a law for the establishment of councils of industry or arbitration boards, in which trade disputes may be settled.

THE Reading (Penn.) Railroad officials are about to place an order for 1500 hopper gondola cars of sixty thousand pounds capacity for use in the coal trade.

A WAR is being carried on in St. Louis between the laundry girls and the Chinese laundrymen. Parades are being held to arouse sympathy for the women.

NORTH DAKOTA was the first State, as a State, to make provision of a system of manual training. Forty thousand acres of land are set apart for that purpose.

As the result of mining by electricity, it has been proved that ten men can accomplish with the electrical drill what it requires 100 men to do with other methods.

THE shoe salesmen of New York city are organized to the number of 600. The work of organizing more thoroughly has been begun and a federation will be formed.

No one in Great Britain under eighteen, and no woman of any age, can work more than sixty hours a week in factory or store, and only fifty-six and a half hours in textile factories.

IN Germany, the law enacted by the Reichstag for pensioning aged and infirm workmen provides for assessing the wages of labor and the incomes of employers to raise a fund for this purpose.

MRS. GILT, of Mulberry street, is the only woman shoemaker in New York city. She made a pair of shoes before she was fourteen years old, and has worked at the cobbler's bench for the last ten years.

MANY farmers in the north of Ireland grow tired of farming, sell out and start grocery stores in the towns and cities. Of late numbers of them are emigrating to America with the object of starting stores in Western cities.

THE percentage of wages paid for food by American workingmen, as shown by a recent return from various countries, is much less than is paid by the workmen of either Germany, Spain, Great Britain, France, Italy or Belgium.

About 1500 new books have been added to Dartmouth College library during the past year.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

The broad-bill and the canvas-back duck can fly faster than 100 miles an hour.

According to Curvier an elephant has 40,000 muscles in his trunk, while a man has only 557 in his whole body.

Two mines of mercury, covering fifty acres, and one of antimony, covering 100 acres, have been registered in Cuba.

It is officially stated that the Spanish Government will adopt submarine torpedo vessels for the navy, experiments with the system having been successful.

In Denmark a dairyman who keeps 250 cows requires the milkers to wash their hands after milking two cows, and the result is that he gets a quarter of a cent a pound more for the butter than others do.

Assuming the mean distance of the sun from the earth to be 91,430,000 miles, and the velocity of light to be 185,200 miles a second, it takes 8 minutes, 13.7 seconds for a ray of sunlight to reach the earth.

The automatic sprinkler is a great invention in New England mills and factories. A year's record shows that the average loss by fire when the sprinkler is not used is $6500 per fire, and when it is used, it is only $650 per fire.

In photographing clouds great difficulty is experienced in obtaining photographs of cirrous clouds, the reason being that the blue light of the sky acts with nearly the same active energy as the white light of the clouds on the sensitive silver salts of the plate.

A Louisiana farmer recommends tar smoke for diphtheria cure. His treatment is to put a few drops of tar, like that used in shipyards, on a warm stovelid, and to require the patient to inhale and swallow the smoke ten times a day for five minutes each time. He has been invariably successful in his experiments.

The spread of cancer in a small commune of Normandy (St. Sylvestre de Courcelles) attracted the attention of Dr. Arnaudet, as the disease has attained to fifteen per cent. of the total mortality. The cases were principally males, and as a rule the cancer was located in the stomach; hence Dr. Arnaudet thinks that cancer is contagious, and is propagated by water.

A floating workshop, to be known as the steel torpedo-depot ship Vulcan, was launched at Portsmouth, England, recently. It is intended to accompany a fleet and carry a large equipment of torpedo boats. She will be supplied with hydraulic cranes on which torpedo boats can be twisted in and out of the water. The Vulcan is of 6520 tons burden and 12,000 horse power.

Dr. Worms, of Riga, proposes for the cure of phthisis a remedy precisely contrary to that by hot air recently somewhat discussed. He believes in cold air. He holds that as the bacillus of tuberculosis needs at least thirty-seven degrees for its development, any lower temperature will be fatal to it, and he treats his patients with low temperature. As cold, dry climates have hitherto been found favorable, this theory is in conformity with well established experience.

In a lecture upon fast trains, Professor Hadley said: "The speed of railroad trains is restricted within three theoretical limits: First, a physical limit of eighty miles per hour, beyond which it is found impossible for a train to hold the track; second, an operating limit of sixty miles an hour, which practical experience has found trains cannot run without danger to life; third, a commercial limit of of thirty miles per hour, at which, all things considered, it is found most economical to run a train."

The Tiger's Choice.

The Java *Bode* records a singular adventure which recently befell a Government surveyor in the wilds of Sumatra. After a hard day's work on a mountain side he passed the night in the open air in a hut hastily run up by his coolies. As he was falling asleep after long watching, the sight of two fiery eyes glaring in at entrance of the hut almost paralyzed him with terror. An enormous royal tiger glided in, smelled him all over, and then set to work devouring the remains of his evening meal to the last morsel. Afterward his terrible guest disappeared.

It is said that the common cowcatcher attachment to locomotives is about the only article of universal use that was never patented. Its inventor was D. B. Davies, of Columbus, Ohio, who found his model in the plow. Red lights on the rear car of trains, it is further said, were adopted at the suggestion of the late Mrs. Swisshelm, after a railway accident in which she had a narrow escape.

A quarter of a century ago most of our paper was manufactured abroad. Now we manufacture for our own markets, import hardly any, and export some to Australia, Mexico and South America. Thriving towns have sprung up in connection with this industry in different States, and our farmers are thus able to sell vegetables and other farm products nearer home.

If Only!

When we have sat awhile in hopeless gloom
Before the scarce shut door of some new tomb,
And drained our hearts of that hot gall that sears
The very source of tears;
When we have dared to lift our blinded eyes
To where yon white, untroubled glory lies
The vast infinitude of stars between
The seen and the unseen:

When we have found some little broken key
That hath unlocked our speechless agony,
And voiced our soul in that appealing cry:
"Dear God, Thou knowest why!"
When by and by, still dazed and numb with pain,
We look abroad upon the world again,
We find, in some dread sense, unreal and strange,
All things have suffered change.

O, mother loved and lost! It cannot be
These are the scenes that gladdened you and me!
These cannot be the green and pleasant ways
We trod in other days!
Without your window, on the woodbine spray,
The robin chants her sweet, familiar lay,
But ah! the joy, that once her song possessed,
Lies dead within my breast.

So long together you and I have fared,
So long our every task and burden shared,
Alas! I cannot learn to bear alone
The crosses we have known.
And yet, if I could only see aright,
How thin the veil that hides you from my sight!
How clear the voice that calls to me—how near,
If I could only hear!

If I could only clasp the loving hand
Reached to me from that fair, invisible land,
And know, however long the road may be,
We still keep company!
For death is but a narrow curtain, drawn
Before the face of God's eternal dawn,
And His tomorrow lies but little way
Beyond our dim today!

ANNETTE.

When Annette came, Soyers was an idler and a drunkard. With the coming of the little stranger, however, a happy change brightened his home and life.

It is true he was only a poor shingle maker, living in a tumble-down shanty close to the river, depending on floods and freshets for drift logs to supply him with the material to ply his trade, which, at its best, was never very remunerative. Soyers, however, was not any worse off than were the many others who followed the same occupation and lived along the river, above and below him, and who were his constant companions. In fact, Soyers was their superior in the attributes that make a man; for there were moments in his life when something within him revolted against the conditions that bound him to their level and to the miserable life he was leading.

When these thoughts took possession of him he generally sought consolation and forgetfulness in drink, or lacking the wherewithal to procure it he would go down to the shed on the river's bank and work with a will until he had earned enough to buy the liquor for which he longed.

Soyers had one of his moody spells the day that little Annette came to his home. He had been down on the river until late that day. It had rained and drizzled all the afternoon, and the sky, and the water, and the earth, and the trees had looked dark and sorrowful, and the birds, with drooping plumage, had twittered and complained sadly as they hopped from bough to bough. The scene had brought dark thoughts to Soyers, and his heart was heavy and full of discontent.

When he neared his house, however, that evening, the last rays of the setting sun burst through the clouds and were reflected against the one window of his humble home. The light was so brilliant that it blinded him for a moment, and caused him to put his hands to his eyes.

When he looked again the last rays were just leaving the upper panes of the window, and in a moment more were gone. But they yet flashed in the tops of the tall magnolias, and sparkled in the raindrops that hung to the edges of the smooth, green leaves, until they seemed as if bespattered with brilliant jewels.

Soyers saw it all. His soul drank in the beauty of the scene; for, together with his faults and failings, he was furthermore afflicted with an appreciation of the splendor that nature takes on in joyous moments.

For a minute he stood motionless, with his eyes on the ground. Then he shook his head sadly and muttered: "It is no use. I am only Soyers, and haven't a right to look for anything better and brighter than what I am enjoying from day to day."

And so he walked slowly toward the house. When he reached it the clouds in the west were tinted with gold and crimson, and were filled with bright promises of a glorious morrow.

That evening Annette was born. When the little one was placed in Soyers's arms, his lips quivered with emotion. He bent to kiss the little face, but checked himself in a moment, and hastily putting the baby back into her mother's arms he left the room.

He betook himself to the place where he kept a small jug stowed away in the outer room. He shook it and found that it was empty. Then, pulling the hat down over his face, and with the jug in his hand, he walked to the door. Then he placed his foot on the outside the steps gave away and he was precipitated to the ground. As he fell the jug flew out of his hand and rolled away into the darkness. But Soyers got to his feet again, and finding the jug he started for the rum-seller's. When he arrived there and presented the jug to be filled he found that at the bottom of it, somehow, had been knocked out.

They offered to fill a new jug for him, for he had been a good customer, but he only shook his head, and taking the bottomless jug with him, he left the place and trudged away to his home.

That night he stole into the room where his wife and baby were sleeping and kissed them both.

It was on a July day, three years later, that Soyers's home was the scene of a great excitement. But what a change the three years had made in that humble house. The tumble-down shanty had vanished, and a neat cottage had been built in its place, surrounded by flowers and shrubs, and having the appearance of thrift and happiness. The air was filled with the fragrance of roses and honey-suckles, and the ground with narrow walks between, was covered with bright flowers. Mrs. Soyers, in the new and happy home, was often heard singing gay little snatches of songs, and her merry laughter, mingling with that of little Annette, rang upon the air with a melody as soft and sweet as that which we dream the angels make. And down by the river, where the old shingle shed used to be, was a long row of sheds, where men were busy at work, and Soyers, the busiest of them all, superintending the making of shingles, posts, palings and boards, of which a large supply was piled and stacked all ready for the market. Everything was moving along merrily.

It was toward noon when Soyers left his work and went to the house. Half way between the gate and the porch he stopped beside a frame supporting a flower pot of unique design, in which was growing a blooming geranium. The pot was artistically draped in cool, gray Spanish moss, but peeping under this one could see that the vessel was an old, bottomless, jug turned upside down. Soyers touched the leaves tenderly, for it was a favorite flower with him and belonged exclusively to Annette.

Just then Mrs. Soyers came out on the porch, and when she saw her husband she greeted him with a glad smile. Her face, however, in a moment took on a look of anxiety as she asked: "Did you leave Annette at the river?"

"I have not seen her. Is she not at home?"

"No. She asked me nearly half an hour ago if she could go down and call you to dinner, as she usually does, and I gave her permission to go."

"My God!" exclaimed Soyers, "where can she have gone!"

With that he turned and ran toward the river, his wife following close behind him.

The men were still at work, but when they saw Soyers running they stopped, for they felt intuitively that something had happened.

"Have any of you seen little Annette?" shouted Soyers.

They all shook their heads.

"She is lost. Hurry up, friends, and help me to find her."

They left their work and scattered in every direction, searching eagerly in every place that could possibly be a hiding place for the little one, or where there could have been any danger along the path.

Soyers followed the bank of the river. He had not gone far when he saw floating upon the water Annette's little bonnet, and close beside it a bunch of flowers. His heart stood still for a moment, and he gasped hard for breath. But it was for a moment only that he thus staggered, for the next he plunged into the water and swam with all his strength to where the little bonnet and flowers were whirling around and around, the playthings of a small eddy. He reached the place and grasped the articles with nervous fingers. Then he looked around to see if he could find any sign of her he loved above anything else on earth, but he looked in vain. The water flowed along smoothly, with not even a breath of wind just then to ripple the bright surface. Soyers's heart sank within him. A sense of irreparable loss took possession of him, and he floated with the current, holding Annette's bonnet and flowers clasped closely to his breast, caring not if he ever trod the green earth again.

Then came a shout from the shore. Soyers looked, and there, held high in the air, in the strong arms of one of the men, was Annette.

At the sight Soyers roused himself and swam eagerly to the bank. When he reached the bank, wet as he was, he clasped his darling in his arms and the glad tears came to his eyes. "God is good," he muttered, as he tenderly kissed Annette again and again.

Annette had been found asleep in a skiff tied to some low bending willows on the bank. She was sitting down in the bottom of the boat when found, her head resting on her arms folded on the stern sheets, where she very likely had placed her bonnet and flowers also, and where some passing gust of summer wind had swept them into the river.

May heaven always keep and guard and guide thee, sweet Annette!—*New Orleans Times-Democrat.*

A Forgotten Monument to Columbus.

At this time, when so much is being done toward the celebration of 1892, it is interesting to know that the popular belief that Christopher Columbus has no monument in this country is a mistake. It is so obscurely placed, however, that even the people who live near it had forgotten all about its existence until a new purchaser of the property called attention to it.

The Samuel Reedy Asylum trustees bought from the Birnam estate a small farm in the suburbs of Baltimore. They found a monumental shaft inscribed "Chris. Columbus," partially hid by the surroundings. At once the local chronicles set to work and delved out its history. It dates from 1784, and was the first monument in this country. It was erected by the French Consul General de Amamour, who, with some hundred or more French officers and soldiers, remained in Baltimore after the end of the revolutionary war. He had come to America with Count de Grasse. He remained in Baltimore until 1797. The estate on which he erected the monument was a fine one, but the rearrangement of the streets after 1800 hid it from view so completely that the monument was forgotten.

De Amamour was an eccentric but scholarly and hospitable man, and his residence was the resort of a cultured society when he lived in Baltimore. The monument was his tribute to the country and its discoverer. It is unfortunate that it has been somewhat disfigured, but the trustees of the asylum have determined that it shall be carefully preserved, and already it is becoming an object of interest in Baltimore after being ignored and hidden for nearly a century.—*New York Times.*

An Ancient Admiral.

The youngest Admiral of the English fleet is Sir Geoffrey Hornby. The eldest is Sir Provo Wallis, who is ninety-eight years old. It is just eighty-five years—just the year before Trafalgar—since he first went to sea. And it is seventy-six years and three months since he fought in that famous sea fight between the English Shannon and the Chesapeake, of Boston, the latest fight betwee England and her American offspring.

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

FAT FOR FRYING.

Gouffe, the French cook, says that "fat is the best for frying." The light-colored drippings of roast beef and the fat taken from broth are the best, then comes beef suet chopped fine and melted down over a slow fire. When the pan can be seen through the suet, it is sufficiently melted.—*New York Star.*

TO MAKE A LINSEED POULTICE.

To make a linseed poultice pour a quantity of warm water into a tin basin, stand on the back of the range, and scatter in the linseed meal, stirring with a knife until of a proper consistency. In the use of the water you must be governed by the size of the poultice required. If it is too dry it will not hold together; if too wet, it is damp and uncomfortable. It should be moist, without being sloppy. Now take a clean piece of old muslin a couple of inches larger all around than the poultice is to be, spread it with the mixture, cover with another piece of muslin, and quickly baste over an inch all around. Do this without removing it from the hot dish, on which it should be carried to the bedside. If it is necessary to fasten it on, do this with folds of bandaging, and cover with a compress of flannel to retain the heat. A piece of oil silk is less clumsy and will keep moisture from the bed clothes.—*Washington Star.*

HOW TO HAVE GOOD SERVANTS.

Set them a good example. One ounce of practice is worth a pound of precept.

Take time to teach them their duties thoroughly, and to notice whether they are well or ill performed.

Abstain from fretfulness or anger at neglect, ignorance, or inattention. Let your reproof be mild, but firm in manner.

Never lose sight of the truth that you are held in a great measure morally responsible for those of your household.

Never reprove one servant before another; sulleness will oftener be the result of so doing than obedience.

Remove temptations, and act as if you expected to find good principle.

Remember that the golden rule applies to them as well as to your equals in education, means, and position.—*Courier Journal.*

CLEANING MEN'S CLOTHING.

Cleaning men's clothing is hard work, but if it must be done, it is well to know that broadcloth, diagonal, cassimere and such materials will stand washing, and if a coat, vest or pair of trousers is very dirty or shiny this is the best way to clean and freshen it up. It is the way the professional scourers do it. First, make a strong soapsuds with clean warm water; never wash cloth in water that has been used for other things, as it will make it linty. Souse the garment up and down in the suds and rub out all dirty places and grease spots. If very much soiled it may go through a second suds, then rinse well through several waters as warm as the suds and hang up to dry. When almost dry roll it up for an hour or so, then press it. In pressing put a piece of old muslin between the goods and the iron. Be sure to take up the iron before the steam stops rising from the cloth. This is the secret of pressing such goods without having them look shiny. If there are bad wrinkles or shiny places put a wet cloth over them and press with a hot iron, not forgetting to lift off the iron when the full head of steam is rising, so that the nap of the cloth will be lifted.—*New York World.*

RECIPES.

Orange Cream Sponge Cake.—Mix, by sifting, three teaspoonfuls of baked powder with one and a half cups of flour.

Bread for Soup.—Cut slices of stale bread in small squares, put in boiling lard and fry till brown. Skim or drain, and put in soup tureen before serving soup. For oyster soup, crackers crisped in oven are nice.

Yankee Muffins.—To one quart of milk add one gill of yeast, one teaspoonful of salt, four eggs well beaten, one tablespoonful of sugar; add sufficient flour to make a thick batter, bake in muffin rings and serve with butter.

Then separate dish beat three eggs until light, and add one and a half cups of white sugar, one cup of hot water and the grated rind of half an orange. Bake all together and pour into the flour; thoroughly and bake in layers.

Apple Tapioca Pudding.—Soak over night one cup of tapioca in six cups of water. Next morning add one cup of sugar, one egg and beat well together. Then pare, cut and chop fine six or more apples and stir, with tapioca in a pudding dish, and bake slowly.

Tongue Toast—Take a cold smoked tongue that has been well boiled, mince it fine, mix it with cream and the beaten yolk of an egg, and let it simmer for fifteen minutes over the fire, then prepare some pieces of bread by cutting the crust from them and toasting them, butter slightly, and moisten with a very little milk after placing them on a platter that has been warmed, spread the tongue mixture on thickly while hot, place a slice of hard boiled egg on each, and serve at once.

The Slyness of the Crawfish.

A correspondent of the *Forest and Stream* writes that he recently observed a very cunning and ingenious trick of a crawfish (or crayfish) for catching flies. "Sitting on the bank of a muddy pond, or 'borrow pit,' over the surface of which many small flies were swarming about, I observed that the crawfish came to the surface near the water's edge, and, turning over on the side the tail probably touching bottom, with jaws and legs 'spreading' about in the water, he assumed the exact semblance of dead creatures floating on the water. In a few seconds flies would alight on the apparently dead crawfish, and as soon as one got into the proper position there was a sudden and instantaneous flip, when fish and flies would disappear together under the water. In a few seconds more he would appear on the surface and go through the same manœuvre, with the same result. There were, perhaps, two or three dozen of them in sight at the same time, and all industriously engaged in the fly-catching game."

CLIPPINGS

Of 43,000 Italians that landed in Castle Garden last year 34,000 were males.

The school of medicine of Boston University has graduated 478 physicians. Nearly one-half of these are women.

A three penny postcard has been introduced by the English postmaster general. It is intended mainly for Australian service.

The so-called Canadian thistle, which is simply the common English thistle, has spread itself over the whole of the United States.

The Church of Ireland—Protestant Episcopal—numbers 639,500 members. The Presbyterian Church in Ireland numbers 470,700.

The exportation of petroleum last year was the largest ever known, amounting to 612,000,000 gallons. It was worth $49,420,817.

Five men have bought 500,000 acres of spruce timber territory in the Adirondack Mountains. They have 700,000,000 feet, about all that is left standing.

The New Hampshire Legislature has two very youthful presiding officers in the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House. Neither official is more than thirty-one years old.

Statistics show that the number of bicycles and tricycles has been centupled in France during the past year. Even the weaker sex is more and more affecting this mode of locomotion.

The monument erected in Haymarket Square, Chicago, to the memory of the policemen who fell in the Anarchist riot, is a bronze statue of a policeman in uniform on a granite pedestal. The statue and pedestal together cost $7000.

The city of Berlin is far ahead of London in telephonic progress, there being 10,000 subscribers. The entire net of wires in the German capital has reached a length of 17,804 kilometres, and the average number of calls amount to 196,691 daily.

Cyrus W. Field began his business career at the age of fifteen, when a New York merchant engaged him as a clerk, paying him $2 a week for his services. One of his daily duties at that time (fifty-four years ago) consisted in putting up and taking down the shutters of the store.

They have planted in Nebraska since Arbor Day was instituted, 355,560,000 forest, shade and fruit trees. In 1887, 4,150 trees and shrubs were planted by schools in Connecticut, 5,129 by clubs in Florida. Arbor Day has been adopted in Canada, and in 1886, 34,087 trees were planted.

The latest marine infernal machine is a floating battering ram. It consists of a cigar-shaped boat, made entirely of thick steel, and operated by the Captain only, who is lodged in an invulnerable turret. Such a contrivance as this is capable of sinking the largest ironclad with the greatest ease.

The great bell of Hung-wu, which has long laid half buried in the ground, has at length been lifted by foreign machinery and hung in a pagoda built of iron by a foreign firm. According to prophecy, this bell was never to be lifted until China had entered upon a new career of prosperity.

Egyptian cotton, which is one of the great products of the country, got its start during our late civil war. The price rose as high as forty-four cents a pound and millions of dollars worth of Egyptian cotton was raised and shipped to England. At present the product of cotton is about 500,000 bales per annum, which is little in comparison with the great crop of America.

Water Cure.

Hot water is the best thing that can be used to heal a sprain or bruise. The wounded part should be placed in water as hot as can be borne for fifteen or twenty minutes, and in all ordinary cases the pain will gradually disappear. Hot water applied by means of cloths is a sovereign remedy for neuralgia and pleurisy pains. For burns or scalds apply cloths well saturated with cold alum water, keeping the injured part covered from the air.

The Best Testimonial

yet published for any blood medicine is the PRINTED GUARANTEE of the manufacturers of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which WARRANTS that wonderful medicine to benefit or cure in all cases of those diseases for which it is recommended, or money paid for it will be returned. It cures all diseases arising from torpid liver and impure blood and their names are LEGION. All Skin, Scalp and scrofulous affections, Eruptions, Sores and Swellings, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Erysipelas and kindred diseases, are among those in which the "Discovery" effects marvelous cures.

When everything else fails, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures. 50 cents, by druggists.

The weight of the great house could daily hang from every city of London has been imputed by Prof. Robert to fifty tons of solid carbon and 250 tons of hydrogen and carbonic acid gas for each day of the year, values at ten million dollars.

Do you wish to know how to have no STEAM, and not have the usual work on wash day? Ask your grocer for a bar of DIAMOND ELECTRIC SOAP, and the directions will tell you how. Be sure to get no imitation. There are lots of them.

A farmer is a capitalist and a shoer, and therefore wants labor and capital both justly treated in the adjustment of laws.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-Water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

We recommend "Tansill's Punch" Cigar.

N. E. Thirty-Seven

Salt Rheum

Often causes great agony with its intense itching and burning. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, cures salt rheum and all skin diseases. It thoroughly cleanses, renovates and enriches the blood. Give it a trial.

"After the failure of three skillful physicians to cure my boy of salt rheum, I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and Olive Ointment. I have now used four boxes of Ointment and one and a half bottles of Sarsaparilla, and the boy is to all appearances completely cured. He is now five years old, and has been afflicted since he was six months of age." MRS. B. SANDERSON, 56 Nesbitt Street, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

One Dog Drowned by Another.

Timothy Nolan, an Ulster and Delaware Railroad flagman, says that two dogs, one large, the other small—the latter was owned by Isaac Gorta—were swimming in Browns' pond. They came together and began fighting. Soon the little canine began to weaken, when its antagonist grabbed it back of the ears and held it under the water until it was drowned. The victor swam ashore and shook itself. Among the witnesses of the conflict were children of Mr. Gorta, who began crying at the loss of their pet, and they implored some one to "bring back their doggy" to them. The dog on the bank seemed to understand. It dived into the water and when it appeared at the surface it had in its mouth the dead body of its victim, which it brought to where the children stood, laid it at their feet and then ran away.

A Collection of Rare Watches.

I. B. Scott, of Rockford, Ill., has a collection of more than thirty antique watches. They are rare old specimens, being of Swiss and London makes, and many of them having been entirely manufactured by hand. They are all of old and odd patterns. Mr. Scott fondles them with parental affection, and never tires of explaining their intricacies.

"You have heard of a Tobias watch," he will remark, diving into the chest containing them. "Here is one; it was made ninety years ago. Here's a rare old watch, it is a Jurgenson. The train wheels are of solid gold, and there are twenty-one rubies in it."

Mr. Scott has a number of chronometer movements and one old pendulum movement. He has several repeating watches that strike hours, quarters and minutes. One odd watch has figures on the dial plate to represent a woman striking a bell, and the hammer moves when the watch strikes. Altogether it is a rare collection.

Frederick Schwatka, the explorer, sends the following to the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, from Flagstaff, Arizona:—"When the announcement of my discovery of cliff dwellers in northern Chihuahua was made some months ago the question was raised as to the relation those living cliff dwellers sustained to the extinct tribes whose dwellings are found in Arizona. I have examined the cliff dwellings here and find them the same as those of Chihuahua. This supports the theory that the cliff dwellers driven out of Arizona by the warlike tribes found refuge in the Sierra Madres, where I found thousands of them a few months since."

Bibbard's Strengthening and Rheumatic Plasters

ARE A REVELATION TO THE WORLD, AND ARE THE ONLY GENUINE RHEUMATIC PLASTERS.

Nine-tenths of all troubles which require the aid of plasters are rheumatic in their nature. A change of weather or a sudden draught causes a cold which develops into muscular and thence into inflammatory rheumatism. And yet, there has never yet been such a thing as a distinctly rheumatic and strengthening plaster, and hundreds have died suddenly where rheumatism has attacked the heart whose lives might have been saved had this plaster been applied in season. They are constructed on purely scientific principles and are purely vegetable.

Prepared by Rheumatic Syrup Co., Jackson, Mich.

Bibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.

These Pills are scientifically compounded, uniform in action. No griping pain so commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with perfect safety. We guarantee they have no equal in the cure of SICK HEADACHE, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation.

A Month Full of Money.

At the funeral of a Chinaman in Philadelphia some queer ceremonies were observed. The deceased was clothed in garments of the lightest texture, so that he might not suffer from the heat in his new abode. He wore a straw hat, and in one hand he held a fan. The corpse of a Chinaman is always provided with money to pay its expenses to the unknown country. One of the mourners dropped between Hong's teeth a twenty-five cent piece, and about a score of the others came forward with their quarter contributions. The undertaker could not get all of them in the dead Chinaman's mouth, and half of the silver pieces were placed in his pocket. The ceremonies finished, the coffin was closed, and over the top of it were placed stripe of red, white and black bunting, the colors of Sing Ye Hong Society (Chinese freemasons), of which the dead man had been a member.

A Baby Gorilla.

An English trader at Ngove, on the southwestern coast of Africa, has had for some time a young female gorilla, whose docility is described as most remarkable. Jeannie, as the baby gorilla has been named, sleeps with her master, and tries to follow him wherever he goes, weeping like a child if left behind. She recently accompanied him on a journey of twenty miles or more, walking all the way. She has acquired many civilized tastes and habits, and will drink tea, etc., out of a cup or glass, displaying the utmost carefulness not to break the vessels.

A Mean Advantage.

First tramp (crying piteously): "A man caught me and sent me to work."

Second tramp: "Well, you fool. This is a free country; what made you do it?"

First tramp: "He said if I didn't, he'd wash my face."

ESPERS, PA., Feb. 18, 1889.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieved the cough, checked the night-sweats and emaciation—in short, gave a new lease of life to a patient of mine who was rapidly and surely approaching the final stage of this dreaded disease.

To-day she is in the enjoyment of fair health, and this result is due to the beneficial effects of only a few bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

If we take into consideration the DURATION of this patient's sickness, the severity of the symptoms, the SMALL quantity of the remedial agent and the BRIEF PERIOD OF TIME within which a CURE WAS EFFECTED, we cannot fail to acknowledge the truly wonderful effects of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

LEVI JAY ESPERS, M.D.

In every community there are living witnesses to testify that in naming our medicine Piso's Cure for Consumption, we have not claimed more than it can do. Its standing in the market also proves its merit. We have not published sensational notices; our advertisements have been mere signs to indicate the existence of Piso's Cure for Consumption. Instead of endeavoring to excite fear our purpose has been to encourage hope.

Yet Piso's Cure for Consumption stands to-day at the head of all medicines of its class, requiring for its manufacture a factory full of skilled workers and improved machinery, whereas about twenty years ago all the work was done in one little room by one man.

Price, 25 cents per bottle.

E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

For Cure of SPRAINS & STRAINS use St. Jacobs Oil. Cures PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY WITHOUT RETURN OF PAIN. AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE. THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

Sanford's Cinger for Hot Weather Ills

The farmer, and all ex

Weymouth Gazette,

BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XXIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., SEPTEMBER 20, 1889. NO. 23.

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Not Weather Ills

mer, and all exposed to the dangers of eat, should have at cost a bottle of SAM- NGER, and thus provide a sure preventi- eedy cure of ills arising from exposure re heat, drinking of ice-water, eating of d, and change of food, water, and climate. rivalled summer medicine and travelling is sure to check every disturbance of s, instantly relieve cramps and pains, digestion, destroy disease germs in water mote perspiration, restore the circulation pended by a chill,—a cause of cholera- break up colds and fevers, and ward al, contagious, and epidemic influences. alth drink with water, milk, iced-water, effervescent draughts, and mineral is superior to all others. Ask for

Hanford's Ginger

Owl Trade-Mark on the Wrapper.

CATARRH.—Best. Easiest immediate. A cure is s no equal.

CATARRH

A small particle is applied by druggists or sent ELTINE, Warren, Pa.

PATENTS, ATTORNEY, WASHINGTON, D. C. WILL GET YOUR PENSION without DELAY.

THE LATEST IMPROVED HORSE POWER Machines for THRESHING & CLEANING Grain, also Machines for SAWING WOOD provided with Circular and Cross-cut Saws. Cut Drag Saws to be STRONGEST, DRAFT, DURABILITY & QUANTITY OF WORK are unequaled. A. W. GRAY'S SONS, Address PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS, MIDDLETOWN SPRINGS, VT.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home with out pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. (Cor. Whitehall & Hunter Sts.)

RAZER AXLE GREASE Best in the World. Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

BUSINESS STUDY. Book keeping, Business Forms, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Shorthand, etc. thoroughly taught by Mail. Circulars free. Bryant's College, 457 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

PILES Internal and other diseases of the Rectum HOME TREATMENT Address Nelson Medicine Co. Box 78, Station G, Brooklyn, N.Y.

AGENTS WANTED. $4 an hour. 40 new varieties. Cards and sample free. C. E. Marshall, Lockport, N.Y.

COLORLESS DYES Are the BEST. Sold by Druggists.

DON'T SAY, KIDS, and will see if you use housework.

Insure comfort. Man likes it for it. Good housewives Happiness always dwells piness? Try SAPOLIO.

BETTER ALL OTHERS FAIL CONSULT DR. LOBB 9 North Fifteenth St., Philadelphia, Pa. for treatment of Blood Poisons, Skin Eruptions, Stricture, Gleet, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Bright's Disease, Stricture, Dyspepsia, Nervous Complaints, Impotency and kindred diseases, no matter of how long standing or from what cause originating. Consultation by mail. Medicines furnished by mail or express. Special attention to SPECIAL Diseases. FREE.

The Weymouth Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, —BY— C. G. EASTERBROOK, WEYMOUTH, MASS.

DR. W. L. ROBERTS, (ORAL TREATMENT) Diseases and Deformities OF THE MOUTH & TEETH.

Office and Residence: 17 Washington St., Weymouth. (House formerly occupied by D. J. Pierce.) Night Bell and Calls will be attended to.

ARTHUR M. RAYMOND, PIANO-FORTE Tuner, Regulator and Repairer! Sixteen years experience with Woodward & Brown, Boston. All orders sent to 177 Tremont Street, Boston, or East Weymouth, will receive prompt attention. G-11-tf

William Gardc, [Successor to J. H. Wallace.] BLACKSMITH, Washington Square, WEYMOUTH. Horse Shoeing a specialty. Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to.

R. V. MERCHANT Begs leave to inform the citizens of Weymouth and vicinity that he is now prepared to make up CLOTHING —AND THE— Latest Styles, And from the best Foreign and Domestic Goods. His long experience in Cutting Gentlemen's Garments Enables him to warrant a Perfect Fit IN ALL CASES Prices as Low as the Lowest.

MRS. DR. TUCK, Eclectic and Thorough MEDICAL ELECTRICIAN. Chronic Diseases a Specialty. OFFICE, No. 2 PARK SQUARE, (corner Boylston St.), BOSTON. At office daily, except Thursday.

SAMUEL CURTIS, Coffin Warehouse, AND— FURNISHING UNDERTAKER, Weymouth Landing. COFFINS, ROBES and HABITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, Furnished at Shortest Notice. THE PATENT FREEZER USED IN THE SERVING BODIES. Auction Sales attended to as usual.

FORD & McCORMECK, FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS, OFFICE: Washington Sq., Weymouth. Glass Side or Full Drapery Hearse for Funerals, as may be desired. CASKETS, COFFINS, ROBES and other Furnishings, supplied at LOWEST RATES. GN-29 tf

JOHN M. HART, Carriage & Sign Painter. All branches of Carriage Painting done in a thorough and practical manner. Lettering, Ornamenting, Etc. INDEPENDENCE SQUARE SOUTH WEYMOUTH. G 43 3m

WEYMOUTH **SAVINGS BANK** HENRY A. NASH, President. CHAS. T. CRANE, Treasurer. BOARD OF INVESTMENTS: HENRY A. NASH, WILLIAM H. CLAPP, JOHN W. HART, EDWIN PRATT, ANDREW J. BATES. Bank Hours: From 1 to 5 o'clock p. m., on every business day; and from 7 to 9 o'clock on Monday evenings. Deposits placed on interest on the First Monday of January, April, July and October. OFFICE: Commercial St., - Weymouth Landing

Dr. W. R. Sawyer, - - DENTIST, - - 169 Tremont Street, Boston, At Independence Square, South Weymouth, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from 9 till 4. Diseased and Abscessed Teeth treated and filled with gold, white alloy, silver and cement. Regulating Children's Teeth a specialty. Artificial Crowns adjusted by the latest and best approved methods. Artificial Teeth inserted on continuous gum, gold, silver, rubber and celluloid, with special reference to restoring the natural expression of the mouth and face. Gas and Ether administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Fees moderate. Operations thoroughly artistic. P. O. Box. 184.

Citizens' Market. C. W. RICE, FORMERLY OF THE EAST WEYMOUTH MARKET, has taken the business for himself, and will keep constantly on hand a full line of first quality Beef, Pork, Lard, Ham, CANNED & BOTTLED GOODS. Fresh Vegetables of all kinds in their season. FRESH EGGS AND CHOICE BUTTER a specialty. He hopes by fair prices and square dealing to merit a share of public patronage. GN-15-tf

Town of Weymouth.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 21 of the General Statutes will be strictly enforced:

Sec. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick or any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

Sec. 43. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is afflicted with any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, nor more than $100.

The Board considers the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth. HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth. WILLIAM NASH, J. CLARENCE HOWE, J. F. DIZER, } Board of Health.

Weymouth, March, 1889.

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor

The Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the TOWN HOUSE EVERY MONDAY, (except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock p. m. On the THIRD MONDAY of each month they will meet at the almshouse at 2 p. m.

GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth. HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth. WILLIAM NASH, J. CLARENCE HOWE, J. F. DIZER, } Board of Selectmen of Weymouth

Weymouth, March, 1889.

TOWN CLERKS OFFICE —AT— East Weymouth Savings Bank. —:o:— OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 A. M. 2 to 8 P. M. AT ALL OTHER HOURS AT RESIDENCE ON WATER STREET. JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk. GN 36

Mrs. T. C. MELLEN, FLORIST, FRONT ST., WEYMOUTH. TO all wishing good Plants of all the leading varieties, for Lawns and Gardens, I now offer as Fine a Collection as can be found CONSISTING OF Verbenas, Coleus, Geraniums, ALSO, Choice Cut Flowers, Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, &c. Orders by mail or telegraph filled at short notice. PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. P. O. Box 144. Weymouth, Mass.

J. F. Sheppard & Sons, Coal, Wood & Hay. All the best grades constantly in stock. A LARGE QUANTITY OF CHESTNUT, RED AND WHITE CEDAR POSTS FOR SALE. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. TELEPHONE 9731. P. O. Address: Weymouth or E. Braintree.

TIRRELL & SONS, CARRIAGE Manufacturers, HANCOCK STREET, QUINCY. We have the best line of Carriages at our Warerooms, ever shown in Quincy or Weymouth. JOBBING OF ALL KINDS Neatly and quickly done, at short notice and reasonable prices. Send your orders to Telephone No. 9707, and we will call and get carriage free of charge. We can also furnish any Carriage desired that we do not have in stock, at less than Boston prices. ALSO, A FULL LINE OF Harnesses, Robes, Whips, &c. G 43

A. E. Vining. REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKER, South Weymouth, Mass. 9-17-tf

BAY STATE GUITARS THE BEST IN THE WORLD. LOWEST PRICES. MADE BY J. CHAYNES & CO. BOSTON MASS. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE

LOUIS A. COOK, Attorney and Counsellor at Law OFFICES, SO. WEYMOUTH and ABINGTON

Rake Clean.

Quoth Ralph to his father, the farmer,
"Such hay there never was seen.
How shall we care for it, father?"
Said the father, "My son, rake clean,
Rake clean, rake clean;
We have need of it all, I ween."

"But the cows have not space enough, father,
To hold such abundance between
The floor and the comb of the building."
Quoth the farmer, "My son, rake clean,
Rake clean, rake clean;
We can care for it all, I ween."

Then the season flew by (and the harvest
Good service that winter had been),
And again in the field were the toilers;
And still said the farmer: "Rake clean,
Rake clean, rake clean;
We have need of it all, I ween."

But the lad gazed distressfully round him;
"Less hay," said he, "never was seen.
The cattle will surely be stinted."
Quoth the farmer, "My son, rake clean,
Rake clean, rake clean;
We shall find there's sufficient, I ween."

—*George Pearse in Young People.*

ALICE'S PACKAGE.

"Good morning!" said the new station agent.

"Good morning!" said Alice.

They had parted at 11 o'clock last night, having strolled home from the concert together, and they had found enough to talk about then. But here, under the bantering gaze of the ex-station agent, who haunted the scene of his former labors previous to his departure for Iowa they were tongue-tied.

"Is there a package for me?" said Alice, formally.

"I'll see," said Cary Loomis, exploring with alacrity.

But Mr. Stark dived into a corner before him, bringing forth a large, square bundle.

"This it?" said he. There was a twinkle in his eye. "Miss Alice Lyman. Paid, too. But, see here, now—'Pittsburg!' Who's sending you presents from Pittsburg, Ally?" His twinkle was luminous.

"It's not a present," Alice retorted. But the ex-agent was not satisfied.

"Pittsburg," he mused. "Seems to me that surveyor fellow hailed from Pittsburg, didn't he, Ally?"

"Shall I sign here?" said Alice to Cary Loomis over the entry book.

"And boarding next door, too," said Mr. Stark, "w-y, yes—it's natural—natural!"

"Oh, no, it isn't heavy, thank you! Why, lift it," Alice was saying to Cary, with a laughing frown for her tormentor.

"Good-looking fellow too," said Mr. Stark. "Wal, Ally, you've got my consent for one."

"Thank you!" Alice laughed, but vexedly.

She had meant to say something to Cary Loomis over and beyond the conversation about the package—for had not the pleasant young new station agent seemed already quite attentive to her?—but now she could not summon a word or syllable. If Mr. Stark were at the bottom of the sea!

"I don't know how Pittsburgh 'ill suit you, Ally," Mr. Stark persisted, mercilessly. "They say it's smoky. But I s'pose smoke won't interfere——"

Alice was gone, and Cary closed the ledger with a bang.

"Were you joking, Stark," he demanded, "or is that so?"

Stark eyed him. He had a strong sense of humor, and he read the new agent's secret.

Without absolute statements, he convinced his young successor that Alice Lyman had flirted outrageously with the Pittsburgh surveyor; that he had been most devoted; that they were undoubtedly engaged, and that the big package from Pittsburg was proof of it.

Cary had grown a little pale during the process, but so strong was Mr. Stark's humorous sense that he strolled away finally with a widened grin.

Cary found his dinner saved warm for him when he went up to his boarding-house somewhat late, and Mrs. Davis, large and cheerful, waiting to serve it to him.

But today neither his dinner nor Mrs. Davis cheered him. He ate one and responded to the other gloomily.

"Well, now; maybe you ain't feeling just smart. I've known change of air and water to make folks real sick," she hazarded in concern.

"Oh, I'm all right," said Cary, sardonically smiling.

"Maybe you need livening up. You've been to the sociables and concerts, to be sure; but may be something livelier—Well, there," she broke off with motherly interest, "there's the music in the park tonight; I guess you'll like to hear that. You better step over tonight," said his landlady inspiritingly.

He had no intention of going. He decided, with a certain melancholy satisfaction, that he would spend the evening in his room, and without a light; that would be the fitting situation for him and his dejection. She would be in the park, and perhaps the Pittsburg surveyor would follow his package, and be there with her.

All the same, for such is the power of pretty eyes and red lips, eight o'clock found him in the park. He would not go near Alice Lyman. He strolled about gloomily. All the town appeared to have assembled. The band was, one by one, mounting to the band stand.

"Oh, Mr. Loomis!" somebody exclaimed with a pretty laugh, "I had almost run over to you!"

It was Alice—Alice with a loose knot of young men and maidens, not yet paired off, but well connected.

He joined them, of course; there was no other way.

And a few minutes later, when they had paired off, and the band had struck up, he found himself on a bench beside her—they two alone.

"Home, Sweet Home!" said Alice.

"Dear me, Mr. Loomis, couldn't they have found something a little newer?"

"It seems not," said Cary, unsmilingly.

"But how they flat!" cried Alice, clasping her ears. "And that second horn is a bar behind."

She was in a gay mood. Her derisive words were mirthful.

"And they've been practising all the spring. Well, I could do better with a comb and some tissue paper."

A whiff from the syringa she wore was wafted to him.

Her face, in the dusky light, was bright and yet soft.

She was thinking about her surveyor, probably, and laughing in her sleeve at him. Well, let her.

Poor Cary felt suddenly weary of his anger. He was in love with a pretty girl who did not love him—that was all. She could not be blamed—he would not blame her. He could hate the man she did care for, but he could not hate her.

So, while the band labored unmusically on, he bent toward and talked to her gently.

He told her of the really fine open air concerts he had heard at Brighton Beach. He described the odd, varying scene—the mass of people who thronged the walks; the long, crowded hotel piazzas; the circular pavilion from which the music poured forth; and bounding it all, the great still water.

He found Alice looking up at him, as he ended, with a keenness in her eyes and a softer smile.

"I have never been anywhere," she said, almost in a whisper. "I don't know anything. I wonder, Mr. Loomis—I've won[illegible] more than once—that you care to talk to me! I——"

But she said more than she meant to. He knew that her cheeks were hot and her eyes confusedly lowered.

His heart throbbed hard. He got up abruptly.

"That remarkable match they're murdering is driving everybody away," he remarked. "Shall we follow, Miss Lyman?"

"I think so," said Alice.

Her fingers pressed his offered arm.

A man, who had been listening in his halted buggy, wheeled about as they stepped into the road.

He was driving a colt, and a frisky one.

Was it the marvellously bad music which made the horse jump as he turned?

Alice was on the point of asserting it, but he swerved so close that she sprang back with a scream.

Somehow the whirling buggy struck her. It flew down the road the next instant, but Alice lay in a prone heap in the dusty road.

Cary Loomis groaned as he bent over her.

"Alice!" he cried. "Alice, darling! are you hurt?"

He raised her to her feet, his arms about her.

"No, no!" she protested. "That back wheel struck me as it flew around—that's all; it didn't even bruise me. Only I'm dusty enough," she ended, laughing.

"I am so sorry!" he murmured. "You sprang away from me so quickly that I could not save you. You must be hurt."

"I haven't a scratch," she retorted. "I—I think I will take your arm, Mr. Loomis."

In a bewildered way he withdrew and offered it. Then:

"I owe you an apology, Miss Lyman," he said, stiffly, as they went. "I—I called you something. I was so startled that I called you—perhaps you did not hear me?"

"Yes, I did," she murmured, with head averted.

"Well," he burst forth, desperately, "an apology, did I say? Well, I apologize, Miss Lyman. But I only said what was in my heart—I only said what I couldn't help, Miss Lyman. Try not to blame me! You will have a right to tell the man you are promised to, if you choose, and he will have the right to horsewhip me—but I couldn't help it! Try to forget it!"

"I don't understand you," said Alice, turning toward him at last and squarely. "What can you mean, Mr. Loomis? The man I'm promised to? I'm promised to nobody!"

But she was promised to somebody soon and in short order.

* * * * *

"Stark," said Cary—he was too happy to be sharply discerning and he regarded Mr. Stark with bland eyes—"Stark, you were wrong, let me inform you about Miss Lyman and that surveyor from Pittsburg who boarded next door to her. She is not engaged to him. She never was, Stark, and never will be!"

"Sho, now!" Mr. Stark's long countenance beamed forth and almost infantile blankness.

"Wal, I'm beat!"

"He was fifty or so, Stark, and Alice hardly exchanged a dozen words with him."

"Now pshaw!" said Mr. Stark, with a wide gaze of incredulity.

"No, sir, not a dozen words! And that package—he was going to Pittsburg, you know, and he heard her telling the lady he boarded with that she wanted a lot of worsteds, and some she couldn't get here, and he offered to get them for her when he got home. And he did. That's what that package was, Stark."

"Wal," said Mr. Stark, stroking his stubbly chin, "how I got it into my noddle I dunno—I'm for the life of me! I hain't been so took back, I dunno when!"

But he coughed queerly as he walked away.

Mr. Stark's sense of humor was abnormally developed.—*Saturday Night.*

New Way to Make Sugar.

The first lignite sugar refinery in this country is about to be put into operation, and if it carries out the expectations of its projectors, it may revolutionize the sugar industries of the world. The Keystone Sugar Refining Company has established a plant at Riverside, Del., on the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad, just this side of Wilmington, and in a few days the machinery will be put in motion. The scheme is to utilize the waste from the molasses-houses known as "black strap" and turn out an excellent grade of sugar.

The process is the invention of a man named Kleeman, a German, who has superintended the erection of the machinery at the Riverside refinery. He has one or two large refineries in Germany, which at present are the only ones in the world. The "black strap" is thrown into a reservoir and thinned with water and then large quantities of pulverized lignite are thrown in and mixed with the refuse molasses. The process of purifying them takes place, and after passing through a sort of press the lignite and sugar are separated, the lignite being turned out in blocks, which can be used as fuel. By this means there is absolutely no waste.

The lignite is a sort of coal and the company at present is receiving a supply from Germany, although it is found in large quantities in this country. In Vermont and Alabama there are great fields of it and deposits of it are found in New Jersey, but there it is of an inferior quality.

The "black strap" is to be secured from molasses houses. It has always been a problem puzzling the refiners to find some way of using this waste, but it never was solved until Mr. Kleeman invented his process. The "black strap" formerly was shipped to Europe, where it was used for coloring cordials, making rum and for other purposes, but the product has always been in excess of the demand.—*New York Journal.*

Antics of a Lemur.

No beast that I ever saw was more fond of play than the little Malagasy, not even a lively kitten. From the moment his door was opened till he was shut in for the night he often gave his mind to a constant succession of pranks. He scraped the heads off our dress-trimmings with his comb-like teeth, and he slapped or pulled boots or work out of our hands, and especially liked to frolic in one's lap, lying on his back kicking with all fours, pretending to bite, and turning somersaults or indulging in the most peculiar leaps. In the latter he flung out his arms, dropped his head on one side in a bewitching way, turned half around in the air, and came down in the spot he started from, the whole performance so sudden, apparently so involuntary, and his face so grave all the time, it seemed as if a spring had gone off inside, with which his will had nothing to do.

A favorite plaything with the lemur was a window-shade. He began by jumping up to the fringe, seizing it and swinging back and forth. One day he learned by accident that he could "set it off," and then his extreme pleasure was to snatch at it with so much force as to start the spring, when he instantly let go and made one bound to the other side of the room, or to the mantel, where he sat, looking the picture of innocence, while the released shade sprang to the top and went over and over the rod. We could never prevent his carrying out this little programme, and we drew down one shade only to have him slyly set off another the next instant.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

Infants' Sensitive Eyes.

In an article on "Blindness and the Blind" in the *Journal of the Franklin Institute*, Dr. Webster Fox refers, among other things, to the need for care being exercised with regard to the eyes of young children. The eyes are more sensitive to light in childhood than in adult life, yet a mother or nurse will often expose the eyes of an infant to the glare of the sun for hours at a time.

Dr. Fox holds that serious evils may spring from this, and he even contends that "the greater number of the blind lose their sight from carelessness during infancy." From the point of view of an oculist he protests against the notion that children should begin to study at a very early age. He thinks that until they are between seven and nine years old the eye is not strong enough for school work. When they do begin to learn lessons they "should have good light during their study hours, and should not be allowed to study much by artificial light before the age of ten. Books printed in small type should never be allowed in the schoolrooms, much less be read by feeble light."

FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

DON'T BE STINGY WITH YOUR STOCK.

It is a funny idea that some people have, that a heifer calf will develop into a cow on wind. We have known men who did take some pains with a calf that they intended to raise for beef, but who would neglect a heifer calf. It requires just as perfect an organization to produce milk as it does to produce beef, and the only way to make a perfect organization is to feed the calf well and properly. It ought never to be forgotten that scant food injures the digestive apparatus of a calf. The calf that does not get enough to fat, or that is fed upon too concentrated food will not be able to digest as much as it should when it becomes a cow.—*Western Rural.*

TO TEST CLOVER.

Clover often contains too much sap for safe stacking when the leaves and outsides of the stems have been browned and made crisp by hot sunshine. The simple test applied by experienced haymakers however is almost always a sufficient safeguard. If no drops of sap can be squeezed out of a handful of clover by twisting the stems with moderate force, it is fit to be carted. It is a good plan to wait two or three days after putting up the greater part of a stack before topping it up, covering it with a cloth if there is any danger of rain. This allows the fodder to settle and some of the heat to escape. Another useful precaution is to make a chimney in the middle of a stack by drawing a sack filled with hay or straw up as the sack becomes higher and higher, so that there will be a ventilating-shaft from bottom to top. It is partly because these familiar safeguards are neglected in fine hay-harvests that large quantities of hay are usually spoilt when the sun shines day after day.—*Once a Week.*

A REMEDY FOR APPLE MILDEW.

Professor B. T. Galloway, chief of the section of Vegetable Pathology Department of Agriculture, Washington, has recently succeeded, as the result of practical experiments, in producing a remedy for the disease called pear-leaf blight and apple mildew, which annually causes great destruction to these trees. As a result of practical experiments, he feels justified in recommending it to the farmers and fruit growers as both efficacious and economical.

The remedy consists of the application of a fungicide, with an appliance by which 50,000 plants were sprayed in a day and a half at a cost, not including labor, of $4.75 for each application, five being required to secure good results. Experiments of a similar nature were carried on in the same nurseries by which a block of some two hundred thousand apple seedlings, affected by the powdery mildew, was treated with a preparation at a total cost of not exceeding two cents per 1000 trees. The results in this case also have proved highly satisfactory.—*New York Herald.*

SHEEP AND CALVES IN CORN FIELDS.

Weeds are lidely to escape in the latter cultivation of the corn, and other weeds spring up after cultivation is ended. It is these weeds which foul the land for future years. The weeds in the corn field are neglected during the hurry of grain and hay harvest, threshing, hauling manure and preparing the ground for wheat. But even better than is the scythe are the sheep. Let them have the run of the corn fields during the autumn. They like the shade of the rows. They will nibble off the lower blades of the corn, but this is in no wise an injury to the crop. The sheep will also find every weed and bunch of grass. Their scent is sharp, and they will discover weeds that would be overlooked. There are very few weeds indeed that will not be cropped by sheep, especially of the Merino breed; they crop so close to the ground that the weeds will hardly start again. The spring calves, if not too strong, may well be put with the sheep. Unless unusually large, they will not damage the corn, and will get considerable feed which would otherwise be wasted.—*American Cultivator.*

EVERGREENS

Ignorance in early days of their habits, value and proper place, put off the day of evergreens in this country nearly a century, and they are only just beginning to receive that intelligent consideration that they deserve. Planted in the seven by nine fenced-in front yard of former days, the very qualities that give to our larger evergreens their greatest value made them nuisances of a very pronounced type. They closed the parlor windows from light and air and sight seeing; they locked branches across the path, and were wholly out of place. After a few years of conflict, and a year or two of complete holding of the fort, they were shorn of their glory, trimmed to an unsightly, scarred and hideous stem, a more unmeaning blotch of green on the winter's brown landscape, and only exciting attention when the overhanging boughs shook snow down the back of some unwary visitor.

When people become familiar with the best uses of evergreens, when they plant them for protection, as back grounds, and frames wherein to arrange beautiful pictures of lawn and flowers and bushes, then we will find them skirting the outer edges of ground and developing their grandest beauty and symmetry. In pyramids of beauty they will rise from the winter's snow, and their various shades of green will be noticed and admired. The single line planted merely to repel the winter's blast will gradually widen here and there into promontories and capes by the addition of new specimens, and these, as they grow, will form bays and gulfs and inlets of lawn, diversifying the outline and leading the owners to wonder how they ever contented themselves with a grass plat whose only boundary was a wooden fence, differing from the adjoining pasture merely in size and styled a lawn through courtesy.—*Vick's Magazine.*

DIGGING HOLES FOR TREE-PLANTING.

The late Dr. Warder's recommendation on the above subject is as follows: The next step in the preparation is the digging of the holes for planting the trees. Some persons lay great stress upon the importance of having these made large and deep, which may be very well in a grass lawn with a few trees, but it is a very expensive matter for an orchard with thousands, or even hundreds. The holes should be prepared as wide as the field, and as deep as the plow can stir it, as already directed; that is the kind of holes that should be dug; if the land has been prepared in this manner, the opening of the holes and planting the orchard, either deep or shallow, become very simple matters.

Having determined the distance at which the trees shall stand from one another, and the order or plan of planting, flag-poles are to be set in the line to be occupied by the first row of trees, and a deep furrow is then opened with a large plow, drawn by a pair of steady horses. The poles are moved and set for the next row of trees, and so on, until the whole is laid off, making the furrows as straight as possible. This done, a single horse with a lighter plow is driven across these deep furrows at the proper distance, so that the intersections shall indicate the stations for the trees.—*Prairie Farmer.*

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

A bushel of wheat weighing sixty pounds will make forty pounds of flour, five to six pounds of bran and four pounds of cumille.

The seeds of weeds are often present among the seeds that are sown. Farmers must be on their guard constantly when they purchase grass seed, or else they may sow their farms with noxious weeds.

If the hen and chickens are in the habit of staying in the garden, you might as well pull up the tomato vines. It will be a waste of time and a great strain on your patience to let the two grow together.

Experiments show that for mere sustenance a cow of 1,000 pounds weight must digest about eight pounds of nutritive material from her food, to supply which the food must contain about seventeen pounds of dry organic matter.

Peach yellow is no new disease, as it is said to have been observed in the vicinity of Philadelphia as early as 1791. Whether or not potash is a remedy can hardly be said to be settled, but it is well known to be a choice special manure, not only for the peach, but for all fruit trees.

A dealer who handles a great deal of fine butter remarked the other day: "I have just had to stop taking the butter of a man who really makes a very palatable article, but who will persist in churning but once a week. When this butter comes in it seems all right; but after a day or two it becomes rancid."

Cream not sufficiently ripened does not produce a good keeping or good flavored butter. Cream too much ripened yields a bad flavored butter. Be cautious and do not put sweet cream in with ripened cream just before churning. No cream should be churned until it has been ripened at least twelve hours.

There are being gathered at the New York experiment station specimen calves of all breeds, two heifers and two steers of each that are to be developed to certain age of each, charged with the weight and kind of food of each, with a view to ascertain which makes the best return for the food consumed. Several breeding associations have put in calves.

Bones are very tough and require strong mills to grind them. They are softened and broken up in this way: A pit is dug large enough to hold half of them and the bones are put in with fresh wood ashes and some fresh quick lime mixed with them and the other half are heaped in a pile above the surface. The pile is wetted as it is made, and when finished is covered with the earth thrown out. More water is poured on to the heap to slack the lime thoroughly.

Electricity In Surgical Operations.

"Electricity is playing quite an important part among the surgeons nowadays," said the surgeon in charge of a New York city hospital. "One of the innumerable developments of electricity is its growing usefulness in surgical operations. They are now manufacturing spectacles, which are lighted by a small electric lamp, so arranged as to send a beam of cool light on the part to be examined. The spectacles are said to have proved a success, and it may not be many months before every surgeon in the country will be provided with a pair."

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The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 20, 1889.

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The Semi-Centennial Anniversary

—OF THE—

FIRST UNIVERSALIST CHURCH IN WEYMOUTH.

Friday, Sept. 13, 1889, was the anniversary day of the dedication of the meeting-house of the First Universalist Society in Weymouth, which took place fifty years ago, and for a few weeks past the members of the society had been busily engaged in the arrangements for a suitable observance of the occasion, which brought together a large number of ministerial and lay representatives of the denomination, including several who took part in the services at the dedication in 1839.

The exercises were commenced at 2.30 p. m. in the church, under direction of the pastor, Rev. B. F. Eaton, the programme arranged for this service being as follows:

1. Organ Voluntary by Mr. Lewis E. Tilden, who was director of the music for the day and evening.
2. Sanctus by Choir.
3. Prayer by Rev. B. F. Bowles.
4. Hymn, "Come, Thou Almighty King," Choir.
5. Reading of letter from Rev. Massena B. Ballou, of Stoughton, who is now 89 years of age, and who took part in the dedication.
6. Address by Rev. Elmer Hewitt, of South Weymouth, who also took part in the dedication, and was 84 years of age the 8th inst.
7. Reading of letter from Rev. Olympia Brown (Willis,) pastor of the church from 1864 to 1869.
8. Address by Rev. B. H. Davis, pastor from 1870 to 1873.
9. Anniversary Hymn, by Rev. J. G. Adams.
10. Letters read from Rev. L. S. Crossley, pastor from 1876 to 1878, and from Rev. Anson Titus, pastor from 1878 to 1883.
11. Address by Rev. George H. Emerson, D. D., editor of the *Christian Leader*.
12. Address by Rev. William Hyde, Rector of Trinity Episcopal Church, of Weymouth.
13. Address by Charles Caverly, Esq., Business Manager of the Universalist Publishing House.
14. Closing Hymn, "High in the Heavens, Eternal God."
15. Benediction, by Rev. Edwin Davis of Quincy.

This service was quite lengthy, but it was filled with interest to the assembly, the remarks of some of the speakers being of a reminiscent character, others presenting the views and claims of the denomination as a part of the church universal.

The committee on the preparations for a substantial supper had been at work in Lincoln hall during the time of this service, and announcement being made at the close that all things were ready for the change from labor to refreshment, the invited guests and members of the society, with representatives of other religious societies of the town, proceeded to the tables, which were lavishly spread with supplies for the comfort and enjoyment of the one hundred and fifty ladies and gentlemen who sat down to the feast.

Supper over, a season was spent in social greeting, and at 7.30 o'clock the tones of the church bell again called together a numerous company, in which the several villages of the town were well represented, as well as surrounding towns, a special attraction of this service being the presence of the gifted speaker and authoress, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, who in years long past was connected with the society, Dr. Livermore then being its pastor. The interior of the church was made attractive with a profusion of flowering plants placed around the pulpit front and sides, on the wall being the dates "1839" "1889," worked in living green. The clergymen of the village had been invited to be present, and on the platform were seated with the pastor, Rev. Dr. D. P. Livermore, of Boston, and Rev. William Hyde of this place, Rev. W. L. Smith being unable to attend, the other clergymen being seated in the pews.

The evening exercises opened with an organ voluntary by Mr. Lewis E. Tilden, the choir then rendering the "Triagion" by Beethoven. Rev. Wm. Hyde offered prayer, and the choir followed with the anthem "Bonum Est," by Pease.

The first speaker of the evening introduced by the pastor was Rev. Dr. A. P. Livermore, who said this occasion was a reminder of the religious progress of the past fifty years, in which many here have lived to see great and important changes. The present is the most wonderful period of the world's history, in its marvellous intellectual quickening such as the world has never before seen, in the triumphs of invention for promoting the world's advancement, in the progress of science and art and in all things moral and spiritual for the upheaval of humanity. All along the line of the churches harsh and cruel dogmas, he said, have been driven to the moles and bats, and the most popular preachers in what he termed "the sacrificial" churches are those who set forth the love of God and Christ and the hope of blessed immortality. This change in sentiment he asserted has come through the influence of the distinctive doctrine of the Fatherhood of God, the Brotherhood of man, and a common destiny for the human race, and shows the necessity of the Universalist work, which is not yet completed.

During the past fifty years this church has stood for religious toleration, welcoming all who might yet have different views on non-essentials. It has also stood for a definite and reasonable statement of religious belief, never hesitating to express its conviction of the ultimate happiness of man. It has stood for a rational interpretation of the Bible, and none of us can compute the good it has done in fifty years. When in California he said a lady came to see him who was connected with this Sunday school in her youth, when he preached here, and she said the religious impressions of that period had abided with her through after life. In closing he said that he did not expect the outcome of entire harmony in religious opinion, nor that the Universalist church would be supreme, but he did expect that the church universal would be more and more imbued with the Spirit of God.

Mrs. Emily A. Fifield, of the Boston School board, and daughter of Thomas B. Porter, Esq., of this place, followed with brief remarks expressive of her continued interest in the church with which she had been connected in her youthful days, and expressing the hope that a still larger advancement of its influence and work might be made in the fifty years to come.

After the singing of a hymn by the choir, Dr. W. C. B. Fifield, of Dorchester, was introduced, and after speaking very feelingly of his early life associations with the village and with this church, he gave a bit of historical information in connection with Rev. John S. Barry, one of the early pastors and author of the "History of Massachusetts." He was in the company of Justin Winsor recently, when the latter spoke of a footnote in Barry's history which alludes to a diary kept by Gov. Bradford, of Pilgrim memory, that had long been missing, and says—"In a work published in London I find extracts from a history of the Plantation of Plymouth," which has proved to be the long missing manuscript. It appears that when the British forces occupied Boston, in the Revolution, an English officer took the diary from the Old South church and carried it to London, where it has been found in the possession of the Bishop of London, and will be published. This note of Mr. Barry's was an important link in resurrecting the historical treasure.

The closing speaker of the evening was Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, who gave a most interesting address, replete with memories of forty years ago, when as the wife of the pastor at that period she labored with him in church work at Weymouth, and took the whole parish right into her heart. The parish was all alive with the anti-slavery work at that time, as well as other reforms, and this church, she said, has stood stronger for more grand reforms than any other in the country, the women of the church, in particular, being remarkably zealous, (this being evident from the fact that within the last ten years they have by their own efforts raised some $7000 for church improvements. In her further remarks she spoke of Olympia Brown, whose success as pastor here made this church a focus for the whole State; of Asa B. Wales, who when the temperance reform arose banished all liquors from his hotel and labored for its success; of Maria Weston Chapman, celebrated for her rare gifts and marvellous beauty, who in the cause of woman suffrage was a strong tower; and of others resident in the place of whose worth and work she was conversant. She dwelt at some length on the need of the Universalist work, believing that its influence would ultimately throw down all sectarian barriers, though all would not think alike.

Rev. Mr. Eaton then thanked the speakers and all others who had contributed to the success of the anniversary, and the service was closed with singing of the "Portuguese Hymn" and benediction by Rev. Elmer Hewitt.

The committees in charge of the arrangements for the occasion were committee on invitations and entertainment Rev. B. F. Eaton, George W. White, George E. Porter. Committee on decoration, J. W. Armington, Walter C. Gutterson, Miss Annie Pratt. Committee on supper, Charles A. Carpenter, chairman, assisted by thirteen ladies and gentlemen of the society.

Among the guests at the supper table, were Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Livermore, Rev. G. H. Emerson, D. D., Revs. Edwin Davis, B. F. Bowles, B. H. Davis and Miss Davis, Wm. Hyde, and Elmer Hewitt, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. B. Fifield, E. S. Beals, Wilmot Cleverly, Washington Cleverly, Edmund Hersey of Hingham, George H. Arnold, of Braintree, Henry White of Dedham, Frank White of Brockton, with their ladies, and members of other religious societies of the village.

The Annual Fair

Of the Weymouth A. & I. Society commences next week Thursday, and it is hoped that good weather and a general interest in the success of our local society will draw a large company to the Park each day. President Pool and his associates are making strenuous effort for a fine exhibition of fruits, flowers, vegetables, useful and fancy articles in the hall, and the stock pens and poultry coops will be made very attractive. The sports committee will provide a grand array of entertainments during the three days of the Fair, and our town's people are urged to extend to the society a generous patronage each day. The advertisement in our columns furnishes full particulars of the Fair.

National Bank.

In response to circulars sent out the first of the week, between forty and fifty of the prominent business men of the village gathered at Engine hall last evening to consider the subject of a National bank for East Weymouth. The meeting was called to order by N. D. Canterbury, who was chosen chairman, and C. B. Cushing, secretary. Mr. Canterbury stated that a few weeks ago, in conversation with several business men the National Bank question was talked of and as a result this meeting had been called. He also stated that in that village there were 75 business firms who paid bills by checks, and that the pay rolls of the shoe factories alone was $695,000 a year, while that of other individuals swelled the amount to $706,000, making the outlook for a National Bank in this ward second to none in the region. The deposits would be equal to those of the Weymouth or South Weymouth banks, and if this was the case it must be a success. M. C. Dizer then moved that we proceed to organize a National Bank in this village, which motion was seconded by D. M. Easton. John P. Lovell arose and said he would be pleased to see a National Bank in East Weymouth, if it would pay, but he did not think it would. Mr. Lovell then gave some figures as to cost, further saying, if we have men who would take stock and not expect any dividends, why all right. Z. L. Bicknell was not much acquainted with banking business, but his idea was that this matter had better be referred to a committee, to consult with the business men and ascertain the probable expense and income from it.

Mr. Canterbury liked Mr. Bicknell's idea, but at the same time failed to agree with Mr. Lovell, for he knew of no bank that had been started that had failed, except through bad investments. If we have the right man at the head, like his friend on the left (Mr. Dizer), he could not see why one would not pay here as well as in the other villages.

Mr. Dizer then withdrew his motion, and Mr. Bicknell moved that a committee of five be appointed to investigate the matter and report at a future meeting. This motion was carried and the chair appointed Marshall C. Dizer, John P. Lovell, John Carroll, Franklin D. Thayer, John P. Burrell, as the committee. Mr. Burrell resigned and the chairman, N. D. Canterbury, was by vote of the meeting appointed in his place. Mr. Bicknell then moved that two more be added to the committee, viz.: Edwin Clapp and Peter W. French, which was carried. The meeting then adjourned for one week. Much interest was manifested by those present and there is no doubt but at the next meeting the necessary steps will be taken, and in a very short time East Weymouth will have a National Bank.

A Scoop.

The Pension Commissioner nominee is Major Merrill of Lawrence and Col. B. S. Lovell was the first one to be notified by despatch Wednesday night from Washington, with request to wire the Mass. Senators, in courtesy to their position. Col. Lovell worked hard with Gen Warner to induce him to take the office, and owing to his interest in the matter the officials gave him the "scoop" on their decision.

Varied Bids.

There was about $100 difference between the highest and lowest bids for the work of painting the town hall, and we learn that Mr. Maurice Connell was the lowest bidder. Two coats of yellow, with white trimmings will be applied. The hall has not been repainted for twenty-one years, and the new coat may be styled a "freedom" suit.

Birthday Gathering.

The residence of Mr. Charles Harlow, at Marshfield, was the scene of a pleasant gathering on Tuesday week, the occasion being the 82d birthday of his mother, Mrs. Eliza J. Harlow, widow of Rev. Lemuel Harlow, who was for of the M. E. church at East Weymouth, some forty years since, and died about twenty years ago, his widow having lived with her son from that time.

Accident.

Mr. Horace Bunker, driver of one of Billings' lumber teams, was passing through Commercial street with a load of lumber and shingles, last Monday morning, when the shingles were thrown off the cart by a pitch in the roadway, and Mr. Bunker was also thrown off, falling between the horses and the pole and receiving an injury on the calf of his right leg by one of the horses stepping on him. The horses ran as far as the fountain in the square, with which the wagon came in contact, breaking off a corner of the base and smashing the lantern and lamp. No injury was done to the horses.

III.

Mr. George W. Hersey, the well known painter, has been suffering from angina pectoris, or neuralgia of the heart, for the past week. On Sunday afternoon a return of the attack came on with alarming severity, and Dr. Tinkham and Dr. Gilbert, of Quincy, remained with him continually for over ten hours. We are pleased to learn that he is improving and wish him a speedy return to former health.

Mr. Cyrus Loud, who was threatened with pneumonia the first of the week, is convalescent.

Musical.

The Ladies' Schubert Quartette sang at the concert given by the Marshfield Agricultural Society on Thursday evening of last week, to a large audience, and met with such fine success that they were re-engaged for the next evening (Friday), when they appeared with an entire change of programme, meeting fully as large an audience as on the evening previous, which was certainly flattering to the quartette and showed that the people of Marshfield appreciate a first-class entertainment.

The Handsomest Lady in Weymouth

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle *Free*. Large size 50c and $1.

BRIEFS.

Mr. John R. Brewer's steel hay press will be on exhibition at the Hingham cattle fair by particular request of the officers of the society, and an exhibition of bailing hay on the field will be given.

Joshua Wilkins, who has been confined to the house for some time with rheumatism, was out driving Tuesday.

Brussels soap will answer for the bath, toilet or laundry, as it contains no rosin or other adulteration.

A call has been issued for a Republican caucus, to be held at the Town hall this evening at 7.30 o'clock, to choose delegates to the several conventions.

The bridge inspectors of the Old Colony railroad passed through Weymouth Tuesday, stopping at all the bridges, which were examined.

A meeting of the water commissioners was held Tuesday, to award the contract for the new steam pump.

Mrs. Helen M. Slack, widow of Rev. Samuel Slack, formerly of Weymouth, is teaching school in Southbridge, her daughter being with her.

We don't believe there are over a dozen families in Weymouth but what are using Brussels soap.

Weymouth people like to go to cattle shows. The local show takes them, and then after seeing what local talent can do they take cars or carriages to Brockton's big fair, sure of seeing the best there is going. Brockton's entries close next Tuesday (a week earlier than usual), so that all owners of good stock, whether horses, colts, or cattle, should enter at once. There are some new features that will be introduced both on and off the track. Nobody in this vicinity can afford to miss the Brockton fair, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5.

There are not enough columns in the GAZETTE to publish all the testimonials the manufacturers have received for Brussels soap.

The Weymouth band have been engaged to furnish music for the Hingham fair next week, Tuesday and Wednesday. It is evident that the Hingham people know a good thing when they hear it.

The first of a series of weekly meetings of the teachers at East Weymouth with Mr. Bradford, the music teacher, was held last Tuesday, at the Franklin school.

Miss Lillian Burrell, teacher at the Adams school, North Weymouth, has resigned, and her place has been filled by Miss Jennie W. Rea.

Mrs. Eva L. Baker of Weymouth will sing with the Neilson Quartette this winter.

The Bourk and Willoby boys, recently injured at Loud & Pratt's lumber yard, are recovering from their injuries more rapidly than expected.

Mrs. W. B. Sanborn and Mrs. Cora Cobb are in Maine, visiting for a few weeks.

Charles C. Foster, of Newton, has bought the W. H. Bond place on Summer street. Mr. Bond has vacated the house and will build on his vacant lot near the Harper Hunt estate.

Gus B. Bates will show his system of hot water and air combined at the Weymouth, Hingham and Brockton fairs.

We advise all our correspondents to use Brussels soap.

Miss Mabel South, who was recently injured by a horse kicking her in the breast, is now getting along nicely, although at times is unable to speak aloud.

Mrs. William Wainwright is visiting her mother at Sharon, Conn.

The Christian Endeavor society connected with the Union church is becoming quite an adjunct to the parish. The vast year much good has been accomplished, many attending the meetings with profit. The meetings are held at 6.30 p. m. Sundays, in the lecture room, and all interested are invited.

A young man of this place ate 24 bananas on a wager last Monday, within one hour's time.

E. W. Richards, son of Jacob Richards, has been sent to Missouri, by his employers, Messrs. J. B. Lewis, of Boston, to represent them. Mr. Richards is a promising young man and possesses business qualities that few can claim.

The standing of the billiard tournament for week ending Sept. 19 is as follows:—William White played 14, won 12, lost 2; W. J. Whiting played 16, won 10, lost 6; Ed White played 14, won 7, lost 7; J. D. Walsh played 14, won 6, lost 8; Henry Rowell played 14, won 5, lost 9; Geo. Partridge played 14, won 3, lost 11.

John Burns is building a stable near his residence.

Two linemen of the Electric Light Co. fell near the square Tuesday and sustained slight injuries.

Mr. J. G. Worster is out again, but is quite lame from the effects of rheumatism.

John T. Jackson is at Litchfield, Me., visiting friends.

The Republican caucus will be held this evening at the Town hall, and the Democratic one at the same place Saturday evening.

The Social Club hold a dancing party at Lincoln hall tonight. Music, Osborne's orchestra.

The Weymouth Historical Society will hold its regular monthly meeting at the Tufts Library on Wednesday, the 25th inst., at 7.30 o'clock P. M. A valuable and interesting paper may be expected.

"The Gospel of Jesus Christ," will be the subject of Rev. William Hyde's sermon at Trinity church, on Sunday morning. The service is at 10.30 A. M.

One of the coal schooners that cleared from this port just before the storm, was wrecked off Chatham and is a total loss.

A little son of George Lord nearly lost his life last Saturday by being knocked down by a passing team. The driver saw him in season to stop his horse. Had the horse moved on the lad's head would have been crushed.

Mr. Frank W. Humphrey and family of St. Louis, Mo., are in town, stopping with Mr. Albert Humphrey.

About one hundred members of the Orcutt family were present at the reunion of the descendants of Moses Orcutt, of Weymouth, held in the Agricultural hall on the Park at South Weymouth, last Friday.

Letters remain in the Weymouth P. O., Sept. 20, for Miss M. Beauejour, Mrs. Rhoda Barnes care M. D. Rudolph, Mr. H. Blanche, Mr. Dondely (blacksmith), Mr. Lee Hines, Mrs. Elizabeth Just (or Oust), Miss Maud Layton, Mrs. Josephine Spear, Mr. Daniel C. Snow. J. W. RAND, P. M.

Meeting.

A number of the members of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Union Cong'l church of Weymouth and Braintree attended the quarterly meeting of the Clark C. E. Union at North Abington Wednesday evening, the party being conveyed in H. L. Thayer's barge. The entire evening was spent in a social and interesting manner, highly appreciated by all. Members were present from East, North and South Weymouth, Hingham Abington and Rockland. A collation was served in the vestry at 7 o'clock, after which the exercises of the evening were held in the church before a large audience. Reports were read from the different societies; Scripture reading by Rev. Mr. Sherwood of the Baptist church; prayer by Rev. J. H. Jones and Rev. M. Blanchard; address by Rev. J. L. Sewall of Plymouth, "The Christian's Opportunity," which was so interesting and suggestive that it could not fail to have a helpful influence upon all who heard it. The exercises were closed by benediction by Rev. Mr. Colby of Abington.

First "Gun" for the Fair.

The John P. Lovell Arms Co. have donated a breech loading Wesley-Richards double-barreled gun for the coming fair to be given by Crescent Lodge, I. O. O. F., in aid of the building fund for their new hall. It is a handsome weapon for sportsmen, and the sale of the gun will no doubt bring a nice return for the fund.

Lighted.

The residents about Hunt street were greeted last Tuesday evening with the appearance of a bright light in the arc light frame which is located at that point, and the news was spread that the electric light was on; but the illuminator proved to be the street lantern of Mr. Wm. Cronin, which had been hoisted into the frame and irradiated the intense darkness to a good degree.

Why Will You

Allow your health to gradually fail? If you are closely confined indoors with little or no exercise, and desire good health, you must take care of yourself. Use Sulphur Bitters, and you will have a sound mind and a strong body.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

The old Middle street school building is being moved this week.

James L. Bates Camp S of V. muster in two recruits this evening.

The W. C. T. Union will meet at Temperance hall next Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Raymond are at Canterbury, Conn., this week.

Mrs. Otis Jaquith has sold her house and land back of M. C. Dizer & Co's factory to W. H. Fearing.

Wessagusset Colony, U. O. P. F., will discuss the subject of weekly benefits to sick members at their next meeting.

After an absence of four Sundays, Rev. A. A. Kidder will occupy the pulpit at the M. E. church.

Remember the sociable of Z. L. Bicknell Hose 2, this evening, at Masonic hall.

Charles D. Canterbury leaves this week for a three months business trip through the west.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton B. Merchant have been at Ware, Mass., for a few days.

The family of Col. B. S. Lovell, who have been at Cottage City for a month past, has returned home.

A number of Mechanics Temple of Honor went to West Scituate last Tuesday evening, to visit Corner Stone Temple.

Mr. A. Pierce, of Hanover, will speak in Reform Club hall Sunday evening, at 6 o'clock, to which all are cordially invited.

P. G. P. John P. Loring, in company with the Grand Instructor, is soon to make an official visit to Wompatuck Encampment.

The old house of Francis Cowing, on Middle street, which has recently been repaired and painted, has been let to a Scituate party, who will move in this week.

The subject of Rev. W. S. Key's address at the Unitarian church next Sunday will be "Who are the true leaders of men?" Service at 2.30 p. m. All are invited.

A. W. Clark, who some time since moved into town and occupied a house near the residence of Peter W. French, moves back to Fairfield, Me., with his family, today.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold their regular meeting in the vestry Wednesday afternoon, the gentlemen being present at supper in the early evening.

All are invited to the holiness meetings which are held every Friday evening at 7.30 o'clock, at the residence of Benjamin F. Garey on Commercial street. At this evening's meeting Mrs. Macfarlane will have charge.

The Hotel Weymouth, mentioned in last week's NEWS, from which a quantity of liquor had been seized, was not the hotel at East Weymouth, but the one at South Weymouth. The proprietor was in court this week and fined $100 and costs, from which he appealed.

The chevaliers of Component Canton, P. M., who participated in the excursion up the Kennebec last week, returned home Saturday, reporting one of the most enjoyable trips they had ever participated in.

Letters remain in the post-office for Miss Hanna, Mrs. C. E. Loring, Mrs. Mary A. O'Brien, Mrs. Alice Pratt, Harry Blanche, M. J. Cristy, care Wm. Kennedy, John H. Cullen, Thomas Kelly, E. Whall.

Everybody speaks well of Brussels soap.

The Weymouth training school for the school year 1889-90 met for organization last Monday afternoon at the North High school. There were eight present who entered the school, but there will doubtless be more soon.

Joshua F. Vinal has been awarded the contract to build six tenement houses for the Bradley Fertilizer Company, near their works. He is also to build by the day a large building for their business 40x80.

Sunday morning at the Congregational church there will be preaching by Rev. Edward A. Norton, of Quincy, who will also conduct the evening service, for which special singing has been arranged by Mr. T. H. Emerson. All are cordially invited.

The East Weymouth branch of the North Weymouth Cemetery Circle will meet with Mrs. Stephen F. Threll, Middle street, Friday afternoon Sept. 27. All are requested to be present.

The old street light which stood at the corner of Broad and Putnam streets has been removed to Cowing avenue near the residence of E. Q. S. Litchfield.

In these days of adulteration, we think it is good policy to use that which you know to be strictly pure. Therefore use Brussels soap. It is not adulterated.

A Democratic caucus will be held at the Town hall Saturday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, to choose delegates to the several conventions and to elect a town committee for the ensuing year.

The large engine for the electric light plant has arrived and is being placed in position. The linemen are busy at work running the outside wire for the incandescent system.

William Rea, clerk at the Weymouth Clothing House, leaves Monday for Lynn, where the same firm open a clothing store in the new Adams building. Mr. Rea will be greatly missed by the many patrons of the Weymouth store.

Saturday, a 12-year old daughter of Charles Stetson was bitten in the arm by a pug dog, owned by Frank Burbank. The dog at the time had a strap muzzle on and the child was bitten while playing with him. The wound was cauterized and no serious results are anticipated. The dog has as yet not been killed, but will be.

Last Friday afternoon, while engaged in raising a small building in the rear of Howe's livery stable, the blocking gave way tipping the building into the canal, also throwing Mr. Howe and Charles Stetson who were at work under the building, into the water. Had the building tipped the other way they would have been badly crushed.

The F. L. T. Circle met as usual on Wednesday afternoon and continued their work making useful and fancy articles for the grand fair, to be held in November. The circle now numbers 106, but there is still room for all Odd Fellows' ladies, who are again invited to join with them, for the probable outcome of these afternoon meetings will be a flourishing lodge of the Daughters of Rebekah.

Eureka H. & L. held their first sociable at Engine hall last Friday evening, a goodly number being present who enjoyed a good time.

The new postal car which is to be put on the South Shore line between Plymouth and Boston will be a great convenience for parties in East, North and Weymouth who have occasion to correspond, for with this car letters mailed at East Weymouth will reach the Landing post-office in ten or fifteen minutes, whereas now a letter mailed here in the morning seldom reaches Weymouth before night.

If your grocer has never heard of Brussels soap, give him no peace until he orders some for you.

The following are the newly elected officers of South Shore Commandery Knight Templars:—Em. Com., T. H. Humphrey; Gen., George Cushing; Capt. Gen., T. John Evans; Prelate, C. H. Pratt; S. W., A. J. Garey; J. W., H. E. Raymond; Treas., E. G. Bates; Recorder, C. N. Marsh; Standard Bearer, J. R. Orcutt; Sword do., J. A. Roarty; Warder, W. P. Fearing; Trustees, Z. L. Bicknell, William Humphrey, William Fearing 2d.

The school in the new building on Middle street did not commence Monday as was advertised. The furnace not being in position Dr. Fraser objected, as the rooms would be so damp that serious results might follow. The furnace is now ready and if nothing unforeseen happens the school will commence next Monday.

Last evening a number of the friends of James O'Donovan tendered him a surprise party at his residence on Middle street. The friends gathered about 8 o'clock, and from then until midnight a thoroughly good time was enjoyed. During the evening Mrs. O'Donovan was presented with a large chandelier, and Mr. O'Donovan was given a gold ring by his wife. A nice supper was served during the evening.

It Is Foolish

To send for the doctor ever time you don't feel just right. My doctor's bill for years was over a hundred dollars a year, which made a pretty big hole in my wages. For the past two years, I only spent ten dollars, with which I bought a dozen bottles of Sulphur Bitters, and health has been in my family since using them.—ROBERT JOHNSON, Machinist.

TUFTS LIBRARY.

NEW BOOKS RECEIVED.

NOTE.—The books will be ready for delivery on the Saturday following the issue of the Gazette containing the list.

Barr, A. E. Feet of clay. 414-45
Blouet, Paul. *Max O'Rell.* Jacques Bonhomme; John Bull on the continent; From my letter box. 232.80
Bowditch, H. P. Hints for teachers of physiology. (Guides for science-teaching No. XIV.) 733.48
Boyesen, H. H. The light of her countenance. 416.67
Dodge, T. A. Great captains; lectures showing the influence, on the art of war, of the campaigns of Alexander, Hannibal, Caesar, Gustavus Adolphus, Frederick and Napoleon. 715.46
Goss, W. L. Jed, a boy's adventures in the army of '61-'65. 527.98
Fenn, G. M. Mother Carey's chicken; her voyage to the unknown isle. 526.87
Franklin, Benjamin. Morse, J. T., *Jr.* Life of. (American statesmen.) 914.20
Hamerton, P. G. Portfolio papers. 722.38
Hodgkins, L. M. A guide to the study of the nineteenth century authors. [English and American authors.] 134.43
Strange manuscript found in a copper cylinder. *Illust.* 417.78
Swett, Sophie. Captain Polly. *Juv.* 524.116
Thayer, Eli. A history of the Kansas crusade, its friends and its foes. Introduction by Edward Everett Hale. 613.54

List of Books on Electricity:

Alglave, E., *and* Boulard, J. The electric light. 727.46
Angell, J. Elements of magnetism and electricity. 734.27
Baile, J. Wonders of electricity. 733.1
Barnard, C. First steps in electricity. 732.55
Benjamin, P. Age of electricity. 732.48
Brennan, M. S. Popular exposition of electricity. 732.46
Gordon, J. E. H. School electricity. 732.47
Guthrie, F. Magnetism and electricity. 734.3
Hammond, R. Electric light in our homes. 724.59
Hospitalier, E. Modern applications of electricity. 727.45
Maier, J. Arc and glow lamps. 723.102
Mendenhall, T. C. A century of electricity. 732.49
Tyndall, J. Lessons in electricity. 735.27
Light and electricity. 732.31

C. A. BLANCHARD, Librarian.

Sept. 20, 1889.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

Twin girls were born to Rev. and Mrs. F. H. Palmer at the Old North parsonage, Wednesday week.

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Drake arrived home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Orcutt are participating in the New England Grocers excursion to Washington this week.

Elmer Kidder goes into the Fore River Engine Works Monday, to learn the machinist trade.

Mrs. E. Sanford Litchfield and family are at North Scituate for a week.

Monatiquot Colony U. O. P. F. have several new names under consideration.

That piece of North street between the railroad bridge and the Old North cemetery has always been a muddy place, but now is undergoing an improvement which will be appreciated by all who have occasion to travel that way. The street is being ploughed up and will be macadamized, and when finished will be ten feet wider than at present, with a good sidewalk on the east side. The railroad company will build a flight of stairs from the new sidewalk to the depot platform.

Mrs. Hannah Pollard, of Sanbornton, N. H., is visiting with D. M. Kidder.

Monday, Mrs. Ferdinand L. Barnes fell while at work, bruising her side quite badly.

Simultaneous Missionary Meetings.

On Monday evening last an important conference of the pastors of Weymouth was held in the chapel of the Methodist church in East Weymouth, to arrange for a series of meetings in the interest of foreign missions, beginning Sept. 29, and continuing through the following week. Such meetings are to be held on that week by the evangelical churches throughout Massachusetts, this plan of simultaneous meetings having been tried with great success in other parts of the world. In one week in February 1889, in the city of London alone, 2,000 meetings were held, and 800 missionary sermons and addresses were delivered on a single Sunday; 800 meetings were held on the following week in various parts of England, resulting according to the official church record, in "a development of study and prayer, the like of which was certainly never before seen in our church." The suggestion of the proposed meetings in Massachusetts comes from the Methodist conference which voted to recommend all their churches to hold such meetings, beginning Sept. 29. The Baptist and Congregational churches were also invited to join in the movement, and will generally do so, thus giving, for one thing, a practical illustration of the fraternal good will and substantial unity of these different denominations. It is hoped that a great increase of knowledge and interest in missions, and in the spread of the Gospel generally, will result. The Weymouth pastors present at the above meeting agreed to have missionary sermons in their respective churches on Sept. 29, and at least one meeting during the week following in each church, a programme being arranged for three weeks time services, which will be announced in next week's GAZETTE.

The sixty-third semi-annual meeting of the Norfolk Conference of Congregational churches will be held with the Central Square Trinitarian church in Bridgewater on Tuesday next, Sept. 24, at 9.30 a. m. A full and helpful programme is to be presented, and it is hoped that the number who will attend from the Weymouth churches will be large.

Mr. F. C. Pratt who has lately taken up the detective business as a profession, has met with success worthy of note. He took the case in question Sept. 11, and on Sept. 16 his labor was rewarded by bringing to justice a party from Texas who was accused of beating a hotel keeper out of $1000 and a widow of $7000, the particulars of which cases we cannot find room to publish.

The North Weymouth Cemetery Circle will hold a special meeting with Mrs. Henry A. Nash, on Tuesday, Sept. 24, at 3 o'clock p. m. A full attendance is requested.

Thomas Bicknell will have town water put into his stable.

Edward Davis, a former resident of this village, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah H. Pratt for a few days. Mr. Davis sold his place on Pearl street to Mr. A. T. Cushing five years ago, and moved his family to Brookfield, where he had secured a good situation at Bachelder's shoe factory.

Mrs. Geo. O. Miller is slowly recovering, being able to sit up a couple of hours each day.

While ward one can boast of having better streets than any other section of the town, we yet have some as poor roads as there is to be found in Weymouth. Last week we called the attention of the selectmen to the great need of a sidewalk on River street, and this week would like to speak of the miserable condition of the section of Bridge street from Quincy Point bridge to the top of Graves' hill. In the first place there is no sidewalk on that section of the street; then the street is lowest in the middle nearly all the way, so that when it rains water stands in the middle of the road. There is a great deal of foot travel there; last Sunday night twenty-six ladies and gentlemen got off from one horse-car at the Point and walked into Old Spain, through water and mud all the way to Graves' hill. Often when there are high tides the water flows across the street and sometimes leaves considerable seaweed in the road, and people are obliged to wade through the water or wait for the tide to go down. Probably there is more travel over that section of Bridge street than any other section of road in Weymouth, as a large number of people go from this village to take the horse-cars and many of them return in the evening, being obliged to put up with a great deal of inconvenience in dodging the teams in the dark. The road should be raised about two feet and a good breakwater built to keep the tide from washing the street away.

The North Weymouth Improvement Association held their monthly meeting Tuesday evening at the office of E. S. Beals, the president in the chair. The records of last meeting were read and approved. The executive committee was called on for reports, but they had nothing particular to present. New business was the next in order, and under this head various matters were discussed, the most important being the bad condition of Bridge street from Graves' hill to near Quincy Point bridge. On motion of J. W. Bartlett, Esq. the meeting voted to ask the selectmen to build a plank walk from Graves' hill to near the Quincy Point bridge. It was a good move for the association to make, and it is hoped the selectmen will take immediate action in the matter. N. M.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

The regular meeting of the Co-operative bank was held last Saturday night and the sum of $1600 was loaned on real estate, all but $100 of this being to one bidder. It was also the time for a new series of shares to begin and fifty shares were subscribed for at the meeting. In view of the success already attained and the many advantages incident to a co-operative bank it was decided to make special efforts to increase the number of shares in the new series and if the facts growing out of this new movement are properly presented to the community over five hundred shares can be sold before the next meeting in October. As a means of saving and accumulating money the co-operative bank is acknowledged to be one of the best institutions of modern times and the interest on such savings is a material advantage in its favor. It is an organization in which the man or woman of moderate means finds special inducements. The purchase of one share means the payment of one dollar each month, and that means the sum of $200 at maturity which is reached in about twelve years. No large salaries are paid, most of the work being gratuitous, and all the money received goes at once from the hands of the secretary to the treasurer, who is under bonds to a reasonably large amount. The co-operative bank can be made to work out good results and that is what we expect here in the near future.

The great local event of next week will be the Agricultural fair and as we shall have had our full allowance of rain by that time we may reasonably hope for fair skies beginning with Wednesday next. The president and other officers seem possessed with the determination to make the fair successful, financial and otherwise, and if the results are at all commensurate with the zeal manifested by the faithful the treasury will show up well at the close. The assignment of the opening day to the children was a happy thought and the privilege of all under twelve passing through the gates free, when accompanied by parents, ought to crowd the grounds The Punch and Judy show, boys' races and other attractions, will keep the young folks interested. During Friday the trained horses will afford an exhibition of rare merit and all should see these wonderful animals. Base ball and trotting will be a prominent feature of the last two days and music will be furnished by the Weymouth and American Bands. The best of order is insured throughout the fair and every precaution has been taken to have everything move along smoothly and satisfactorily. The exhibition in the hall will be up to the usual high standard.

All the schools here open pleasantly and with larger numbers than usual, which is an indication of progress in the right direction. The High school has eighty pupils, a number far beyond that of former years.

The members of the Wednesday Night club met this week to discuss future plans in connection with their organization, with Louis A. Cook in the chair, president N. D. Canterbury being absent. This club has now been in existence eight years and while its members have found personal profit and enjoyment in its meetings it is not too much to say that its influence has reached beyond the limit of its membership. There is room for such a club in our community and the discussion of public questions, together with the regular meetings with the ladies about the social board, are bound to be profitable and enjoyable when rightly conducted, and the sentiment of the members voiced on Wednesday evening showed that the interest in the club was still strong and active. At the next meeting the pros and cons of the new Mass. ballot act law will be discussed, and Rev. H. C. Alvord and Geo. L. Wentworth were selected to lead the discussion.

A largely attended meeting of the Union Congregational parish was held Monday evening when steps were taken to defray the expense attending the various improvements that are going on about the church building. About $2500 was pledged at the meeting and there is little doubt, with the interest shown, that the necessary amount will be forthcoming at an early date. At the same time prompt action was taken upon the article in the warrant relating to the pastor's annual salary, and $1050 will be the amount for the present year, an increase of $250, this in addition to the parsonage. We are pleased to note that the high estimation in which Rev. Mr. Bolster is held by his parishioners made it comparatively easy to bring about this result.

Miss Mary Fogg is now an assistant at the postoffice and alternates with Miss Mary Holbrook in the clerical work incident to the business. Both are young ladies of excellent ability and polite bearing and this in connection with Postmaster Vining's executive ability ought to insure a good postal service in this village.

The paving about the drinking fountains is a great improvement, and the removal of the old hay-scales in Independence square was a step that has long been contemplated and they will hardly be missed.

Miss Jennie Hocking, the accomplished pianist, is studying this season with Mr. Otto Bendix, the noted Boston composer. Miss Hocking has a number of pupils at her own home and is ready to add to the list any who will make application.

Rev. W. H. Bolster read his essay upon "Co-operation between churches" before the Franklin Conference of Congregational churches, at Buckland, Mass., Thursday. Messrs. Bolster and Vinal have been chosen delegates from Norfolk county to attend the National conference of Congregational churches, at Worcester, Oct. 7.

The dogs are holding

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1 Tremont Street, Boston.
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NOTICE.

Y wife, Maria Elizabeth Farrar, having left
my bed and board, I hereby forbid all persons
harboring or trusting her on my account, as I
l pay no bills of her contracting, after this date.

HOSEA D. FARRAR.

ast Weymouth, Sept. 19, 1889. G-22-3t

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25th Annual Exhibition

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WILL BE HELD AT THEIR

FAIR GROUNDS, SOUTH WEYMOUTH,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, 27, 28, 1889.

The management have spared no expense to make this season's Exhibition the greatest in its history.

FIRST DAY.---CHILDREN'S DAY.

Children under 12 years of age ADMITTED FREE, when accompanied by parents or guardians.

9 A.M. **Boys' Game of Base Ball.** Purse, $5.
10.15 A.M. Class 1—BROOD MARES, $5; $2, Diploma.
11.30 A.M. Class 2—COLTS & FILLYS, 1 year old and under 2. $5, $3, Diploma.
11 A.M. Class 3—COLTS & FILLYS, 2 years old and under 3. $5, $3, Diploma.
11.30 A.M. Class 4—COLTS & FILLYS, 3 years old and under 4. $5, $3, Diploma.
12 M. Class 5—STALLIONS. $10, $5, Diploma.
12.30 P.M. Class 6—FAMILY HORSES. $5, $3, Diploma.
1 P.M. Class 7—**TROTTING.** 3 min. Race. Purse, $50 divided.
1.15 P.M. **1-4 MILE RUNNING RACE FOR BOYS** under 12 years. Purse, $2, $1.
2 P.M. Class 12—**TROTTING.** 2.45 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2.30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** Purse, $35. **Actives,** of S. Weymouth, vs. **N. Weymouths**

A PUNCH AND JUDY SHOW will be in attendance all day.

SECOND DAY.

10 A.M. Class 7—DRAUGHT HORSES. Class 1—Four-Horse Teams. For best performance to wagon, $3; 2d do., $2. For best driver of the same, $1; 2d do., Diploma. Class 2—Two-Horse Teams. Best performance to wagon, $3; 2d do., Diploma. For best driver of the same, $1.50; 2d do., Diploma. Class 3—Two-Horse Teams to Drag. Prizes same as in Class 2. Class 4—Single Teams. Best horse to wagon, $3; 2d do., Diploma. Best horse to drag, $2; 2d do., Diploma. Four-in hand Exercise on the track (light hitch.) For best performance with four-in hand, consisting of straight and curved driving, backing, etc., Whip; 2d do., Diploma.
10.30 A. M. WALKING HORSES. 1-2 Mile Heats. $3, $2, Diploma.
11 A.M. HUMPHREY'S CELEBRATED GROUP OF 16 EDUCATED OR

TRAINED HORSES,

which are the very best performing Horses known in an outdoor exhibition. The society have been at great expense to procure this group, and wish you all to see them. NOW IS THE TIME!
1 P.M. Class 10—**TROTTING.** 2.50 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2 P.M. Class 11—**TROTTING.** 2.40 Race. Purse, $50 divided.
2.30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** North Abington H. & L. vs. South Weymouth H. & L. for a purse.
3 P.M. Humphrey's Group of 16 Educated or TRAINED HORSES.

THIRD DAY.

10.30 A.M. Class 11—**Wagon Race** for horses of no better record than 2.50. Purse, 20 divided—$10, $5, $3, $2.
11 A.M. **Free to all Running Race for Horses.** 1-2 mile heats, best 3 in 5. Purse, $25 divided—$15 to 1st, $10 to 2d.
12 M. **Cavalcade.**
1 P.M. **PACING RACE.** 2.30 Class. Purse, $50 divided.
1.30 P.M. **TROTTING.** Free to all. Purse, $100 divided.
2 P.M. **One Mile Bicycle Race.** Open to all for suitable prizes.
2.30 P.M. **BASE BALL.** Purse, $75.
EAST WEYMOUTHS vs. KING PHILLIPS of Rockland.
4 P.M. **HANDICAP BICYCLE RACE** for suitable prizes.

☞In the Trotting and Pacing events, the purses will be divided into 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent. Entries for the Trotting Races should be made to J. A. Cushman, North Weymouth; D. W. Barrows, South Weymouth; Richard L. Hunt, Weymouth. Entries close Sept. 20, 1889.

MUSIC for Friday, WEYMOUTH BAND, R. F. Raymond, Conductor; for Saturday, AMERICAN BAND, of South Weymouth, J. M. Whitcomb, Conductor.

ADMISSION TO THE GROUNDS, 30 cents. Children under 12 (Friday and Saturday), 15 cents. Carriages, 25 cents. Three day Tickets, 70 cents. Admission to hall Free.

☞Arrangements have been made with the O. C. R. R. for reduced rates from all stations. Last train leaves South Weymouth for Boston, at 6.20 P.M.

OFFICERS FOR 1889. President—B. F. Poole. Vice Presidents—Alvah Raymond, J. M. Cutting, J. A. Cushman. Treasurer—Gordon Willis. Secretary—J. G. Hutchins. Sup't of Grounds, E. S. Wright. Sup't of Tents—William B. Hersey. Sup't of Poultry—Fred'k Reed. Sup't of Stock—O. L. Reed. Track Committee—J. A. Cushman, D. W. Barrows, Richard L. Hunt. Sup't of Hall—E. P. Tirrell.
COMMITTEE TO RECEIVE AND CALL FOR CONTRIBUTIONS. J. A. Cushman, Wilmot Cleverly, Samuel Thompson, North Weymouth. Henry Loud, Jacob F. Dizer, East Weymouth. Avery S. Howe, Nelson Blanchard, Henry Shaw, South Weymouth. B. F. Poole, Rockland. Charles Hawes, Lovell's Corner. Edward Nolan, Nash's Corner.

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The undersigned, having taken the agency for **Dr. Conant's Compound Vapor Baths,** is now prepared to give

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Two Large Barns on the estate of the late Caleb Stetson, Esq., at East Braintree, suitable for boarding stable and milk farm. One building is 38x50, 18 feet posts, and is fitted with stalls for 7 cows and 5 horses, grain box, harness room, large calf pen; good cellar under the whole building. The other is fitted with 7 box stalls, 6 single stalls, harness room, large grain chest, &c. All stalls are furnished with iron stable fixtures. This building is 30x60, 18 feet posts, with cellar under the whole. Will be let together or separate. These buildings are in first-class condition throughout. Carriages and sleighs stored for the season on reasonable terms. For further particulars inquire of B. J. LORING, East Braintree, agent for G. R. Stetson, Esq. G-2 tf

Reunion.

The 24th annual reunion of the 35th Regiment Mass. volunteers was held at Salem Willows on Tuesday, the 17th inst., 15 members of company H, from Weymouth, being present, viz: Asa B. Pratt, Waldo Turner, Samuel Pray, Charles E. Bicknell, Charles Loring, George H. Mann, Daniel L. Chapman, Charles Shultz, William White, Charles Hawes, Austin P. Beard, Daniel Vining, F. J. Barnes, E. H. Trufant. About 170 members of the regiment assembled at the business meeting at 11.45 o'clock. The Association voted to hold its next reunion with Co. E at Randolph. An invitation was received from a committee of the 7th R. I. Infantry to hold a joint reunion with them in Bristol, R. I., and a committee was chosen to confer with them on that subject. The Association voted $50 from its surplus funds for the monument to George Reno, lately erected in his honor by regiments and batteries forming the 9th Army Corps. The officers for the year ensuing are: President, Col. Sumner Carruth; vice-presidents, Gen. Nat Wales, Lieut. D. Smith, Kimball, Hospital Steward Alfred Williams, Col. Albert A. Pope, Sergt. Henry N. Fisher; executive committee, Lieut. George W. Howes, Co. E, Corp. Charles H. Wilde, Co. E, Edward E. Howard, Co. E, Samuel G. Thayer, Co. E, William P. Rice, Co. H; secretary and treasurer, Lieut. Thomas E. Cutter. The list of deaths since last reunion were Major Frank B. Myrick, Sergt. Robert McCool, Co. A, Marshall A. Wood, Co. A, Joseph A. Day, Co. A, William Whitten, Co. E, Henry G. Dockham, Co. F, Alfred W. Peterson, Co. H, Isaac Collier, Co. I. The after-dinner exercises were opened by the president, Col. Carruth, who, after a few words of greeting, introduced Col. A. A. Pope, who spoke feelingly and well in eulogy of the late Major Myrick, his warm, personal friend. He was followed by Dr. Munsil on the same line. Speeches were also made by Captain Creasey, Major Wales, Chaplain Murry, and many others, occupying the time till 4 p. m., when the usual parting ode was sung.

T.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex., says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxon, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: "He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequaled. Price 50c and $1, at A. M. Bachelder & Co.'s, Weymouth; Colby & Page's, South Weymouth, and Arthur B. Grover's, East Weymouth.

Union S. of V. Picnic.

The camps of Weymouth, Hingham, Abington, Whitman, Rockland, and Scituate held their first grand union picnic at the Fair grounds, South Weymouth, last Saturday afternoon and evening. The day was all that could be desired, but doubtless owing to the lateness of the season there was not as many present as the camps desired, yet they made enough to pay all bills and have little something left.

A series of sports was held in the afternoon, the first being 150 yards dash for prizes of $5 and $3, there being five entries in this race, which was run by P. Tobin, of Rockland, who took first money, W. O'Brien of Quincy, taking second money. Next came a running hop, step and jump for purses of $2 and $1, which were taken by M. M. Murphy and J. H. Moran of Weymouth.

In the three standing jumps W. O'Brien, of Quincy, captured the purse of $3.

The 100 yards dash race had four entries for the purses of $3, $2 and $1, which were taken by Dr. Edward N. Bates, M. M. Murphy of Weymouth, and George S. Bailey, of Scituate.

The potato race was the last of these sports, and there were three contestants, one of whom only picked up one potato at a time, that being J. H. Moran, of Weymouth, who took the purse of $4.50.

While these sports were in progress, much interest was centered on the ball game between the John P. Lovells and King Phillips, for a purse of $100, which was won by the Lovells with ease, by a score of 15 to 8.

Ryan occupied the box for the Lovells, and outside the first two innings pitched grand ball, striking out 12 men in seven innings and holding his opponents down to five hits. Keene, whose right name is Stark, the old Dartmouth College pitcher, pitched a fair game for four innings, but after that the Lovell's pounded his delivery all over the field, making 13 hits with a total of 17, Ryan, Quinn, McKee, and McCarron doing heavy work with the bat. At the end of the seventh the game was called on account of darkness. The features of the game outside the heavy batting of the Lovells, was the base running of Quinn and Billy McCarron, the latter stealing four bases. The score:

LOVELLS.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Long, 2b	3	1	1	2	2	0	0
Gardner, c.f.	4	1	1	1	1	0	0
Ryan, p.	4	2	2	3	0	13	8
Quinn, 1b	4	3	3	4	4	0	0
McKie, r.f.	3	2	2	2	0	0	0
McGinn, 3b	5	1	1	1	0	0	1
McCarron, l.f.	3	2	2	3	0	0	0
Williams, s.s.	4	0	0	0	1	1	0
Burrell, c.	4	2	1	1	13	3	1
Totals	34	15	13	17	21	17	10

KING PHILLIPS.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Shaw, s.s.	2	0	0	0	0	4	0
Slattery, 2b	2	2	0	0	0	1	0
Lake, c.	3	1	1	1	6	0	1
Caplice, 1b	3	1	0	0	11	0	0
Keene, p.	3	1	2	5	0	12	8
Hackett, c.f.	1	1	0	0	2	0	0
Barry, r.f.	4	0	1	2	0	0	0
Hayes, 3b	2	1	0	0	1	0	2
Beals, l.f.	3	1	1	1	1	0	2
Totals	23	8	5	9	21	17	13

Innings,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Lovells,	0	0	0	0	7	7	1	—15
King Phillips,	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	—8

Two base hits—Long, Ryan, Quinn, McCarron, Keene, Barry. Three base hit—Keene. Stolen bases—Quinn 2, McKie, McCarron 4, Slattery 2, Caplice, Keene. First base on balls—by Ryan 7, by Keene 7. First base on errors—Lovells 2. Struck out—by Ryan 12, by Keene 5. Passed ball—Burrell. Hit by pitched ball—Quinn, Slattery, Hackett. Time—2h. Umpires—Barry and Burke.

When the ball game was called it was 6 o'clock and nearly dark, and as the Band had departed the dress parade was given up, much to the regret of many who came to see it. The hall had now been lighted, and free and clear. The house is old fashioned, so will seil cheap; but the site is a good one.

In South Weymouth, Weymouth Landing, North and East Weymouth—Building lots from one to ten cents per foot, all on accepted streets, and some of them very choice lots.

In Weymouth, 8 00 feet of land, 40 feet front, on best street in town, near everything desirable, with a shop on it that can be altered (at small expense) into a nice little house, as it was built with reference to that; clapboarded. By a little enterprise here you can make 100 per cent. on your investment.

In East Weymouth, story and half house and basement; eight rooms and cellar kitchen; in good condition; painted and blinded; one-fourth acre land; small shed; town water. Owner out of town, so will sell cheap.

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First term, thirteenth year, begins Wednesday, Sept. 18. For information, address
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An excellent Bay Mare, between nine and ten, perfectly sound and safe, will work any where, a prompt driver and good puller, weighs nearly 1200 lbs. Also, your choice out of a nice herd of 14 Cows, for $45.00. One Shifting Top Carryall and Harness. One Double Sleigh, a Beachard Churn, Ice Chest, several Stoves, and other articles.

The first reasonable offer for any of the above property, will be accepted as they must be sold at once. Apply to

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ONE Horizontal 5-horse Tubular Boiler; One 10-horse Upright Engine, Fitchburg make; one Davison Steam Pump; one Roper Hot Air Engine. All comparatively new. Apply to

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Do you suffer with that tired all gone feeling; If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

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$1,000 will be paid for any case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities burst through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, or Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS and health will follow.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

TRY SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well ever after.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

Marriages and Deaths.

MARRIED.

In Weymouth, Sept. 17, by Rev. William Hyde, William Bothwell to Katie Kelly, both of Weymouth.

DIED.

In East Weymouth, Sept. 19, Mrs. Abigail, widow of the late Joshua Randall, aged 82 years, 4 months, 16 days. Funeral from the residence of Charles Hawes, Lovell's Corner, Saturday, at 2 p.m.

In Weymouth, Sept. 12, Catherine Hines, aged 18 years, 1 month.

In Weymouth, Sept. 12, Josiah Copeland, aged 82 years, 10 months, 6 days.

A Home Brightener

Four potent arguments ought to decide the most indifferent man as to the advisability of open fireplaces.

Apart from the fact of the small expense attending their construction, they have four distinct claims for thoughtful consideration.

1st, Health. It works wonders in the matter of ventilation, both winter and summer, with a fire or without. Doctors frequently prescribe an open fire to aid in ventilating the sick room.

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3d, Cheerfulness. It is a relic of the savage, yet lingering in the blood, that man instinctively loves the fire.

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In North Weymouth, house, stable and an acre of land; near depot, church, store, etc.; some young fruit trees; nice shade trees in front; house of eight or nine rooms. This place, for sale or to let on reasonable terms, gives a chance to secure a cosy home for yourself at once; so you had better improve your opportunity.

In Weymouth, story and a half house of eight rooms and ell; 16,000 feet of land on Washington street, 75 feet front; well assured and free and clear. The house is old fashioned, so will sell cheap; but the site is a good one.

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In East Weymouth, story and half house and basement; eight rooms and cellar kitchen; in good condition; painted and blinded; one-fourth acre land; small shed; town water. Owner out of town, so will sell cheap.

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GEORGE SIMES,
ESSEX STREET, EAST WEYMOUTH, MASS.

"Big-Hearted Tanner."

A flood of letters expressive of the sympathy of friends all over the country has been received by the late Pension Commissioner, Corporal Tanner, since his resignation. The reasons for his giving up of the position are well stated by Congressman E. A. Morse, in an interview with the *Traveller* reporter, of which we give an extract.

"What do you think of Corporal Tanner and his removal from the Pension Office?"

"Corporal Tanner," replied Congressman Morse, "had a heart in him as big as an ox. If a soldier boy was hungry and Tanner had a loaf of bread he would give him three quarters of it. An illustration is afforded in the case of Comrade George H. Patch, who died leaving a wife and child and a mortgage on their little home. Tanner not only raised the money to lift the mortgage, but a very tidy little sum besides, for the soldier's widow and orphan. Tanner is one of the most eloquent, pathetic and soul-stirring speakers in the G. A. R. I have seen him move an audience of strong men and women to tears, and a little later convulse them with laughter."

"What do you think of his removal?"

"We all have some faults, and," continued Congressman Morse, "Tanner has his. He talked too much. He did an unmilitary thing. He gave his old enemy a knowledge of his movements in advance. Had he done exactly what he has done, aye, justice to the defenders of the flag, and said nothing, all would have been well. He made a great mistake in not heeding friendly admonition from President Harrison, who, I am sure, is his friend, and which rendered his resignation necessary and imperative."

"Have you anything to say about the surplus, or, if Tanner's policy is to be continued, what will become of it?"

"Nothing more than to remark that there needn't have been any surplus to worry about if men like Tanner had not stood between Lee's army and the northern cities at Gettysburg and Antietam. I do not believe in any wasteful extravagance, or anything outside of the strict letter of the law. But cost what it may the nation must redeem its promises to its defenders in the hour of its deadly peril.

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THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. M. Bachelder & Co., Weymouth; Colby & Page, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover, East Weymouth.

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All orders receive the greatest attention, are executed in a superior style, and with the utmost promptitude.

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Feeling pleased over the success of my effort to establish a first class Horse Shoing Forge at the old stand, corner of Washington and Common streets, I take this method, as I cannot spare the time to see you individually, of informing you that I am situated so as to do your work promptly and satisfactorily. Having new floors laid and forges built, and engaging the services of a first class horse shoer to assist me, I can guarantee you a good job every time. Give me a call; do not wait until your horse is bunged up, as Weymouth is good enough for

Yours truly,

MURRAY, the Horse Shoer.

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Furniture Repairing and Upholstering.

Having had 12 and 20 years experience, we are prepared to do Upholstering and Repairing in all its branches, in a first class manner.

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Mattresses furnished at Boston Prices. Samples of Hair and Tickings at hand. Hair Mattresses made over. Hair picked by hand a specialty.

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Shade Work attended to. A large variety of Sample Coverings to select from. Drop postal to Lock Box 15, Weymouth P. O., and will call and give estimates.

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REGARDLESS OF COST.

Cloths of all qualities will be made up for Gent's Suits from $15 up, Pants from $3.50 up.

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☞We pay special attention to our work, and NEVER allow anything to leave our rooms but what is perfect.

REPAIRING, OILING AND BLACKING OF HARNESSES, PROMPTLY AND SATISFACTORILY DONE.

We keep in stock Hand Made Harnesses from $16 upwards, Whips of all grades, Lap Robes, Blankets, Axle Oil, Harness Soap, Carriage Wrenches, Halters, Hitching Straps, etc

We want your money, but not without first giving you the best bargains.

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Enquire of A. E. VINING.
South Weymouth, Aug. 22, 1889.

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ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Try "Phosa,"

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OLD COLONY.

SEPT 2, 1889.

WEEK DAY TRAINS LEAVE BOSTON FOR

New York, via Fall River Line, 6.00, 7.00 PM
Newport, 6.00, 8.30, 11.45 AM; 3.00, 5.00 (Boat), 7.00 PM
Fall River via Newport, 7.00, 10.30 AM; 3.15, 4.15 PM.
Fall River via Syncuse, 8.45, 11.45 AM; 3.15, 5.00, 6.35, 6.50, 7.00 PM; via Brockton, 8.15 AM; 12 M; 4.32 PM. Return, Newport via Syncuse, 8.30, 6.05, 7.20, 9.20, 10.00 AM; 3.25 6.00 PM; via Brockton, 6.30 AM; 3.35, 4.45 PM.
Brockton, 6.45, 8.15, 9.00 10.05, AM; 12 M; 1.00, 3.15, 3.35, 4.05, 4.15, 5.35, 6.20, 6.37, 7.15, 11.30 PM. Return, 6.30, 7.20, 8.07, 9.15, 10.20 AM; 12.35, 12.50, 3.10, 4.35, 5.05, 6.05, 6.45, 8.00 PM.
Plymouth via Abington, 8.15 AM; 3.50, 5.00, 5.30, PM; via Duxbury, 7.35, 10.20 AM; 1.00, 5.30 PM; Return, via Abington, 6.35, 7.40, 9.35, 11.20 AM; 3.30 PM; via Duxbury, 7.50 AM; 1.00, 5.35 PM.
Whitman, 8.15, 11.00 AM; 3.30, 5.40, 5.30, 6.30 PM. Return, 6.15, 7.15, 9.12, 10.15 AM; 12.30, 1.30 (via Brockton), 4.10, 6.00 PM.
South Weymouth, 8.15, 11.00 AM; 3.30, 5.40, 5.30, 6.30 PM. Return, 6.20, 7.25, 9.22, 10.30 AM; 12.45, 4.20, 5.20 PM.
South Duxbury, 7.35, 11.20 AM; 3.00, 5.10 6.15 PM. Return, 6.50, 8.45, 7.47 AM; 2.10, 4.40 PM.
Middleboro, 8.45, 9.55, 11.30 AM; 3.35, 5.15, 6.15 PM. Return, 5.45, 7.05, 7.55 11.50 AM; 3.35, 4.55 PM.
The Robbins, 7.35, 9.25, 11.20 AM; 3.00, 5.10, 6.15 PM. Return, 6.15, 7.15, 8.11 AM; 12.15, 2.05, 3.30 PM.
Cohasset and Scituate, 8.45, 7.35, 5.35 11.20 AM; 3.00, 5.10, 6.15, 6.15, 11.30 PM. Return, Cohasset, 6.20, 6.55, 7.35, 7.40, 9.25, 9.30 AM; 12.35, 3.04, 4.40, 5.20 PM. Scituate, Hingham, 8.20, 8.31, 7.37, 7.44, 9.55, 10.02 AM; 12.46, 3.16, 4.52, 5.56, 6.05, 9.51 PM.
Hingham and Weymouth and Weymouth, 5.50, 7.35, 8.35, 11.30 AM; 3.00, 5.00, (Also 5.10 for E. Weymouth, only.) 5.35, 6.12, 6.15, 11.10 PM. Return, E. Weymouth, 5.00, 6.15, 7.05, 8.05, 9.15, 10.10, AM; 12.05, 1.22, 4.31, 6.05, 9.50 PM. Return, Weymouth, 5.05, 6.20, 7.10, 7.55, 8.05, 10.25 AM; 1.05, 3.42, 4.40, 6.12, 10 07 PM.
North Weymouth, 5.45, 7.35, 11.30 AM; 3.30, 5.35, 6.30, 6.12, 6.15, 11.10 PM. Return, 5.55, 7.04, 7.50, 10.31 AM; 12.55, 3.37, 4.35, 6.05, 10.03 PM.
South Braintree, 5.45, 6.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 9.45, 10.00, 11.05, 11.05 AM; 12 (M.); 12.05, 1.15, 3.15, 3.25, 5.05, 5.12, 6.15, 7.15, 8.35, 8.37, 9.15, 9.35, 7.15, 7.45, 9.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 PM. Return, 6.32, 6.11, 6.45, 7.25, 7.31, 7.37, 7.45 8.15 9.34, 9.40, 9.55, 9.50, 10.25, 10.37 AM; 12.05, 1.05, 1.35, 1.52, 2.50, 4.10, 4.37, 5.05, 5.25, 5.40, 6.27, 7.05, 7.15, 9.10, 9.05, 10.30, 10.30, 10.35 PM.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

South Braintree 4.30, 8 15, 8.30 AM 12.45, 5.00, 5.30, 6.45, 10.00 PM. Return (S. Braintree) 9.00, 9.30 AM; 1.35, 6

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Hair Cloth Parlor Suits	$90 to $125
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Painted Chamber Sets	$10 to $50
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Solid Walnut Chamber Sets	$30 to $200
Solid Cherry Chamber Sets	$30 to $200
San Domingo Mahogany Chamber Sets	$65 to $300
LOUNGES	$3 00 to $15
Bed Lounges	$6.50 to $25
Mantel Beds	$10 to $30
Cabinet Beds	$25 to $75
Gents' Smoking Chairs	$2.50 to $50
Ladies' Platform Rockers	$5.00 to $30
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Cotton Carpets	20c. to 40c.
Cotton and Wool Carpets	35c. to 65c.
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Tapestry Brussels Carpets	60c. to $1.25
Body Brussels Carpets	60c. to $1.75
Velvet Carpets	95c. to $2.00

ART SQUARES, All-Wool, 75c. per square yard.
SMYRNA RUGS, 50c. to $10 each.
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Good Heating Stoves	$3.50 to $15
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Toilet Sets	$1.75 to $10
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Soft Wood Tables	$2.50 to $5
Cherry Tables	$5 to $20
Oak Tables	$6 to $20
Walnut Tables	$6 to $25
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Hat Trees, Sideboards, Chiffonnieres, Bookcases, Roll-Top Desks, &c., at rock-bottom prices.

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We claim to be absolutely square dealers, and would refer you to any of our patrons.

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THEATRICAL.

BOSTON MUSEUM.—"Hands Across the Sea," continues to increase in favor and the houses show no diminution in attendance. The company are well warmed up to their work and the fun and interest is steadily maintained till the last curtain drops. "Jack" Mason the central figure of the play, is doing excellent work and puts a world of tender feeling and earnestness into his efforts. George Wilson, as the disappointed and thick-headed lover, provokes no end of fun and his large-hearted generosity and fidelity to his friends win for him the sympathy of all its auditors. Miriam O'Leary and Annie Sheridan are each charming, and their characters are studies. The scene charges are marvellous and evoke enthusiasm at each change. The play is destined to have a good run and is a worthy addition to the historic successes of this popular theatre.

GLOBE THEATRE.—"The Surprises of Divorce," or "The Lottery of Love," needs only to be mentioned to assure theatre-goers that this theatre is presenting an interesting play to the public. This is one of Augustin Daly's greatest hits and Arthur Rehan's excellent company is reproducing the enthusiasm and interest which the play has won on former presentations. The play is full of situations that are interesting and amusing, and it affords a good study of possible effects of the divorce laws. It is needless to say that full houses have witnessed its presentations, and the engagement is sure to be successful.

Next week Mlle. Rhea will be the attraction in a strong repertoire.

BOSTON THEATRE.—Dockstader's minstrel are having a very successful week at this theatre, and the fun is unceasing with each performance. The variety part of the programme is a decided success, and its excellence is in keeping with the general character of the entertainment. Luke Schoolcraft has joined this company and, with the old favorites, makes a strong company. Gus Mills, who makes a great hit in female impersonations, and little George Ackerman, the 5 year old club swinger, are remarkable features of the show. Everything is new; no chestnuts being noticeable and fun reigns supreme with Dockstader's merry men.

HOLLIS STREET THEATRE.—Rudolph Aronson's Casino company, after a phenomenal run in New York, where they have played to the largest receipts ever taken at the Casino theatre in that city, has occupied the boards with "The Brigands"; music by Offenbach. The beauty of the several scenes, the elaborate and artistic costuming, the skilfully planned groupings and tableaux and the care shown in the minutest details of the stage business all go to show how thorough and well the work of putting the opera upon the stage has been done. All praise is due to Miss Russell for the grand way in which she sings the role of the brigand's daughter. She has come to be the leading artist on the comique stage of America, and has won this position by honest work. Miss Urquhart also wins her full share of the honors of the second act, and her graceful impersonation of the Princess is a prominent feature of the production. The audience was enthusiastic beyond all recognition, and the company will have no cause to complain of a cold Boston audience. The opera is announced for four weeks, with performances at both Wednesday and Saturday matinees and every evening.

Photographic Accessories.

Helps for photographers, patented at the Patent Office in Washington, are almost without number. One has a strip of grain attached to the bottom of the instrument and the person who stands before it appears to be browsing in the midst of a rich field of rye. Another accessory enables one to fix the head of the sitter upon a classic frame. A curtain conceals all but the head and neck. Just in front is placed the frame to which it is proposed the head shall appear attached in the picture.—*New York Press.*

HOUSEHOLD MATTERS.

TO MAKE GOOD SOFT SOAP.

Put the contents of a box of good lye, three pounds of clear grease or its equivalent in kitchen scraps, and a pint of crude turpentine or resin, in a large pot, with two pailfuls of cold water. Let it come gradually to a boil and keep up the same amount of water until it jellies. When done put in another bucketful of water and boil a little longer, then pour out while it is hot.—*Washington Star.*

DECORATING WALLS WITH CLOTHES LINES.

A very artistic and ingenious way of treating the wall and skirting the doorway, sides and top, is done by means of a clothes line, which is stiffened by ordinary mucilage or flour paste, bent into designs required, and left till hardened. When applied to the wall the bas-relief effect is very pleasing. A rather more complicated and difficult decoration of the same sort is made by working the line up into the design required, then trusting it to a color. A silver applied to a pale bay background gives a very rich effect. Rope panels may be made very effective by bronzing the rope. A beginner in this work will find unlimited possibilities for both designs and coloring.

MOUNTING AN ENGRAVING.

Take the size of the engraving and make a wooden frame with laths two inches longer in every way, inside measure. Wet some strong calico; its threads may be coarse with advantage, but they must be evenly woven. While the calico is wet, nail it down on the frame, stretching it to its fullest extent. Let it dry, and should it then crease or wrinkle, take out the nails at those places, and pull it tightly. Boil over the fire the ordinary glue size, mix this with a little water; when this is in a liquid state, strain through coarse muslin and put it on as a coating all over the calico, make some paste free from lumps, and boil up with it some of the clear size; paste the back on the engraving with this, and lay it on the mount, being careful to avoid all creases. Let the engraving thoroughly dry, then make some more clear size, and put two coats of it over the engraving, allowing the first to thoroughly dry before putting on the second. Paint the engraving with rather dry oil paints, and thin them with turpentine. The two coats of size applied ought to prevent the oil in the paints spreading over the paper; if however, the oil should spread, a third coat of size will be necessary. Paint the engraving in the frame, and then stretch it.—*Yankee Blade.*

WAYS OF BAKING GRAHAM FLOUR.

By this time everybody knows how to make Graham "gems" by the usual method, which is simply to stir the batter just a little stiffer than griddle cake batter, and bake quickly in a very hot oven. This thing is certain, the thinner the batter the hotter must be the oven. It is also the case that gems mixed with water require a hotter oven than those mixed with milk. So, if you can not have a very hot oven, either make the mixture of simple Graham flour and water quite thick, or mix the flour with milk.

Skimmed milk is good enough, though new or creamy milk makes the bread more "short," of course. Have the gem pans very hot (I set them in the oven before filling them), and then a scrap of cloth with the least bit of butter upon it, rubbed over the irons, will prevent the gems from sticking.

Housekeepers who have no gem pans can make very nice warm Graham bread for breakfast in several ways. Make a dough of flour and sweet milk (skimmed or creamy, as you prefer or find convenient), stiff enough to roll out easily. Knead this a little, roll it an inch thick and cut into diamonds; or cut off strips and make it into rolls with the hand; or roll it into balls two inches in diameter, flattening them a little or not all, as you choose; or roll the dough very thin and cut it into square crackers, pricking them well to prevent their puffing. Crackers are best with some cream in the mixing, and crackers require more kneading than diamonds and rolls, which are expected to be soft inside.

Any of these kinds of bread—diamonds, rolls, balls and crackers—are baked upon the grate in the oven, which should be wiped off clean. They will not stick to it, and will bake very fast. I recommend the crackers in particular. All these breads are sweeter and better, I think (and we all think so at our house), without salt, but most people prefer salt in the crackers.—*New York Mail and Express.*

RECIPES.

Corn Fritters—One pint of cornmeal, one and one-half cupfuls of milk, one tablespoonful of salt, one egg, one cupful of flour, a tablespoonful of sugar, one tablespoonful of baking powder; cook on a hot griddle or spider.

Frozen Peaches—Peel and mash two pounds of ripe peaches, boil a quart of water and one and one-half pounds of sugar together half an hour, then strain it and stand aside to cool. When cold add the peaches, put in a freezer and freeze.

Vegetable Soup—One quart of vegetables, including turnip, carrot, onion and celery, potatoes; cut into small pieces and boil one hour in water enough to cover; then add a quart more boiling water, one tablespoonful of butter, one-half cupful of cream, and serve.

Ginger Drops—Two eggs well beaten, on cupful of brown sugar, two teaspoonfuls of ginger, one-half a cupful of molasses, one teaspoonful of soda, one tablespoonful of vinegar and a little lemon or vanilla extract; roll thin, and cut with a small cutter and bake in a quick oven.

Mutton Hash—Three cupfuls of finely minced mutton, half a cupful of boiling water, a dessertspoonful of chopped celery; add three eggs, and stir all well together; when the eggs are sufficiently cooked, add a little piece of butter, season with salt and pepper, and serve at once with baked potatoes.

Baked Indian Pudding—Boil one pint of milk; while boiling stir in one tablespoonful of Indian meal; cool a little and add three eggs well beaten, one pint of cold milk, one teaspoonful of flour, one-half a cupful of sugar, one cupful of molasses, one teaspoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, a little salt; bake one and one-half hours; serve with cream.

Showman Barnum's Joke.

Paul Smith, of the Adirondacks, and P. T. Barnum are bosom friends. They spend many pleasant hours together. But the ever vivacious showman must have his practical jokes, and even his friend Paul was made one of his victims.

These two celebrities met on the grand piazza after breakfast, and passing the usual morning greetings Paul Smith said: "Well, friend Barnum, how do you find things here this year?"

"I am delighted as usual," replied the cheerful showman, "but there is one thing that I noticed on your table which I thought I ought to mention to you. You know that most of our food and drinks are adulterated. Yours I have generally found fresh and pure, but the ground black pepper on your table is largely mixed with peas."

"You don't say so!" exclaimed the old pioneer. "Why, I buy all my groceries from ———, the wholsale dealers in New York, and they stand high for goods of pure quality."

"Can't help it," said Barnum; "you investigate it, and I'll give you $100 if you don't find all your so-called 'pepper' is at least one-half peas."

"I will write my grocers to-day and give them fits. 'Half peas,' indeed! That reminds me that thirty-three years ago I ran a boat from New York to St. Johns, Canada. I often brought cargoes of peas from St. Johns and delivered them to the large coffee dealers in New York. But these grocers shall not swindle me."

Paul Smith's son immediately wrote a letter from his father's dictation, blowing his grocers sky-high for selling him adulterated pepper. He told them that P. T. Barnum declared it was at least half peas, and threatened them with instant withdrawal of his patronage if they did not immediately send him a box of pure ground pepper without a single pea in it.

Three days afterward Paul received an answer from his grocers, in which they humbly asked his pardon. They confessed that there were peas in their pepper, even to the extent charged by Mr. Barnum, but they cautioned him to look out for that merry old wag of a showman, and to carefully spell "Pepper," assuring him that the purest specimen in market consisted of half P.'s.

Paul Smith was astounded, but he took the joke in good part.—*Bridgeport (Conn.) Standard.*

The Snow Plant.

One thing that never fails to interest all who see it, when it is found on the mountain heights of the Sierras, is the snow plant, known to botanists as the Sarcodes sanguinea, meaning blooded flesh, says the *American Garden*. No flesh or blood could be so exquisitely beautiful; imagine a rosy and snow-tinted crowned hyacinth, from eight to twenty inches in height, every miniature bell wound about by a rosy and frosted silver ribbon, all topped by a huge head of asparagus in hoar frost and silver. The frosted papilla is very marked on every sepal and bract. Though the whole transiucent spike is flushed with rose and carmine, the petals are the deepest and most brilliantly-colored parts of the flower, which is five parted, and each open one showing slightly the stamens and pistils.

There have been seen specimens bearing eighty perfect flowers and a pseudo-bulb twenty-two inches in circumference, brittle almost as spun glass, and, although solid as a pineapple when first dug up, dried away to the size of the stem. All attempts at cultivation have thus far failed, the bulbs refusing to stand transplanting and the seeds to sprout. It was once said that they would not survive below the level of the summer snow line, but they have been since seen almost covering the ground far below. The snow banks seem, however, to protect them from the winds sweeping among the mountains, and they make their early growth and development beneath the driven snow, and when the approach of summer leaves the surface of the ground exposed it is covered in a few days with the red crowns of the snow plants.

The Japanese Army.

The number of field officers in the Japanese army is 3685, including one general, twelve lieutenant-generals, eighteen major-generals, sixty-nine colonels, sixty-two lieutenant-colonels, 295 colonel-majors, 1034 captains, 1189 first-class sub-captains, 1005 second-class sub-captains. The number of non-commissioned officers and file is 214,204.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

GIRLS IN ALASKA.

In Alaska a girl is ready for society as soon as she enters her teens. It does not require many years in that country for a girl to grow up. The dress of the average Stickeen River maidens is not very elaborate. A plain cotton garment, long and loose, envelops her person, and a Turkish bath towel is wound about her head. When she goes out, a blanket of bright colors is thrown around her shoulders. The wife of a missionary in that section says the young women often go barefooted, but that after they see the boots and shoes of white women, their great desire is to have a pair.

A DARNING MACHINE.

Sewing-machines there are in plenty, but hitherto no attempt has been made to assist the operation of darning by mechanical means. An apparatus for this purpose, however, has now been invented, and is being manufactured by Messrs. Edwards and Barnes of Birmingham. In using this apparatus the material to be darned is strained over a small wood-block, and a couple of multiple-hooks are inserted in the work. The worsted is laid as a warp backwards and forwards from one series of hooks to the other, and the woof is put in by hand. At each lay of the woof the weaving-hooks are reversed by a touch of the finger, and the woof is made fast at each end to the material under repair. The result is said to be a perfect darn, which is easily accomplished in something like half the time required in ordinary handwork.

WOMEN IN ITALY.

A lecture on the position of women in Italy, was given in London lately by Signora Zampini Salazaro, an Italian lady interested in improving the condition of the lives of her countrywomen. The Signora said that women in her native country were still looked upon as the moral slaves of men, as was illustrated by the civil and penal codes, and a low opinion of them was very general. Nothing was provided to elevate their characters, or to make them self-reliant or strong. Though large sums of money were spent by the Government for national culture few benefits were conferred on women, notwithstanding the fact that women in Italy had in past years held high positions and exercised a considerable influence in letters, science, and art. Besides the low state of education, the social position of woman in Italy was much to be deplored. She had no word in her own love affairs, and was married at an early age to a man, in many cases unrefined and brutal, who had the power at any time to deprive her of all civil rights on the slightest ground of suspicion. Thus it often happened that the happiest marriages were those with foreigners. Married women had no social freedom, and could not ever go out alone; the unmarried ones were supposed to look after the children of their married brothers and sisters, for it was considered degrading if they took to business. There were also prejudices against women writers.—*Once a Week.*

THE LADY DOCTORS OF INDIA.

In India lady doctors are now familiar to us, and although at first they may have been somewhat ridiculed by those who could not appreciate their value, they are fast making their presence felt for good in almost every corner of the land. So far as the native women of the country are concerned it is gratifying to note that their success in all branches of college education is progressing to the entire satisfaction of their professors. Not only have they proved themselves to be generally well fitted for the arduous duties attendant on medicinal studies, but they have in some cases succeeded beyond all ordinary expectation. Bombay, Madras, the northwest provinces and the Punjaub all return flattering reports on the subject, and when we say that a class of females students can average over 700 marks out of 1000 in a surgical examination, as we hear has recently been the case, little can be said against their power or skill or aptitude for gaining knowledge in one of the most important branches in the medical profession. Indeed, it appears not unlikely that women in India may prove them elves by no means inferior to men in most branches of the practice of medicine, if the progress made by native females in hospital work may be taken as a criterion. In many cases they have proved themselves superior to the male students in college examinations, and in no way behind them in application, power of reasoning and resource. The fact that much of their success is due to the great interest taken in their studies by their lecturers and professors is not without a certain special significance.—*Englishman's Overland Mail.*

THE GUM CHEWING HABIT.

The young ladies who delight in the felicities of chewing-gum, and keep their pretty little jaws at work from morning until night in masticating what they can never swallow, had better take warning in time if they prize their beauty. It appears that a young society belle of this city has so exercised her masticatory muscles that they stick out like the biceps which helped John L. Sullivan to win the prize of champion. The young lady has gone into retirement, as her unusual facial development is anything but attractive and the only prescription that it is possible to give her is the advice: "Don't move your jaws," which she is endeavoring to fulfill in the seclusion of her home.

Dr. Magruder, President of the Medical Department of Georgetown University, was seen by a reporter last evening and asked the effect of the use of chewing-gum on the chewer.

"The chief effect," he answered, "would be an enlargement of the masticatory muscles. This enlargement would follow as naturally as it would from the exercise of any other muscles. It would not add anything to the appearance of a young lady to have her jaws stick out prominently from this cause."

"Does the use of the gum affect digestion?"

"Not at all, so far as I can see, except that it might impoverish the glands of secretion, which are heavily taxed. The effect of the salva on digestion is secured when it comes in contact with food in the mouth. When it passes into the stomach after eating there is no effect of it whatever on the food already taken. It is a little beneficial in cleansing the teeth."

FASHION NOTES.

Life-size butterflies, made of dyed feathers, and mounted on a spiral wire, are a favorite finish for hats and bonnets.

A pretty lace pin is formed of two palmetto fans in gold, with overlapping ends, held together by a crescent of garnets.

The sleeves of many French costumes of thin materials are gathered to a wristband, in the fashion of our grandmothers.

The traveling-dress of homespun worn by the Princess Louise will undoubtedly set the fashion for brides' going-away costumes this fall and winter.

Fanciful braid trimmings are not used upon the newest riding habits. The edges are simply stitched, or finished with cord in tailor fashion.

Skirts this fall are more elaborately trimmed around the foot than formerly, which of course increases the demand for expensive shoes and fanciful hosiery.

The skirt is trimmed around the foot with tucks, the chemisette falls loose over the waistband, and the sailor collar, open shawl fashion, shows the neck very prettily.

The young German Empress rides horseback in a tight fitting white riding-habit trimmed with scarlet, and wears a large Rembrandt hat adorned with long white ostrich feathers.

Silk mits, both in black and tan, are worn. Tan is also the leading color in kid gloves, whether suede or glace, but has such infinite variety of shade as to make monotony impossible.

Birds in every conceivable mode of arrangement trim the new fall hats. Besides birds, wings, quills, cockades, nodding tips and even long, waving plumes promise to be popular.

Black mohair is effectively used for raised figures upon plain wool fabrics, and also in woven imitations of braid, in wide, straight rows, like Hercules, or in fine lines simulating soutache braiding.

French modistes now put the steels under trains into a separate breadth so tucked and caught up that it is impossible to fold them flat. By consequence the packing thereof is a process as fearful as it is wonderful.

English bridemaids now wear Directoire toilets of white watered silk, the redingotes having deep collars of orange and vests of yellow crepe de chine, fastened at the belt with loops and ends of yellow moire ribbon.

Plain, tight-fitting sleeves, trimmed only at the wrists, are rarely seen now except on very stout ladies. Sleeves in general are very dressy, but the novelty in this respect may be said to consist more in arrangement than in form.

How Salmon are Canned.

At Mettakahtla, Alaska, we witnessed the operations of a large cannery, which, as the superintendent informed us, puts up 35,000 cans of salmon for a full day's work. The fish are all caught by Indians in seines, and all the other work—the cleaning and salting of the fish, making the cans, filling them, soldering them, cooking, labeling, making the boxes from lumber wrought from below cut of proper size, boxing, etc., —is done by Chinamen. We saw probably 8000 or 10,000 salmon, weighing from three to 15 pounds each, lying in the fish house and in boats, just caught and awaiting the processes that were to prepare them for commerce and consumption. One set of Chinamen cuts off their heads, tails and fins, rips them open and removes the entrails, and throws them into tanks of water; another set places them on an inclined plane with sides to it and contracting into a narrow trough in which are revolving knives which cut them into pieces, and at the end of the trough they are, after having been salted, put into the cans, which are brought to hand by machinery. The cans are then sealed, and several dozens of them are taken up at once in round iron crates and lifted by machinery and dropped into a tank of hot water, called the tester, because if any air is emitted from the cans when heated, making bubbles in the water, those cans are taken out as being imperfectly soldered and are resealed. After this test the cans, by similar machinery, are placed in other tanks of boiling water and kept there an hour. Then they are hobbled out, placed on round tables, still hold together in the iron crates, and the top of each can is struck with a mallet having a pointed piece of iron in its head, making a small hole in the can, through which a jet of hot water spurts into the air, so that the Chinaman performing this process, which is called pricking, has to be wary of getting scalded. The hole in the can made by the pricking is then sealed, placed or kept for an hour in an oven or retort with the temperature at 240 degrees, and then the cans are ready for labeling, packing, shipping and eating.—*Washington Star.*

Devices for Catching Fish in India.

In India the natives use several devices for trapping fish. A simple one is merely a funnel-shaped basket or net, which is hung in a stream or cascade and catches all the fish that may come down. A long, slender, cone-shaped trap is used in the long grass of marshes to catch fish that have a habit of seeking places of concealment from their enemies. These fish seek safety by swimming into holes. The cone-shaped trap is formed of little rods or branches of wood with thorns upon it. The fish pushes as far as it can toward the point of the cone. When it tries to back out the thorns catch it and hold it.—*Washington Star.*

A Novel Frying Pot.

The Corean frying pot is a combination of pot and furnace. The furnace is built inside the pot, or the pot constructed around the furnace, which ever way you are a mind to look at it. These two parts are in one piece and rest on an open stand. The furnace has holes in the bottom for draught and the lid of the pot has an opening in it for the mouth or chimney of the furnace. The contrivance is made of green micaceous stone, blackened and polished.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

About a dozen persons are now constantly at work among the once hidden archives of the Vatican, employed by the German, Austrian, French, and English governments in studying the histories of their respective countries.

Watch-springs, piano-strings and similar articles have been successfully tempered by electricity. The steel is wound on a spool, placed in an oil bath, and by the electric current kept at the exact degree of redness necessary for the temper required.

In engraving on glass by electricity the plate to be engraved is covered with a concentrated solution of nitrate of potash, and put in connection with one of the poles of the battery, and the design is traced out with a fine platinum point connected with the other pole.

That swallows are disappearing from France is shown by a report laid before the Zoological society, which also reveals the cause of this decrease, and indicates the remedy. The authors of the death of millions of these pretty birds are the ladies, who wear the feathers, wings and even the bodies of swallows in their hats and bonnets.

The Breton peasants make all their butter from sour milk. The milk, as drawn from the cow, is emptied into a large earthenware jar, and allowed to remain, in the summer, till it is sour. In winter it is continually warmed at a moderate fire till it has turned. The whole contents of these jars are emptied into a churn worked by hand or horse gear. The butter from this, if properly handled, is as sweet as that made from cream in the usual manner.

Electrical science, beside filling the place of hangman, has lately been employed for another beneficent purpose—the elimination, namely, of wrinkles from the faces of ladies of a mature age. The inventor, Dr. Vernoy, says that the process of "electrolysis" is only disagreeable, not painful; that by its means new life can be given to the most cracked epidermis, and the ruts and ravages left by time effectually smoothed out.

Dr. Peyrand, a consulting physician at Vichy, claims to have discovered an efficient method for treating rabies. By injecting rabbits with the essence of the herb called "tansy," he produced what he calls hydrophobic intoxication, or something very similar, and with virus thus obtained he mingled 10 per cent. of chloral. He injected several animals which had hydrophobia with this prophylactic, and was successful in curing four out of six.

Heat is transmitted in three ways—by conduction, as when the end of a short rod of iron is placed in a fire and the opposite end becomes warmed—this is conducted heat, by convection—by means of currents—such as the warming of a mass of water in a boiler, furnace or saucepan; and by radiation, as that diffused from a piece of hot metal or an open fire. Radiant heat is transmitted like sound or light, in straight lines in every direction, and its intensity diminishes inversely as the square of the distance from its centre or point of radiation.

Mr. C. A. Alexander of Wilkes County, Penn., has for several years been experimenting with an improved cotton plant. Cotton usually has a very dense foliage from its solid unbroken leaves, which shade the stalk and the ground beneath it. But the plant which Mr. Alexander found growing in his field had leaves with five divisions, like the thumb and fingers. He finds by experiment that the improved cotton is of stronger, thriftier growth than the old, and from the openness of its foliage sunlight is admitted to the bolls, and the bolls of cotton are much less subject to mildew.

The World's Biggest Dams.

A London correspondent of the New York *World* says: In the Metropole smoking room the other evening a group of engineers and contractors who had called on Michael S. Coleman, one of the contractors on the new aqueduct in New York, were surprised to learn that while over here for rest and enjoyment he had contrived to examine and get a thorough knowledge of the two largest water dams in the world. One of them was right here in England, the new dam building for the Liverpool water works, about 50 miles out of the city. The other dam, which is said to be the largest in the world, is at Lyons, France, and after a quarter of a century of labor is now nearly completed. But even this will be second in point of size if not in engineering skill, to the new Quaker Bridge dam in New York when it is done.

"That big dam at Lyons, France, is certainly a wonderful bit of work," said Mr. Coleman. "I don't remember the exact figures now, but I think it is 175 feet high. The foundations are 100 feet deep. At the summit the wall is about 1000 feet long, though much narrower at the bottom, of course, because the dam is built across a valley, between two steep hills. The body of the dam is of concrete, with solid stone facing. It is a substantial job, good material, good workmanship, no chances taken on anything. The Liverpool dam is smaller, but in every way as fine a bit of work. They have utilized a new idea there by dropping big boulders into the bed of concrete. Nothing short of a miracle is going to make that dam give way."

A Varied Career.

General N. P. Banks has had a varied career. He was a "bobbin boy" in a factory, an actor fifty years ago, having played Claude Melnotte in the "Lady of Lyons" at the old National Theatre, Boston. Later on he was a lawyer, and still later a general in the army, Governor of the State of Massachusetts, and Speaker of the House in the same State. He was also a member of Congress and Speaker of the House of Representatives. General Banks is now seventy-three years of age, and is the oldest living ex-Governor of Massachusetts.—*Harper's Bazar.*

Carriers' Examination Nearly Ended.

There were 79 applicants for the position of letter carriers before the Postal Civil Service Examining Board today out of the 100 who had been notified to appear. The examination of applicants for this position will close tomorrow. On Thursday that for junior clerks will be begun.

A Clock Buried in Ice.

On the desk of Edson B. Brace, chief clerk of the bureau of equipment and recruiting in the Navy department, is a little rosewood case, bound and inlaid with brass and bronze. It is in the form of a cube about 18 inches high, and contains a chronometer such as is used on all naval vessels. This little instrument has quite a tragic history and is held of considerable value. It was the ship's chronometer of the unfortunate Polaris that was sent out on an Arctic exhibition by the Navy department in 1871. When the Polaris was nipped in the ice Captain Hall saved this instrument and some other things from the vessel. As long as Captain Hall survived he kept the chronometer with him. When he perished it was buried in the arctic snows and abandoned. This was sometime in 1872. For four winters it lay buried in the snow and ice.

In 1876 Capt. Nares of the British navy, then in command of the last expedition to the arctic region, discovered this chronometer at Newman's bay. He dug it out of the snow and took it to England with him on his return. It had then been buried in the snow for four years in a region where the mercury sinks to 104 degrees below freezing point. It was found to be in perfect order and was wound and ran all right as soon as taken from its cold bed. On returning to England Capt. Nares turned the instrument over to the British admiralty office, whence it was sent as a present to this government. With all this experience it loses only a single second in 24 hours.

Arsenic Eating.

At a meeting of German naturalists and physicians held in Graz in 1875 two arsenic eaters were produced, who consumed—one thirty centigrammes of yellow arsenic, the other forty centigrammes. A dose of six centigrammes would to most men be poisonous. The beneficial results derived from the consumption of arsenic seem first to have become apparent to the peasantry through their having treated their cows with it for certain diseases. Indulged in as a remedy, then as a pleasing stimulant, it comes gradually to be taken as a matter of habit, and cannot be discontinued with impunity. Strange to say, all the symptoms of arsenical poisoning become apparent in those who leave off the drug suddenly. The body wastes away, a feverish thirst sets in, the limbs lose all their force, the skin dries up, the gait becomes unsteady, and the voice thick and hoarse. There are, of course, remedies which can alleviate the pain accompanying these symptoms, but fail to cure, and the body can only be restored to its former condition by a renewed indulgence in the poison.

Gold Mines of South Africa.

The gold mines of South Africa, which are now in the full swing of their development, are gradually attracting the notice of financial men and speculators in all parts of Europe. With only a few properties working the last month, the production was 32,000 ounces of gold. There have been great drawbacks to the speedy development of the mines, not the least being the difficulty of transportation and the expense of fuel and labor. Every inch of machinery has to be conveyed over the worst roads in the world, for more than 300 miles, by the slow bullock wagon, but railways will soon be constructed to the fields, and then better things may be expected.

A Penman's Feat.

A citizen of Belfast, Ireland, wrote on a postal card the whole of one of the the annual messages of President Cleveland. The message contained 15,000 words, yet the writer got it all on the card with a steel pen and ink, each letter, as seen through a microscope, being beautifully formed. Moreover, a border three-eighths of an inch wide is placed around the card, representing a string of beads, 52 in number, each three-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, and most of them containing the Lord's Prayer; 4000 words are put into this border. The writer is 77 years old, and says he could get 18,000 words on a postal card. It took him 45 days to write this one.

The Volume of Niagara Falls.

The amount of water passing over Niagara Falls varies with the heigth of the river. Prof. W. D. Gunning estimates the average amount at 18,000,000 cubic feet per minute. Allowing 62½ pounds to the cubic foot, this would give a total of 562,500 tons per minute, or 25,312,500 tons in 45 minutes, of which somewhat more than two-thirds passes over the Horseshoe Falls. Other estimates place the total amount passing over both falls as high as 100,000,000 tons per hour. In comparison, the recent flood at Johnstown was a gill.

Just Cause For Resentment.

"My friends are responsible for my being here," said the prisoner bitterly.

"How was that?" asked the sympathetic visitor.

"I was sentenced to be hung but they got the Governor to commute it to imprisonment for life."—*Bazar.*

Her Face was Her Fortune.

She was as pretty as a picture and so animated and lively that it did one good to look at her. She was all this but she is not now. Poor soul, the roses never no more in her cheeks, the former lustre of her eyes is gone. She is a woe-begone looking piece of humanity now. She has one of those troubles so common to women and needs Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It recuperates the weakly system, puts the whole system right, restores the roses and the lustre and makes the woman what she once was. Get that well and happy. "Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and so fully carried out for many years.

For a foul stomach, torpid liver, stomach and bowels, take Dr. Pierce's Pellets. One a dose.

An old farmer, father's clock down in Ohio, which has been winding regularly for the last 70 years, stopped the other day, and upon examination it was found that a mouse had fallen into the works and was caught between the wheels and killed.

If not above being taught by a MAN, take this good advice: Try DOBBINS' Electric Soap next MONDAY. It won't cost much, and you will then know for yourself just how good it is. Be sure to get no imitation. There are lots of them.

The longest railway tunnel in America is the Hoosac tunnel, on the Fitchburg Railroad. It is four and a three-fourths miles long.

A Family Gathering.

Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a sister or a daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet taken Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles? If so, why? when a sample bottle is gladly given to you *free* by any druggist and the large size costs only 50c and $1.

"The days of miracles are past." That may be and yet some of the most wonderful things ever witnessed by the human family have occurred within the last decade. Not the least of these wonders is the success which the agents of B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., are meeting. Write them for particulars. They will show you how to work wonders.

A box wind matches free to smokers of "Tansill's Punch" 5c. cigar.

N. E. Thirty-Eight.

Out of Sorts

Is a feeling peculiar to persons of dyspeptic tendency, or it may be caused by change of climate, season or diet. The stomach is out of order, the head aches or does not feel right, appetite is capricious, the nerves seem overworked, the mind is confused and irritable. This condition finds an excellent corrective in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by its regulating and toning powers, soon restores harmony to the system, and gives that strength of mind, nerves and body which makes one feel perfectly well.

N.B.—If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

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Horses and Rattlesnakes.

Horses fear rattlesnakes as much as children do, and they will run from one every time. The scent of a rattlesnake will make a steady horse try to run

Weymouth Gazette,

BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. XXIII. WEYMOUTH, MASS., SEPTEMBER 27, 1889. NO. 24.

The Weymouth Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, —BY— C. G. EASTERBROOK, WEYMOUTH, MASS.

DR. W. H. ROBERTS,

(ORAL TREATMENT)

Diseases and Deformities OF THE

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Killing Seals.

...eeding has been going on in ...s, the natives have been har... ... crop of fur from the beche... ...fur is at its best only during ...days of the first part of the ...all the killing has to be ...t time. Three or four of the ...up early in the morning and ...e hauling grounds, get be... ...r three thousand seals and ...d begin to make a great ...e frightened seals start in... ...e natives follow them, keep... ... noise and guiding them ...killing ground. When the ...ired the natives let them ... If they get heated it spoils ...The seals move on whenever ...resume the clatter and never ...resistance. By the time ... is over the seals, ...having been driven off ... work are on the ...nds. Each killer has a club, ..., and a whetstone. Each ...nds a group of seals, and ...points out which are to be ...ccount of defects in the skin ...reasons. Then the rest of ...e struck on the head with a ...blow stunning them. Each ...out a seal, and, bending over ...is big knife into its heart. ...death in a short time. Then ...f the skin with a few dexter... A skilful skinner can skin ...minute and a half; four min...e average. The skins are ...eds and packed in salt for ..., at the end of which time ...dy for shipment. The car...left to lie on the field. In ...they lie a year before they ...and three years before they ...to bones. The odor is ter...he natives don't mind it, and ...soon get used to it. It ...o be unhealthy.—*New York*

...d by an Army of Owls.

...l of Portland, Oregon, who ... out at Craig Mountain, I... ...remarkable adventure while ...g. He lost his way and ...p at the foot of a pine tree. ...night he was attacked by a ...ge owls, numbering at least a ...ich plied their beaks and ...m vigorously.

...too dark to use his gun, he ...b and laid about him with ...will that in ten minutes he ...seen of the birds, and next ...brought their wings into ...rophies.—*San Francisco Ex.*

Too Late.

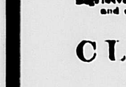
"...eorge," she muttered, as the ...youth knelt in a passionate ...er feet, "I never can be ...Clara," he answered bitterly, ...quickly, "you might at least ...me so before, and saved me ...ng these trousers."—*Clothier ...her.*

...eumatism

...DE MARK

...PTLY AND PERMANENTLY Cured by **...acobs Oil** ...O-MO. THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO.

SAVE MONEY ...ble, Trouble, ...ill CURE ...ARRH ...using ...ream Balm ...into each nostril ...6 Warren St., N. Y.



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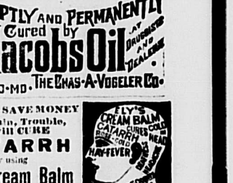

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...aper readers are constantly needing an ...erence in order to intelligently under...tic they are perusing. It is surprising ...information is thus stored away in the ...d how soon one becomes familiar with ...nts concerning all the Nations of the ...rth. Sold for 25 cents. ...H. HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

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CANNED & BOTTLED GOODS.

Fresh Vegetables of all kinds in their season.

FRESH EGGS AND CHOICE BUTTER a specialty.

He hopes by fair prices and square dealing to merit a share of public patronage. GN-15-tf

Town of Weymouth.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

THE board of Health hereby notify all persons interested, that on and after this date the following provisions of Chapter 21 of the General Statutes will be strictly enforced:

Sec. 47. When a householder knows that a person within his family is taken sick of any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town in which he dwells. If he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding $100.

Sec. 48. When a physician knows that any person whom he is called to visit is afflicted with any disease dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health of the town, and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall forfeit for each offence a sum not less than $50, or more than $100.

The Board consider the above sections to apply to Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Whooping Cough.

GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth.
WILLIAM NASH.
J. CLARENCE HOWE.
J. F. DYER.
} Board of Health.

Weymouth, March, 1889.

MEETINGS OF THE

Selectmen & Overseers of the Poor

The Selectmen of Weymouth will be in session at the

TOWN HOUSE EVERY MONDAY,

(except the third) during the municipal year, from two to five o'clock p. m. On the THIRD MONDAY of each month they will meet at the almshouse at 2 p. m.

GEORGE A. CUSHING, Chairman, P. O. Address, Weymouth.
HENRY A. NASH, Clerk, P. O. Address, No. Weymouth.
WILLIAM NASH.
J. CLARENCE HOWE.
J. F. DYER.
} Board of Selectmen of Weymouth of Weymouth

Weymouth, March, 1889.

TOWN CLERKS OFFICE —AT— **East Weymouth Savings Bank.**

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 A. M. 2 to 5 P. M. AT ALL OTHER HOURS AT RESIDENCE ON WATER STREET.

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LOUIS A. COOK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

OFFICES.

SO. WEYMOUTH and ABINGTON

Discrowned.

While yet the lagging Summer lifts the glow
Of her glad vintage, pledging all who drink
A reign that's endless, at the beaker's brink
The bugles of the Autumn blow and blow.
So doth the lengthened Summer, startled, turn
To see the traitor maples aflame,
And, as though hiding a repentant shame,
The cheeks of her disloyal ivies burn.
Then all adown the highways far and near,
The golden-rod and asters swift unfold
Besieging banners, mingled blue and gold
Till straightway smitten with a sudden fear,
Even as she strives to arm her 'gainst the foe,
Again the windy bugles blow and blow.

—*Lucy E. Tilley, in Harper's Weekly.*

A CLOSE SHAVE.

BY E. W. THOMSON.

Last summer, in the club house of the Kenoutchewan bait fishers, a well-known Canadian lawyer told the following story:

"Some years ago, while out for an afternoon's fishing with my son Harry, who was then ten years old, I anchored our skiff off the northeast or lower end of Gomeguk island, where one division of the St. Lawrence runs in a deep groove, much frequented by channel catfish.

"Steamers seldom passed through the channel where we floated, though the wash of upward bound boats disturbs the surface slightly as they swing half around, about three hundred yards down river, to enter the southern and straighter, though shallower, channel, which most pilots prefer.

"Harry found the occasional rocking by steamboat waves a pleasant variation from the scarcely preceptible motion with which we drifted—only one of our sixty-pound weights being out as a bow anchor—against the gentle current, under the pressure of a breeze up stream. The sharp stern of the skiff floated free, and, riling with forty feet of line out, she swayed from side to side of the deep water, which never furnished me with better sport than on that day.

"The big, dun-backed, yellow-bellied, strong, clean, tentacled fish took my minnows eagerly, and fought in a highly satisfactory manner for their own lives. So it went on, till Harry, who had come out with emphatic asseverations that he would gladly fish till midnight, disclosed a keener enthusiasm for something to eat about tea-time than he did about the fish I was catching, and often inquired anxiously when I intended going home.

"I lingered, however, for 'just one more bite,'—taking four fish by the delay,—till the sun sank slowly behind the island. Then glancing under my eyebrows at Harry while stooping to impale a new minnow, his woe-begone little face gave me a more distinct thrill of compunction, and, flinging away the bait, I said: 'Well, small boys mustn't be made too hungry, I suppose. We will go home now, Harry.'

"I was rather astonished that his face, which had brightened with my words, suddenly clouded, as he looked keenly down the river. Then the explanation came.

"'Oh, there's another steamboat coming up, father!' he cried. 'Do stay a little longer! I wish you would stay till we get her swell.'

"It was to me a striking illustration of how curiously and wonderfully boys are made. Here was a lad too hungry to enjoy the deep and philosophic pleasure of fishing, but not hungry enough to forego an obsurd delight in being rocked by a half a dozen steamboat rollers! However, his request coincided with my inclination, and, putting on a new bait, I engaged again in the most soul-satisfying of human pastimes.

"I sat in the bow, with my face up stream, Harry watching, with big eyes, the oncoming steamer, the intermittent rumble of whose paddle-wheel became momentarily more distinct, till the slap and thrust of each float could be heard close behind. Suddenly my little boy jumped up and exclaimed, in a tone of much surprise:

"'Why, father, look at the steamboat!'

"I turned to see in the twilight the big, white Theban, not three hundred yards distant, not swinging into the south channel, but coming, at about half speed, straight at where we lay!

"Dazed, I sat silent for a moment; then roared at her, 'Ahoy, Theban, ahoy!' with all my power of lung, searching my pockets at the same time for my clasp-knife to cut the anchor rope. There was no time to haul in the weight; to cut away was the only chance of escape.

"The channel of the river, as I knew well, was too narrow for the big boat to give us more than the narrowest berth, and there was no sign that her pilot intended to yield us any. I could see him dimly in the wheel-house, and, apparently, not another soul was on board.

"She did not slow down in the least, though I continued to yell madly. The roar of her paddle wheels was terribly loud.

"Harry's childish treble shrieked through my hoarse shouts, but there was no sign that we were seen or heard. Yet it was impossible to believe the pilot unaware of the boat in his course, lead-colored though it was, and deep as were the shadows of the island.

"On she came, during the few seconds while these observations went through my mind, straight at us. The swamping of our skiff in the steamer's roll was certain now, even should she sheer off as much as possible in passing; certain, even if we had been suddenly freed from the anchor line.

"I had passed it through the ring of the painter before the bow, and secured it to the seat. This fastening I tore away with one jerk, but there were 50 feet more rope in the coil lying at my feet. To run that out through the ring would require more time than we had, and to row off rapidly with the rope dragging across our bow was impossible, even though many minutes had been to spare.

"Feeling very helpless and desperate, I went through all my pockets for the knife, till it flashed on me that, some time before, it had dropped from the gunwale in which I had stuck it, and was now lying out of reach under the footboard. Harry began to cry loudly, calling, 'Oh, what will mother do!'

"The undulation that precedes a large steamer rocked us. Raising my eyes from a vain endeavor to get a glimpse of the knife the steamer seemed almost upon us. I never saw a vessel shoulder up so monstrously at the distance! So close was she that in the twilight I could clearly see the red paint of her run gleaming in the water about her.

"With the quick device and lightning activity of despair I seized an oar, and, kneeling on the bow, with one downward drive of its handle knocked the staple that secured the ring clear away and with another motion hung out the coil of rope into the water.

"But the bowsprit of the Theban was not five seconds away then. I struggled madly to get some headway, hoping to escape the paddle wheels, but my poor little boy, will with fear, impeded me by clinging about my legs. Using all my force on the oar as a paddle, I did, however, manage to give her a slight motion up stream, stern first, but too late; the next moment the figure-head and swelling bow of the Theban blotted out the sky, and she was upon us.

"Not with her cut-water, fortunately, or we should have been instantly smashed down; it ran out twenty feet beyond before we were touched. Had she not been half slowed down to take the windings of the channel, we should doubtless have been overwhelmed by the roll of water from her bow; but somehow the skiff rode this, and the next moment was thrust against the river, and crowded so hard against the steamer where she widened that we moved on as if glued to her side.

"Obviously, this strange situation could endure but for a few moments, and then my little fellow and I must be drawn under and battered to pulp with the remorseless crash of the paddle-wheel so terrible and so near.

"To leap far out for escape from them was impossible. I had clasped Harry in my arms with some unreasonable imagination that my interposing my body would save him from the crushing blows of the floats. The hope to sink beneath them did not flash among the first-crowding thoughts of those despairing moments, not till my glance fell on the fifty-six weight that still lay in the boat.

"Instantly I stooped, seized it with my right hand, and, with my little boy close hugged, leaped desperately from the boat into the water.

"The sensation of being sucked or trailed through an amazing current, the roar of the battered water, the overpowering fear of the cruel paddles—how well I remember! Suddenly—it was as though a wave had flung its mass at me—my legs were swept down with the water driven from the impact of the floats, my hold was nearly jirked from the fifty-six pounds of weight that I held, then down, down, down until the weight touched the rocky bed. I let go and rose through twenty feet of water with a gasp, to see the Theban roaring away steadily on her course.

"Poor little Harry had never ceased struggling; he struggled more violently as now he caught a half-choked breath. I tore his arms from my neck with a desperate motion as we began to sink again, and turned his back to me. We rose again, treading water. I managed to support his head out of the water long enough to make him understand that he must become perfectly motionless if he wished me to save him.

"The poor little man behaved splendidly after that, but by several slight immersions had lost his senses in a half-drowned fa nt before I managed to get ashore. I had, however, no great difficulty in restoring him. Fortunately there was a house on the island, and there we spent the night.

"You may be sure that I lost no time in investigating the conduct of the Theban's pilot. The man denied all knowledge of the occurrence, and I could see that he was really surprised and shocked; but that he felt in some degree guilty, I could also perceive. Not one of the deck-hands, none of the officers, would confess any knowledge in the matter, and not till the cross-examination of the crew on my suit for damages against the steamboat company did the truth come out. Then a clean breast was made.

"The pilot had secretly brought a jug of whiskey aboard, and while the captain was below at his tea, the mate and the whole watch, defying all the rules of the company's service, had taken occasion to finish the liquor. As for the pilot, he explained that he had been 'too drunk to do more 'n steer, sir, and could jest only see my land marks. I took the north channel,' he concluded, 'because I wanted folks to know that I was puffickly sober.'"—*Youth's Companion.*

The Youngest Confederate Soldier.

Barry H. Binford, who was the youngest soldier in the Confederate army, died recently while on a business trip to Monroe, La. His father, Dr. Binford, was a surgeon in the Confederate army. The boy, when about nine years old, started out to find his father and reported to General Wheeler, who took him for a Federal spy sent in by some of the Union people. The General kept an eye on the little chap, and finally turned him over to Colonel Josiah Patterson, who knew Dr. Binford and at once assumed the care of the boy. As he would not go back home, a pony was secured for him, a gun was sawed off the proper length, and he was recognized from that time on to the end of the war as a soldier. It is stated that young Binford and another boy, not much older, undertook to do a little special service once. They went out between the lines somewhere up in North Alabama, threw up some small breastworks and awaited the advance of the Federals on the opposite side of a small river. The column came in sight, and the boys opened fire as if backed by an army, which the Federals naturally supposed to be a fact. The boys held the fort a whole day, and when night came on they scampered off and rejoined their command several miles away. Binford was the famous "suspicious case" that caused a panic in Memphis last summer and subjected several distinguished physicians to a perfect avalanche of chaff, when it turned out to be a case of alcoholism instead of yellow fever.

The Biggest Bicycle.

Jack Simpson, who runs a lodging-house and restaurant in Bangor, Me., owns a bicycle which he declares is the largest in the world. This wheel is 86 inches in diameter. Simpson is an Englishman, and for many years traveled with circuses and other shows, having been one of the three "Dacoma Brothers," famous a dozen years ago for their aerial bicycle performances. They gave exhibitions at the Crystal Palace, London, at the Cirque Ferando, Paris, and at other amusement centers in Europe and the United States. On one occasion Simpson gave an exhibition on his big wheel on a wire suspended 50 feet above the water at Rocky river, Ohio, and it was called a very daring performance. The big wheel, which has been around the world, was built at Birmingham, Eng and, at a cost of $300, and although its diameter is so great, a double system of pedal cranks enables a common cycler to ride it.—*Chicago Herald.*

An Ornamental Lamp Shade.

The fancy lamp-shades, if at all pretty, are so expensive to purchase, that we all welcome a new design. A fourteen-years-old girl of our acquaintance has just made a very cheap and effective one. Buy a wire frame, of the size to fit your lamp, and cover it with coarse milliner's net. Take a piece of imitation lace of any pretty design, and measure loosely around the bottom of the frame the width of the lace from the bottom. Then allow about a quarter of this for fullness, and gather it slightly on a piece of ribbon of such length as will fit snugly around the frame at this point. The ribbon is then gathered to fit the top of the frame, a narrow piece of lace fulled around to stand up. A bow of ribbon is placed at the side, and a fringe of embroidery silk finishes the lace at the bottom.—*American Agriculturist.*

A Dog That Loves Chickens.

Mr. Brigham, the dyer, of Orlando, Florida, has a beautiful and intelligent little dog, to whom he is very much attached. He also has a hen. Not long ago that hen hatched some chickens. By some incomprehensible mental process that little dog imagined that she was the mother of the chickens, and she could not have been more affectionate to a litter of her own puppies than she was toward the little chicks. She cuddles and fondles them every day, and attempts to defend them from all intruders. When taken away from the brood she whines constantly, and when released at once goes back to them. The hen is completely nonplused, and Mr. Brigham is almost as badly puzzled. The little dog and the chicks are the only ones who seem to understand the situation.—*St. Louis Times Democrat.*

The Stormy Petrel.

Stormy petrels, or Mother Cary's chickens, as they are more commonly called, follow the out-bound vessels in large flocks, gathering about as soon as land is lost to view and remaining until land is once again sighted, unless a violent storm drives them away. For the most part they feed on refuse thrown overboard, but are never fat and always hungry. Hovering over the food by patting the water with its webbed feet and quickly flapping its wings, it appears to stand on the water and follows the food as it drifts about. Sailors regard the bird with great superstition, believing some calamity will follow its wanton killing.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

SOIL FOR PLANTS IN POTS.

The best soil for plants in pots is to be found in well-rotted turf, or at least sufficiently rotted to destroy the life in the roots of grass, then the coarser the better, as the growing plants will consume it as wanted. The provident gardener or amateur will always have a pile of sods in some out-of-the-way place, where it will decay and be ever-ready for potting purposes. Some of the best rose growers in our country use nothing else for their young roses, and there can be nothing better; others, in piling up the sods, alternate the layers with stable manure. This makes a good compost, but as a congenial home for worms and grubs which are destructive to the plants. For the best results use sod only, and make an occasional application of some reliable concentrated plant food, but use in moderation.—*American Agriculturist.*

PLANT TREES ON WASTE PLACES.

Nearly every farm has one or more acres not worth cultivating or fencing, which might easily be turned to forest-growth. It is especially desirable to clothe the high hilltops with trees, not only as protection against winds, but for the effect it would have in preventing the hillsides becoming parched by drouth. Trees on the top of a hill serve to hold the moisture in the ground and keep the whole hill more moist. The more generally the hilltops are covered with forest the less bleak will be the country and less violent the winds sweeping unresisted over the country. Every forest patch is a windbreak, and the more of these the less will the inhabitants be annoyed by cold and high winds. Many tender fruits do not flourish at all well now, while years ago, before the forests were so generally destroyed, they grew finely. Delicate pears that formerly matured perfect fruit without trouble have become almost worthless for cooking, because of the inclemency of the climate due to destruction of forests.—*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

POTATO ROT.

From a bulletin of the New Jersey Experiment Station we make the following extract as to the treatment of field and crop where potato rot prevails:

It is evident that after the vines have been killed there can be no further growth of the tubers, and as the disease first attacks the leaves and tips of the vines, and works downward towards and finally into the tubers, it follows that there can be no loss in yield, and a great possible gain in healthfulness, by early digging. As a rule, the potatoes should be removed from the soil as soon as possible after the vines have been "struck" by the rot. The dead vines abound in the spores of the disease, and it is possible for the tubers to be infected by contact with the vines at the time of digging. Therefore, it is an important and inexpensive precaution to rake the vines into a heap and burn them before the potatoes are dug, at the same time destroying millions of germs of the rot, some of which might otherwise do injury elsewhere. The same conditions favor the rot after as before digging, and therefore the dug tubers should be left to dry thoroughly; then the sound ones may be stored where they can be kept dry, cool, and with a good circulation of fresh air. A damp, warm, close cellar favors the growth of the rot. Air-slaked lime, a handful or so per bushel, may be dusted over the freshly harvested potatoes, to destroy any adhering germs.—*American Cultivator.*

STACKING GRAIN.

George E. Newell says in the *American Agricultural*: There is no reason why every farmer's boy should not learn the art of properly stacking grain and hay. Nearly every farmer can stack grain after a fashion, but not one out of fifty can build up a trim, symmetrical, rain-proof stack. Select the site of the desired stack remote from the shade of any building or grove, and arrange the bottom so that there will be a free circulation of air underneath. The plan of preparing a concave bottom, to give stability to the rick, is not desirable, on account of the natural tendency of the layers of sheaves to settle into a concave position also and make a hollow in the center of the stack, the very thing most to be avoided. Fix a firm, slightly convex foundation out of stout poles or scantlings, and imbed in the ground short corner uprights, to give rigidity to the bottom of the stack. Put down first a layer of straw and then begin the stack. Put a circle of sheaves, with the butts out, around the convex center. Crowd them tightly together, and keep the butts on an even circle. Lay another circle around the first in the same way, allowing the sheaves of the second circle to lap half of their length on the first. Follow the same practice until the limit of the bottom is reached, and then begin at the center again. A stacker should be on his knees all of the time, and compress the bundles snugly as he follows the circle around. Let the outside ring of the second layer project very slightly over the foundation layer, and repeat until the middle of the desired stack height is reached. Then place each successive layer a little nearer the center, and gradually bring to a tapering peak. It is of vital importance that the center of the stack shall be kept more full and cone shaped all the way up than is really wanted. It will flatten out greatly by settling. A steep, smooth pitch is imperatively required in the "roof" part of the stack. Straw should not be discolored by wet and exposure more than a few inches on the butts of the outside sheaves. It is a good plan to cap the peak with a thatching of broad-leaf marsh grass, and hang rails over the peak connected by a hay rope, to hold it on. Grain properly stacked in the manner described will come through wet weather without damage to a kernel of its growth, if its thoroughly dry when put up. There is enough grain spoiled annually on farms by bad stacking to pay for the erection of many a commodious barn.

HARVESTING THE APPLE CROP.

In picking the fruit I have adopted this mode: In an orchard of fifty acres I have men and women go over and pick the fruit and pile it in heaps. Then I go in with barrels right after the pickers and barrel them. The less you can handle fruit, the better it is for the keeping qualities of that fruit. The only advantage gained by piling in heaps and carting to the barn is this: If an apple is bruised or disfigured, a few days will disclose the bruise, that is all. I have tried both ways, and I say to you, from my experience, barrel your fruit as you pick it and head it up. Some say the apple will sweat. So it will; every time the apple is colder than the surrounding atmosphere it will continue to sweat.

In barreling apples great pains should be taken. One of the great sources of depression in the apple market last year was the poor quality of apples put up. A man or woman who would stuff a barrel of apples on the inside with inferior fruit indulges in a most contemptible practice. You all understand facing apples at the end. Put good apples in the barrel—good merchantable apples. I don't want to say that the apples in the middle of the barrel should be as fine as they are at the stemmed end, because the first look, the first impression is the best and helps to sell. Put everything in your barrel that is marketable. Use three bushel barrels, because that is the recognized size. Press tight; don't be afraid because there may be an apple bruised in pressing. If they are pressed as they ought to be they will ship better than if put in slack. Another question is how to market your apples. If you can get from seventy-five cents to a dollar a barrel for your fruit in your orchard or delivered at the station or market place near you, I advise you every time to sell it.—*New England Homestead.*

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Label all seeds when put away.

Sow spinach now for spring use.

Pasturing meadows is at best poor economy.

Save the best and earliest ears of sweet corn for seed.

Farming is apt to be a poor business when the farmer is poor.

The lawn and garden should now make their best appearance, and perfect neatness should prevail.

Sell when the stock is ready; and good management consists in having them ready when they are wanted.

As manure is usually kept, at least one-half, and frequently a greater proportion, is wasted by leachings and the escape of ammonia.

Very little good is done by cutting down weeds that are in full bloom unless they are burned before they are dry. Cut the weeds before they bloom.

A dairyman who can secure no more than 150 pounds of butter as the annual production of each cow may set it down as a fact that there is something wrong in his management or he has exceptionally poor cows.

A western farmer saved his barley and corn from the chinch bug by throwing two furrows together, staking a six inch board on edge on top of the backing and keeping the boards smeared with kerosene and coal tar.

Regularity in feeding and milking and perfect gentleness and kindness in dealing with the cows are essential to success. Any breach of these desiderata is inevitably marked by a falling off in the yield and a consequent loss to owner.

Make a careful and constant barometer of yourself by practice in noting every change of wind or cloud. Thirty or forty years' experience may be helpful if one always lives in the same locality. Such knowledge is particularly valuable in the harvest season.

The difference between sweet whey and sweet skimmed milk lies largely in the protein. Analysis gives the digestible protein in 100 pounds of sweet skimmed milk at four pounds and a fraction, while the available protein in sweet whey is but one pound.

Subsisting on Dried Coca Leaves.

The dried leaves of the coca plant, which is cultivated on the slopes of the Andes, form an important article of internal trade among the various native tribes. It is estimated that not less than 3,000,000 pounds are consumed annually. After the morning meal men and women alike take a mouthful of the leaves mixed with a little lime: fresh leaves are added throughout the day, and without any additional food the consumer is enabled to do a hard day's work.

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We deliver free to any Railroad Freight Depot in New England, and on purchases of $100 or over we allow railroad fare for one person, both ways to Boston. All our goods are warranted.

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Not cheaply, nor poorly, nor sparingly, but with good Furniture, good Carpets, good Lace Curtains, good Crockery, Silver and Glass Ware, and a margin left for extras such as Pictures, Clock, &c., and an extra outlay of a few dollars will supply your wants as fully as any ordinary person can desire. We give the list as follows:

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With 6-foot Walnut Extension Table, 6 handsome Cane-Seat Chairs, complete set of Crockery, with Knives, Forks and Spoons, 20 yards of Ingrain Carpet (your choice of 50 patterns), 2 Window Shades, and a handsome Lamp, all delivered at any railroad depot in New England.

$31.50 FURNISHES SITTING ROOM Complete

With Lounge, Rocker, and 4 Chairs, 2 pairs of Lace Curtains, 2 Window Shades, a nice Hanging Lamp, a beautiful Centre Table and 20 yards of Ingrain Carpet left entirely to your own selection, and delivered at your freight depot free of charge.

$30.00 FURNISHES YOUR BEDROOM Complete

With Chamber Set of 10 pieces, Spring Mattress, Pillows, Carpet, Lamp, Window Shade and a handsome Toilet Set. Chamber Set is of hardwood, antique or natural finish, and same as we have sold hundreds of at $20 heretofore. This price includes free delivery, and you have yet a balance of

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The Weymouth Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 27, 1889.

E. C. BASTERBROOK, Publisher.

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WEYMOUTH FAIR.

Weather indications yesterday morning were not at all promising for a good attendance at the opening day of the annual fair of the Weymouth Agricultural and Industrial Society, but notwithstanding the threatened rain the exhibitors in the several departments put in an early appearance and covered the tables in the hall with a fine display of vegetables, fruits and flowers, which, with the specimens of ladies' handiwork, made up an attractive exhibition.

The rain which began to fall at the time announced for the outdoor sports in the forenoon, compelled a postponement of the sports on the grounds until after dinner, and an account of the results of the games is given below. The children's day was an uncomfortable one for little folks and very few were present, but the boys were wildly interested in the juvenile games and encouraged their favorites with as much vim as their elders manifest at league games, and this, with the trotting matches, made up a good amount of entertainment for the first day. The Punch and Judy of Prof. Gordon, of Boston, was another centre of attraction for the juveniles, the Professor having a full audience through the day and "doing it up brown."

In the hall the committees were busily engaged in the awards of premiums to exhibitors, the comparatively small number present furnishing them with abundant elbow room. Glancing at the array in the department of vegetables we noted the exhibit of Mr. F. S. Torrey, who is conceded to be the champion celery grower of this region, his show in that product being excellent, an addenda to this being a plant that appeared to be celery, but was labelled "Swiss Chard," which he stated was used for greens, like spinach, etc., and is very nice.

A novelty was found in a specimen of Kaffa corn, the grains of which are about the size of wheat, growing much like broom corn and used by the natives for making bread.

Mr. Leonard Whiting, of Rockland, is a large grower of sweet corn and had a good variety on exhibition, among them a new kind named Ruby; the Farquhar, which he considers the best, yielding well, very sweet and early; Marblehead, a nice corn; Crosby and Excelsior, the two general favorites; Corey, Hovey, and Big Bonanza. First premiums were awarded him on most of his specimens. Mr. R. A. Holbrook exhibited Stowell's Evergreen, Barefoot, Burpee's Silver and Rice corn.

Murphies were few and far between at the fair, but as the growers have a good reason for this sparseness of exhibit in the fact that more than seven-tenths of the potato crop has "pegged out," no fault is to be found. Leonard Whiting, of Rockland, made a good exhibit of five varieties—Sunrise, Hampton Beauty, Early Rose, Parker & Wood, Victory, and captured three first and two second premiums. Noah T. Joy showed Early White Prize and White Star potatoes, gaining first premiums. Aaron E. Low has first place for Queen and Early Essex potatoes, and Winthrop C. Wood first for Hampton Beauty, Chas. Scully first for Early Rose.

Samuel A. Cleverly, of the Hodgman farm, was a prominent exhibitor in vegetables, getting 1st pr. for sugar pumpkins, 1st for Conn. field do., 2d pr. for turban squashes, in which the initials "S. A. C. & Co." and the date of planting, Aug. 18, 1889, were grown; Deming's early beets.

Leonard Whiting took 2d pr. for Arlington and Eclipse beets.

Preston Pratt was a large exhibitor of vegetables, taking 1st pr. for Budlong, White Rock and Orange turnips, Red Tankard and Yellow Tankard mangolds, Yellow Danvers onions, cocoanut squash, and 2d pr. for Essex Hybrid do.

Three large Brunswick squashes were shown by Alvah Raymond as the product of one seed, but how large the seed was Alvah did not state.

Aaron E. Low made a nice exhibition of Low's new Bay State squash, immensely productive, early, extra keeper and excellent quality, as the placard states. It originated at his seed farm in Essex, and was grown on the David Whiton farm, Hingham, where 40 acres of land is used by a branch of the Essex farm. He also exhibited Edmunds, Dewing's Early and Eclipse beets.

W. C. Wood's Pike's Peak squashes took 1st prize, C. H. Pratt, carrots, 2d, Marblehead squash, 2d; Bernard Cooney, red and silver skin onions, 1st; George W. Eaton, mammoth onions, 1st; W. H. Holbrook, Savoy cabbage, 1st; Solomon Ford, drumhead cabbage and Hubbard squash, 1st; Henry Farrar, mammoth squash, 1st, sugar pumpkins, 2d; S. Ford, Boston marrow, 2d; J. F. Pool, for do., 1st; W. C. Wood, 2d for Hubbard and Dunlap's Early Marrow squash; Benj. F. Darling, 2d for Conn. field pumpkins. C. H. Pratt has 1st for Boss watermelons and Preston Pratt 2d. For Folb's Gem do. C. H. Pratt took 1st.

The committee would have been gratified if the fine show of tomatoes, parsnips, beans and peppers could have been premiumed, but they were not on the list of awards.

Apples and pears made a good appearance, though the number of plates was small, 66 of the first and 130 of the second being counted. S. A. Cleverly made a good exhibit of pears and had a diploma for 5 varieties; Newton Hollis, 5 var., 2d pr.; C. C. Tower, 15 var., 2d; O. White, 10 var., 2d; J. M. Whitcomb, 10 var., diploma; Geo. Hollis, 15 var., 1st; Wm. Thompson, 5 var., 1st.

For apples, S. A. Cleverly had 1st for 15 var.; E. Northey 1st for 5 var.; Preston Pratt, 1st, 40 var.

There were but three plates of peaches, Mrs. D. S. Parker having 1st for Late Crawford, Preston Pratt 1st and 2d for seedlings.

Grapes numbered 18 plates and quinces 3 plates.

Geo. Hollis and Mrs. T. C. Mellen's exhibits filled the flower tables with fragrance and beauty, Mr. Hollis showing coleus, orchids, general collection of pot plants and cut flowers. Mrs. Mellen had a lovely basket, floral design, bouquets, ferns, coleus and other attractions.

Useful and fancy articles were in profuse and elegant display, many specimens being especially noticeable, of which particulars are deferred to next week's issue.

E. E. Chapman, our talented portrait artist, displayed excellent likenesses of Col. B. S. Lovell and others, with a fine array of his photos.

Gus B. Bates had a show of his heater Stewart & Howe, stoves; Chute & Capen, boring machine; C. W. Denham, Kennedy's fancy biscuits.

In bread, cake, honey, preserves, butter, the display was excellent; Fannie M. Raymond, for wheat bread was 1st, Mrs. C. W. Richards 2d. Brown bread, M. A. Bishop 1st, Mrs. J. E. Porter 2d, Mrs. C. W. Richards diploma. In cake, Mrs. E. Nash took 1st for ice cream cake and gratuity for eclairs; Miss Emma Moore 1st for fruit cake, Mrs. C. W. Richards 2d: Mrs. Wendall Shaw 1st for white cake and gr for white fruit cake, Mrs. Richards 2d do; Mrs. L. Holbrook gr. for marble cake; Miss E. Moore 2d for ice cream cake; Mrs. Richards gr. for gold cake.

Mrs. C. H. Pratt has 1st for 25 varieties preserves; Mrs. H. A. Palmer, Hingham, 1st for honey; Mrs. Jas. Tirrell 1st and Mrs. G. O. Paine 2d for butter.

D. M. Easton, Esq. of E. Weymouth, exhibited a collection of articles venerable in their antiquity and interesting in their association with history and science. From his treasures, which number about fifteen hundred rare curiosities, he brought to the fair the family heirloom of a sample of needlework wrought by Mary, Queen of Scots, in 1558, being the oldest work of the kind in this country; teaspoon and carving knife 200 years old; almanac of 1776, with narrative of the battle of Lexington; old flint and tinder box; flexible stone, a composition of quartz, mica and soluble silica, the dissolving of the latter making the stone flexible; crystals, fossil fish and ferns; piece of the Peregrine White apple tree; the Holy Land relics, such as salt from Sodom, pine, olive, orange, and Lebanon cedar woods; jasper and marble from the Jewish temple; mosaics from Mt. Sinai; stalagmite from Luray Caverns, and a home of the Tarantula.

Outside of the exhibition hall things looked very gloomy. There were plenty of tents for the sale of eatables, but it was so stormy there were no purchasers, and of course there could be no sports or races of any kind. At noontime it still being stormy, Mr. Alvah Raymond invited the president, judges and reporter to go home with him and partake of dinner, an invitation which was readily accepted. It cleared away shortly after 1 o'clock, and it was decided to have what sports they could, and the Punch and Judy show was started, which amused the old as well as the young people. At 1.30 o'clock the boys' game of ball between the King Phillip Jrs. and Weymouths occurred, for a purse of $5, resulting in a victory for the former, the score being 6 to 4. Following is the score by innings:

Innings,	1	2	3	4	5	6	
King Phillip Jrs.,	2	1	2	0	1	0	—6
Weymouths,	0	2	0	0	2	0	—4

The 1-4 mile running race for boys under 12 years next took place, the prizes being $2 and $1. In this race there were eight entries and it was won by Frank Peterson and Henry Cleaves, time 1.12 1-2. The track being in fair condition the first trotting event was called, which was a 3 minute race for a purse of $50, divided, the result being as follows:

Bradford Poole, b. g., Honesty,	1	2	1	1
F. A. McAnary, b. m., Dandy,	3	1	2	2
J. B. Benson, br. g., Classmate,	2	3	3	3

Time 2.49 1-4, 2.50, 2.57, 2.54.

The next trotting event was the 2.45 race for a purse of $50, divided. This was a closely contested race, and at 6 o'clock there still being another heat necessary to decide, it was decided to have it finished this morning at 9 o'clock. Following was the standing at dark:

S. W. Hollis, br. g., Tommy,	1	1	3	3
F. Churchill, b. g., Frank,	3	2	1	2
H. A. Baker, ch. g., Ino.,	4	3	2	1
J. M. Tyler, s. g., Billy C.,	2	4	4	dr.

Time 2 49 1-2, 2.50 1-4, 2.49 1-4, 2.48 1-2, 2.52 1-4.

After the boys' game of ball there was a game between the Actives of South Weymouth, and the North Weymouths, for a purse of $35, which was won by the Actives, in a score of 9 to 8.

Tomorrow will be the last day of our town agricultural fair, and every hour will be filled with interest. The wagon race, free to all running race for horses, pacing race and trotting, in connection with bicycle races and a lively ball game between the East Weymouths and King Phillip clubs, will be great attractions in the list of sports, and the fine exhibition in the hall will well repay every visitor. A large attendance is expected tomorrow.

Political.

The Republican caucus, to nominate two representatives to General Court, will be held at the town hall this evening, and among the names mentioned are Col. B. S. Lovell, Joseph A. Cushing, George A. Wentworth, Esq., Louis A. Cook, Esq., James H. Flint, Esq. and A. E. Newhall. Col. Lovell says he is not in the field and does not wish his name to be used. Mr. Newhall has also declined to stand, and the friends of Esq. Flint are making an active canvass for his nomination. It is believed in ward 2 that Mr. Cushing will secure a nomination.

The Democratic caucus for the nomination of one representative to the general court will be held next week Saturday evening. By an agreement the nomination this year belongs to East Weymouth and prominent among the names mentioned is that of Douglas M. Easton, but in an interview with Mr. Easton this week he informed our reporter that he would not take the office if it were served on a silver platter. Mr. Easton being out of the fight the next best man is undoubtedly John A. Holbrook, of North Weymouth, who has acceptably filled that office one year and will no doubt receive the nomination of his party at the coming caucus.

Official Honors.

The visit to Washington of our estimable resident, Henry A. Thomas, Esq., Sup't of Mails at Boston post-office, was attended with a result which his many friends regard with pleasure, and proves that the possession of ability and character is a strong foundation for advancement in the affairs of life. Mr. Thomas took an important part in the convention of Mail Sup'ts in that city, and his service not only met with the warm approval of that body, but appears to have attracted the attention of Postmaster-General Wanamaker, as Mr. Thomas had but just reached Boston on his return home, when he received a despatch from the P. M. General requesting his immediate return to Washington, with which request he complied, when to his surprise he was offered a lucrative position in the P. O. department, with opportunity for European travel in the service. Home ties were, however, stronger than the official honor tendered, and we learn that he declined the offer, with thanks for the confidence expressed in his ability and integrity.

The Pulpit.

Rev. L. H. Frary, of Pomona, Cala., occupied the pulpit of the Union church last Sunday, a large number being present to greet their former pastor and friend. His theme of discourse was from Matthew vii: 11, "If ye then being evil know how to give good gifts unto your children, how much more shall your Father which is in heaven give good things to them that ask him." From this text he educed much instructive and valuable thought, urging that without knowledge of the divine Fatherhood man can never get the clue to life; that man need the help which will come from believing in God's love and care; that the homeless, friendless, comfortless can look to a Father who lends a listening ear to their cry, and is ready to give whatever he knows is best. Infinite power and compassion are pledged to everyone who will come to the shelter of His arms, and if we come with faith and repentant spirit he will do all the rest. God's love is infinitely great, and it is beautiful for man to give himself up to him and serve him. In a personal appeal to his former charge he asked those who felt that they had not yet given up to this love of God, to bow down in their homes and ask their Heavenly Father to help them to be just the men and women He desires them to be, and in connection gave an incident of his pastoral work in Sierra Madre, where he called upon the family of a skeptic, and in conversation with the husband discovered that he came from the New Hampshire town of Mr. Frary's nativity. A friendly feeling was thus created and the skeptic was invited to attend church service, with which request he complied, and to his wife's surprise continued his attendance. In a revival of religious interest Mr. Frary preached the sermon given last Sunday, and asked the question alluded to above. That evening he invited those who desired the help of God to raise their hands, and among them was the former skeptic, who afterward united with the church. The story which is alluded to briefly was related in impressive manner and with much feeling, and in conclusion he said, "God has sent me back here, and would it not be a beautiful thing if you would offer this prayer and enter into God's service."

Mr. Frary announced that next Sunday morning he would give an account of church work and its influence in California.

We are requested to publish the following letter from friends of the late Geo. W. Fay, M. D.: The patients and friends of F. A. Smith, M. D. hear with regret of his intended departure, and most cordially invite him to remain with us, and promise him a support and sympathy, for we feel that he can fully fill Dr. Fay's place, as like him he carries healing in his presence, with kind words of cheer and a gentleness of touch which to the sick mean as much as medicines; but if he leaves, our loss will be gain to some other town, and we wish him unbounded success in life, for no more perfect gentleman or faithful friend ever lived among us. We hope he will remain.

Accident.

Frank O. Whitmarsh, of East Braintree, by the breaking of a rein, fell from his open express wagon Monday morning, near Jordan's blacksmith shop, and sustained injuries that will confine him to his home for several weeks. Dr. Bullock says no bones were broken, which was miraculous, considering that the wheels passed over him.

BRIEFS.

Miss M. A. Ward, dressmaker, who was burned out in the late fire in Peake's block, has refitted her rooms, and is now ready for business. A number of nice dresses, nearly finished, were burned, and Miss Ward has made the loss good to the owners of the material.

The grapevines of W. H. Bond were stripped of all the fruit one night last week. It is said that several rows of potatoes of Francis Richards were also dug and taken away.

Mrs. Ambler has closed her boarding house in the square and removed from town.

Webb street has had a lot of gravel spread upon it within a few days, which makes the travelling better and safer than formerly.

A few dead cats added to the various articles which have been thrown over the electric wire at Hunt street would give the vicinity quite a South Cove aspect.

District Deputy Grand Regent Daniel H. Huxford, of Randolph, will make an official visit to Weymouth council 747, R. A., Friday evening, Oct. 4.

The convention of the Norfolk County Teachers' Association will be held at Randolph, Friday Oct. 18.

Pentalpha Royal Arch Chapter has elected the following officers: M. E. H. P., George L. Wentworth; E. K., Lincoln Fearing; E. S., Joseph E. Gardner; C. O. H., Herbert A. Newton; P. S., H. Benson; R. A. C., Fred L. Bayley; sec'y, Marshall P. Sprague; treas., J. W. Hender; master 3d veil, F. T. Blanchard; master 2d veil, Howard Poole; master 1st veil, Frank A. Lewis; tyler, E. W. Richards.

Prof. E. S. Hunt has had twenty incandescent electric lights put into his house on Broad street.

The work of putting in steam heating apparatus into the store of Mr. F. A. Sulis was finished Saturday, and operates very satisfactorily. The pipes are run near the ceiling, the company having found that more effectual heating service can be obtained than in the old way of placing pipes near the floor.

Miss Helen F. Armington entered upon a course of study at the State Normal School, Bridgewater, last Monday.

Mr. H. L. Thayer has bought the "Arabian colt" which made a prominent feature of the July 4 parade.

One of our residents drew his pension in Boston last week, and before he reached home was robbed of the amount drawn and other money.

Capt. Freeman Whitmarsh, with Capt. Joshua and John Phillips started Monday morning for a fishing trip to Scituate, in the yacht Nellie, having a howling norwester all day.

Rev. W. L. Smith will present the subject of Missions in his sermon at the Baptist church next Sunday.

Rev. B. F. Eaton gave an able address on Sunday following the recent anniversary of the First Universalist society, recounting the marvellous progress of events in the past fifty years of the world's history. The length of the report of anniversary exercises prevented the publication of a sketch of his remarks.

Mrs. A. M. Burgess held a family reunion at her residence on Bridge street last week Friday. All her children and grandchildren were present, besides other relatives from Boston. Mrs. S. J. Burgess and daughter left in the afternoon for their new home in Salt Lake City. The tables were spread at noon with tempting viands and the day will not soon be forgotten by those present.

Master Willie H. Mason has commenced a course of study at Thayer Academy, Braintree.

The annual visitation of District Deputy Chas. I. Litchfield, to Delta Lodge, F. & A. M., of Weymouth, occurs next Tuesday evening.

Mr. Elbridge Nash, of South Weymouth, has been chosen as a member of the board of trade of the national druggists' association.

Taxes are $15 on $1000 in Rockland, and no discount.

The icemen of Hanover, Rockland and Whitman have recently replenished their exhausted supply at Alvin Hollis' houses in South Weymouth.

"The angels and their mission," will be the subject of Rev. William Hyde's sermon at the Trinity church, Sunday morning, at 10.30 A. M.

Next Sunday is St. Michael and All Angels Day in the Christian year.

A big squash can be seen at the residence of Dennis Griffin, on Elliot st., the estimated weight being 150 lbs.

The employes at Geo. H. Bicknell are pleased to learn that the factary is to be closed Saturday.

Miss Annie Greelish lost a valuable gold ring, with garnet stone, near on the sidewalk near the Episcopal church Wednesday evening. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at her residence on Broad street, or at the Gazette office.

Jim Fitzgerald sold a pile of Coney Island sausages at the Hingham fair, and has a full stock at our local fair.

McDavitt's Rockland Chief made 2.39 at Taunton Wednesday and took first place.

A F. Lovell, a Weymouth native, and patrolman connected with Div. 9, Boston, is visiting the family of Ancil Burrell, at North Weymouth.

A party of Weymouth residents will take in the White Mountain excursion tomorrow.

Mr. John Bates has moved into the tenement over Bailey's grocery, and is to open a cobbling shop in the ell part.

Parishioners of Rev. W. Smith presented him with a purse of $50 on his return from summer vacation, and one friend donated $50 to the baby, "to set him up in business", as he expressed it.

The annual meeting of the Reading Circle will be held at the residence of Mrs. Marcia E. P. Hunt Tuesday evening, and a full attendance is desired.

ELEANOR F. HOLMES, Sec.

Elmer Bates will remove to the house vacated by Mr. Studley, on Washington street.

James Donovan has hired the lower tenement of John Phillips house, corner Broad and Stetson streets.

Letters remain in the Weymouth P. O., Sept. 27, for Miss Almeda Corbin care Miss Sarah Blanchard, Mrs. S. M. Dyias, Mrs. Lizzie Purdy, Mr. Fre Thoken care Mr. F. Tirrell.

J. W. RAND, P.M.

Mrs. Geo. T. Rand invites the attention of our readers to her new stock of underwear, furnishing goods, hats and caps, etc. See adv.

Simultaneous Missionary Meetings.

The series of meetings in the interests of foreign missions arranged by the pastors of the town in accordance with the plan for simultaneous meetings throughout the State, as explained in last week's GAZETTE, will be as follows:

On Sunday, Sept. 29, preaching by the several pastors in their respective churches.

On Monday,

On Tuesday, at East Weymouth, union meeting of Cong'l and Methodist churches at the Methodist church at 7.30 p. m. Addresses by Rev. Messrs. H. C. Alvord and W. L. Smith. Also at North Weymouth, same date and hour, union meeting of Old North and Pilgrim churches at Pilgrim church. Address by Miss Gertrude A. Chandler of the Madurah Mission.

On Wednesday, at South Weymouth, union meeting at Union church at 7.30 p. m. Address by Dr. C. C. Creegan of the American Board, also by Rev. Messrs. Hyde and Blanchard.

On Thursday, at Weymouth Landing Baptist church at 7.30 p. m. Addresses by Rev. Messrs. Bolster and Palmer. Also at Lovell's Corner at same date and hour. Address by Rev. Mr. Kidder on "What Missions have Accomplished," and by Rev. Mr. Leland.

If any changes are made in this programme they will be announced in the several pulpits on Sunday.

Teachers' Meeting.

The first teachers' meeting this term was held at the South High school Wednesday afternoon. The exercises were opened with a brief address of welcome by Sup't Fisher, who also introduced and explained rapid map sketching and percentage, making some changes from the present system. A class from Mr. Torrey's school then gave an exercise in the naming of flowers which was very interesting. Mr. Fisher read three reports from teachers who had visited other schools and also gave a report of some of the schools he had visited.

EAST WEYMOUTH.

James L. Bates Camp S. of V. mustered in two recruits at their regular meeting last Friday evening.

A field day of the Cantons comprising the 1st Reg't of P. M. is talked of being held at East Weymouth.

A boy fell into a well the other day when his mother with great presence of mind threw in a piece of Brussels soap and he was immediately washed out.

Wompatuck Encampment worked the Patriarchial degree upon two candidates last Monday evening.

The Weymouth Band played at the Hingham Agricultural Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Geo. W. Fay and family have returned home from Fort Point, where they have been located during the summer.

A flight of broad steps has been built from the sidewalk to the vestry of the Unitarian church.

Rev. A. A. Kidder goes to Winchester next Wednesday evening to speak on Simultaneous Missionary Meetings.

E. E. Chapman was given a gratuity on an exhibition of photographs at the Hingham fair.

William C. Earle has moved back from Cohasset and taken a house on Grant street.

Something like 400 tons of Cumberland coal has arrived on the cars for the electric light station.

Letters remain in the postoffice for Delia Carey, Miss S. R. Orne, Bryon Ahern, Thomas Brady, J. W. Coffee, Angelo Macri, James McCarthy, W. M. Meran, N. W. Pratt.

Z. L. BICKNELL, P. M.

Next Sunday at the M. E. church Rev. A. A. Kidder will take for his subject "The Commercial and Educational Advantages to be derived at home from Foreign Missions," and in the evening there will be a mission concert, with addresses and special singing.

The following Sir Knights of South Shore Commandery K. T., will accompany Old Colony Commandery of Abington on their pilgrimage to Washington Oct. 5: Z. L. Bicknell, Wm. Humphrey, E. G. Bates, John A. Fogg, George W. Young, Stephen Cain, T. John Evans, Thomas H. Humphrey and Jas. A. Roarty.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Raymond have been engaged to sing for a council of Royal Conclave of Knights and ladies at Boston, next Tuesday evening. They also sing this Friday evening at Cohasset, at the anniversary of Minot's Light lodge I. O. G. T.

The attention of the ladies is called to the card of the Misses Castner, at the Boston store, who invite your presence at their opening of autumn and winter millinery, pattern hats and bonnets, next week Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

At a meeting of Crescent lodge I. O. O. F. held last evening it was voted to place a corner stone under their new building, and the first five officers of the lodge were appointed a committee to prepare the documents for the box and to lay the stone.

Brussels soap is a strictly pure soap, and is elegantly perfumed. Try it and you will use no other.

The first of a series of twelve sociables of Z. L. Bicknell Rose Co. was held at Masonic hall, last Friday evening, a large number being present. Good music for dancing was furnished by Derby's orchestra of four pieces. The floor was in charge of Capt. Edward Fahey, assisted by E. Q. S. Litchfield, C. T. Humphrey, C. E. Cushing, W. C. Peare, Wallace Whiton, Arthur Hawes, and T. E. Burrell, while the whole company officiated as reception committee. The next sociable will be held at the same hall Friday evening, Oct. 4.

At a recent meeting of the building committee it was voted to deliver the keys of the Middle street school house to the school committee Sept. 27. Mr. Joseph A. Cushing, into whose hands the care of the schools and school house property on Middle street and Commercial square has been placed by the school Board, states that the Middle street school will begin the fall term Monday, Sept. 30, and that there has been a constant fire in the furnaces for the past ten days, so that no one need fear to send their children to school on account of the condition of the building.

The clock for the new Middle street school house is all ready and as soon as the tower is painted the clock will be placed in position, and now as the building is nearly completed the subject of some fitting name for it is being talked of, the citizens of Middle street thinking that as Mr. Easton has labored earnestly for this new building that it should be named for him; but Dug thinks different and does not believe in honizing live men. He argues that in this ward we have a Franklin and a Washington school, both named after historical men, and what could be better than to name this the "Jefferson" school, after the man who wrote the Declaration of Independence.

Tuesday evening, about 6 o'clock, an unknown man was found laying on Wharf street, suffering from an epileptic fit. He was taken to the depot and selectman Dizer notified, as was also the town physician, who worked over the man all night, it being morning before he showed any signs of consciousness. Being questioned he said his name was Brown, that he had come from an asylum in Connecticut, and said the only relative or friend he had was a sister in some distant city. He had a small bundle covered with express stickers and 60 cents in his pocket book. All of his clothes were marked C. Dinsmore, which is undoubtedly his correct name. Wednesday morning he was taken to the almshouse, where he now is.

Thomas & Miller, of Quincy, have recently erected a very handsome monument at the East Weymouth Cemetery, on the lot of William Wallace Bates, and a view of it will well repay a visit. The monument stands nearly 12 feet high, and has three bases of white Westerly granite, from which rises a die of polished Quincy granite 3 ft. 6 in high. This die is surmounted by a cap and an urn of white Westerly granite. On the second base is the name "William Wallace Bates," in raised letters, and on the cap is a raised polished English "B." Two inscriptions appear on one side of the die. A handsome Quincy granite curbing surrounds the lot, with granite posts in the corners. The monument has been erected according to the request of the late widow.

National Bank.

The adjourned National Bank meeting was held at Engine hall last evening, some 25 of East Weymouth's business men being present. The meeting was called to order by N. D. Canterbury and M. C. Dizer moved that they proceed to organize a National Bank. Before this motion was voted upon Mr. Canterbury briefly stated what the committee appointed had done. Mr. Dizer's motion was then carried. He then moved a committee of three be appointed by the chair to retire and bring in a list of seven to sign the first paper which will be sent to the Comptroller of Treasury at Washington. The chair appointed as this committee Z. L. Bicknell, D. M. Easton, B. S. Lovell; this committee retired and on returning reported the following names which were accepted: M. C. Dizer, P. W. French, N. D. Canterbury, F. D. Thayer, R. T. Bicknell, John Carroll, J. P. Burrell. The report was accepted and the committee instructed to have the amount of capital stock placed at $50,000 if possible. The name suggested for the bank was "East Weymouth National Bank." It was then voted to adjourn subject to a call of the committee.

There will be an all day union holiness meeting at Temperance hall next week Friday. Services will commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and continue through the day and evening. Mrs. Heflon of Newtonville, Mrs. E. J. Storms of Boston, with others from Charlestown and adjoining towns, will be present. Rev. Joshua Gill, editor of the Christian Witness, Boston, will preach at 7.30. The public are cordially invited to these meetings and good order will be kept. An officer will be in attendance and anyone attempting to disturb these religious meetings will be dealt with according to law.

The Rice Pudding Club gave Baker's 2-act temperance drama entitled "The Last Loaf," in the Unitarian church vestry, last Wednesday evening, before a large audience. The several parts were well taken by W. F. Winsor, D. M. Ryan, A. E. Joy, Alfred Beedem, John S. Bean, Misses Grace Mitchell, Bertha and Susie B. Litchfield. The costumes were from the well known costumer, Folsom, of Boston.

New Firm.

Herbert W. Tirrell and D. M. Easton have formed a co-partnership under the firm name of Herbert W. Tirrell & Co., for the manufacture of gentlemen's and youths' clothing. They have taken part of Alpheus Bates' shop at Shaw's Corner, and will commence operations at once. Steam has been put in and twenty-five machines are being set up as fast as possible and when in running order the firm will give employment to about 30 hands. Electricity will be used as a light.

The Ladies Neilson Quartette have this week issued their announcement of their third season. The personel of the quartette this season is Eva L. Baker 1st soprano; Ida F. Orr 2d soprano; M. Abbie Rogers 1st alto; Lizzie W. Cushing 2d alto. Their repertoire consists of quartettes, solos, duets, etc., suitable for concerts, church entertainments, lecture courses, etc. Miss M. Abbie Rogers of East Weymouth, is the manager.

NORTH WEYMOUTH.

A very interesting game of ball was played at the North Weymouth Park last Saturday, between the sole leather cutters and shoe makers of Torrey's shop, which resulted in a victory for the former, by a score of 29 to 25. The features of the game were the batting of Kennison for the shoe makers, and the pitching of Boyle (not Henry of Indianapolis) for the sole leather cutters. "Cyclone" Tommy pitched the last part of the game for the shoe makers and was batted terrifically, he being out of practice. Home runs and three baggers were quite numerous.

Last Sunday, Albert, a 16 year old son of J. A. Cushman, fell from cupola of his father's barn to the lower floor, a distance of 35 feet. He was taken up insensible and Dr. Drake summoned, who found he had broken his jaw in two places, and also had a compound fracture of his thigh, the bone being broken in five places. His left arm was also bruised and he was injured somewhat internally. Everything possible was done for him and at last accounts he was comfortable, with a fair chance of recovery, although he is not out of danger.

W. O. Collyer Hose Co. hold their regular meeting next Tuesday evening.

The ladies sewing circle of the Universalist church met Wednesday afternoon, the gentlemen being present at supper.

Last week, Thurday, some 40 of the employes of the stitching room at J. H. & F. H. Torrey's, gave a surprise party to their former fellow workman, Postmaster B. F. Thomas. The evening was pleasantly passed in a social manner.

Mr. Ritchie is to move into the Huntress house on Bridge street, lately vacated by Sullivan.

Last Saturday, the Beverly school committee examined ten candidates for assistant at the high school, their choice being Miss Mary C., daughter of Judge Humphrey. Miss Humphrey assumed her new position Monday.

The ladies' sewing circle connected with the Pilgrim church met in the vestry Wednesday afternoon, and at 6 o'clock served supper to the gentlemen.

Mrs. Marcus L. Keene, Mrs. Forest Jones, Miss Hannah W. Barnes, Miss Lucy Greenwood, Miss Sarah Chubbuck, and Messrs. David L. French, William R. French and George Shaw, participated in an excursion to the Hoosac Tunnel, last Wednesday.

Capt. Richard Cushing moved into his new house, off Curtis street, Wednesday.

Card.

The residents of Park avenue take this method of thanking their Main street neighbors for their unprecedented generosity in leaving them the holes where the electric light poles stood; may they live long to enjoy the poles and may the rays from the light be so *Filtered* as to reach *Nolan-d* of ours.

P. A.

Republican State Convention.

The general belief of the Republicans in town that Hon. J. Q. A. Brackett would be the candidate of the party for governor proved to be correct, as the convention held in Tremont Temple, Boston, on Wednesday last, placed Mr. Brackett's name at the head of the ticket for the State election, by a vote of 743 to 674 for Hon. Wm. W. Crapo, Mr. Brackett's nomination then being made unanimous, with a hearty expression of determination to elect him. There was a close vote on the candidate for Lt-Governor, the supporters of Gen. Walker being but 40 behind in the ballot, the result showing 497 for W. H. Haile and 457 for Myron P. Walker on the first ballot, and there being no choice, after a second ballot with like result. Mr. Haile was nominated by acclamation.

The resolutions adopted by the convention are emphatic in their declaration of solid New England principles under which the State and nation have flourished, the resolutions bearing upon State policy being as follows:

> In state affairs the question deservedly most interesting to the people of this commonwealth is that of temperance. The recent action of the people upon the proposed prohibitory amendment to the constitution, which was submitted to them as promised by the Republican party, remits the question of suppressing the sale of intoxicating liquors to the Legislature, which is fresh from the people and familiar with their will. But we declare our unqualified hostility to the corrupting moral and political tyranny of the liquor saloon. We insist that every law against it shall be maintained and enforced; that no backward step shall be taken, and that further legislation shall be had whenever and wherever it can secure further suppression of this terrible evil.
>
> In other matters the Republican party can only renew the pledges which it has made year after year, and which it has always striven honestly to fulfill and to carry into successful execution. We pledge ourselves to maintain and defend the public schools of the commonwealth; to preserve the public school funds, whether state or municipal, for the sole benefit of the public schools, and to raise the standard of public education to the highest point possible. We pledge ourselves also to give the commonwealth the same honest, economical and progressive government which we have given to it for more than 30 years, and with which the people are familiar. With such principles of action in state and nation, strong in our past, ready for the present and confidential of the future, we offer our candidates once again to the voters of Massachusetts.

We clip the following personal relative to Col. Lovell's part in the contest.

> Col. Ben. Lovell was at his store this morning engrossed in business, and when a *Record* man called had as genial a countenance and hearty a greeting as though his candidate had won instead of losing the nomination. "Yes, I have no reason to feel otherwise than good natured," said Col. Lovell, for we made a good fight and the vote was a strong endorsement and a grand compliment to Walker. I felt confident that Walker and Haile were the candidates who would bring out the greatest strength in the convention, and it seemed to me that Col. Walker had the lead. He was defeated in an honorable and open contest, and has no complaint to make, and nothing other than congratulations and good wishes to offer his successful rival. All this talk about weakening the ticket if Walker were the candidate, and strengthening it with Haile, was the purest bombast. The newspapers were against Walker, but he was strong with the people. Now that he has lost the nomination he is prepared to support the republican candidates with zeal and fidelity, and will do all that he can to elect the republican ticket. From the beginning to the end of his canvass he was an ideal candidate, square and honorable and above reproach in every respect."

Grand Concert.

We take pleasure in announcing the appearance in Weymouth of the favorite musical artists, the Bostonian Male Quartette, who will give a grand concert in Fogg's Opera House, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 8th, and will present a most attractive programme. The concert will present on opportunity for the enjoyment of first-class music seldom offered in town, and the artists should receive a crowded house.

Personal.

Mr. E. F. Linton and family left here last Saturday for East New York. During their summer sojourn their Weymouth residence has been much improved by raising it three feet, the grounds around being nicely graded and beautified. It is hinted that Mr. Linton will be elected as Commodore of the Monatiquot Yacht Club next season.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

A rare and interesting musical event is promised at Fogg's Opera House Tuesday evening Oct. 8, the character of which ought to enlist the entire patronage of our music loving public. The list of attractions will strike the average reader as one specially strong. Mr. Wm. H. Fessenden, the distinguished tenor, heads the list of artists who will appear on the programme, which will also introduce to this village for the first time Miss Ella Chamberlain, the whistling soloist, and the best in America. Jos. A. E. Stuart, the humorist of Boston, who is under the direct management of the Redpath Lyceum Bureau, will be a popular favorite and the Bostonian Male Quartette will be heard in several of their best selections. Miss Jennie Hocking has been specially engaged as the accompanist of the evening. The concert is under the personal direction of Mr. Clock of the quartette and from personal knowledge we are able to commend the artists named and predict a rich return for all who attend. Commencing tomorrow, reserved seats ranging in price from 25 to 50 cents, will be for sale at Clark & Foster's, and the postoffice.

The churches of the state observe next week as a Foreign Missionary week and interesting meetings may be expected in this connection throughout this town, where sermons of appropriate character are expected on Sunday, and a series of union meetings to follow during the week. The meeting for So. Weymouth will be held on Wednesday evening at the Second church at 7.30 p. m., and will be addressed by Rev. Dr. Arthur Little of Dorchester, formerly of Chicago, and a preacher whom many here will be glad to hear.

Miss Alice Adams, of Auburndale, a graduate of Wellesley College, has been selected as the additional assistant teacher at the South High school, and is expected to assume the duties of that position Monday next. Miss Adams took the postgraduate course at Wellesley and besides strong personal commendations has the unanimous endorsement of the faculty of the college for the position. Miss Carrie Tower has been kindly substituting until the vacancy could be filled.

The republican caucus to be held at the town hall this evening, promises to have some lively features. South Weymouth is naturally conceded one of the two nominations to be made. Geo. L. Wentworth Esq. will make a fight for the place against Louis A. Cook Esq., who served four years in the House and who, until the middle of the week, was supposed to have a clear chance for renomination.

The next meeting of the Social Circle connected with the Universalist church will be one of special interest and a committee is busy in the preparation of a popular programme.

Mr. Elbridge Nash handed the treasurer of the American Band $25 the other evening, as the result of a contribution paper kept on his counter in recognition of the generous work of the band in furnishing out door concerts.

Mr. Frank Thomas has begun the erection of a cottage house near the depot on a lot formerly belonging to the Loud estate. F. E. Bullock will do the work and the improvement inside by a new residence at this spot will be a noticable one. It is expected that Mr. Denbroeder will build on the adjoining lot next spring.

Gordon Willis has one of the best arranged grocery stores that could be desired in Fogg building and his stock is a large and choice one. The two stores and postoffice in this building when lit up at night make things look attractive and trade works that way as a matter of course.

The Wednesday Night Club discusses the Australian ballot system next Wednesday evening. It would not be a bad idea to have a public meeting in each village before election when the new system should be fully explained, as there is more to it than most people imagine, and the change will occasion considerable confusion at the polls unless carefully studied beforehand.

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THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, 27, 28, 1889.

The management have spared no expense to make this season's Exhibition the greatest in its history.

THIRD DAY.

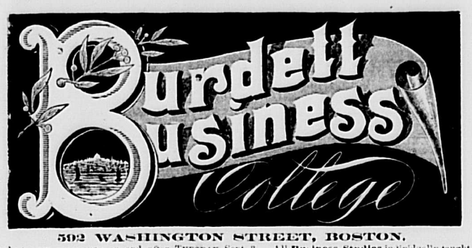
10 A.M. Class 11—**Wagon Race** for horses of no better record than 2.50. Purse, 20 divided—$10, $5, $3, $2.
11 A.M. **Free to all Running Race for Horses.** 1-2 mile heats, best 3 in 5. Purse, $25 divided—$15 to 1st, $10 to 2d.
12 M. **Cavalcade.**
1 P.M. **PACING RACE.** 2.30 Class. Purse, $50 divided.
2 P.M. **TROTTING.** Free to all. Purse, $100 divided.
3 P.M. **One Mile Bicycle Race.** Open to all for suitable prizes.
4 P.M. **BASE BALL.** Purse, $75.
EAST WEYMOUTHS vs. KING PHILLIPS of Rockland.
5 P.M. **HANDICAP BICYCLE RACE** for suitable prizes.

☞In the Trotting and Pacing events, the purses will be divided into 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent.

MUSIC for Friday, WEYMOUTH BAND, R. F. Raymond, Conductor; for Saturday, AMERICAN BAND, of South Weymouth, J. M. Whitcomb, Conductor.

ADMISSION TO THE GROUNDS, 30 cents. Children under 12 (Friday and Saturday), 15 cents. Carriages, 25 cents. Three day Tickets, 70 cents. Admission to hall Free.

☞Arrangements have been made with the O. C. R. R. for reduced rates from all stations. Last train leaves South Weymouth for Boston, at 6.20 P.M.



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ÆTNA Ins. Co., Hartford
Connecticut Fire Ins. Co., Hartford
National Fire Ins. Co., Hartford
Phœnix Ins. Co., Hartford
Ins. Co. of N. A., Philadelphia
Home Ins. Co., New York
Lancashire Ins. Co. of England.
Phœnix Ins. Co., New York
Merrimac Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Andover
Citizens' Mutual Ins. Co., Boston
Merchants' & Farmers' Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Worcester
Holyoke Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Salem
Quincy Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Quincy
Fitchburg Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Fitchburg
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Do you know that scalds and burns heal rapidly and leave no scars, if dressed with **Cream of Mecca!**
Do you know the most positive remedy for Catarrh? **Cream of Mecca**, if applied to the nostrils every night.
Do you know that wind, sun and sea cannot roughen or make the skin red, if you at once use **Cream of Mecca?**
Do you know that blistering, itching, and pain from internal tumors disappear after use of **Cream of Mecca?**
Do you know that thousands are using **Cream of Mecca** with one opinion,—that it is the most delicate, purest, and most effectual external remedy that has ever been made. Try it. Send ten cents to
W. E. & W. P. THAYER,
241 Savin Hill Ave., Boston, Mass., and get a sample box and valuable book. Sold by Druggists. Two sizes: 50c. and $1.00 per box.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE!

THE ASSESSORS OF THE TOWN OF WEYMOUTH hereby give notice that they have delivered to ALFRED O. CRAWFORD, ESQ., Collector of Taxes for said Town, a CORRECT LIST OF THE TAXES ASSESSED UPON THE INHABITANTS, NON-RESIDENTS AND BANK STOCK OF SAID TOWN, with a warrant in due form of law for collecting the same; and in accordance with a vote of the Town have instructed him to make a full collection of all taxes ON OR BEORE THE 10th DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, and if any Taxes remain unpaid after that date, to proceed forthwith to collect them by due process of law.

LEONARD GARDNER,
WILMOT CLEVERLY,
JOHN P. BURRELL,
GEORGE A. CUSHING,
CLARENCE BOWE,
Assessors of Weymouth.

WEYMOUTH, Sept. 17, 1889.

TO LET.

A TENEMENT suitable for a small family. Enquire at BAKER'S HARDWARE STORE. 2-2tf

ELECTRICAL.

Dr. A. G. Nye

Would say to the public that he has purchased the exclusive right to use the

ELECTRIC VIBRATOR

in Weymouth, **for the painless extraction of teeth.**

He can refer to **only** six physician, who has given it a test—Dr. Dunbar, of Braintree. Among those of this place who have tried it, and are ready to give their opinions of its merits, are Wm. H. Goodwin, Nathan O. Smith, George S. Worster, and many others, both in and out of town.

Sets of nice Gum Teeth furnished for $10, including extracting.

Ether, Gas, Cocaine, used when desired.

TO LET.

A FEW DESIRABLE TENEMENTS at reasonable rates. Apply to WM. H. CLAPP. Weymouth, Mass., July 14, 1887. G-15-tf

MISS ANNIE PAYNE,

Ladies' Hair Goods.

GREY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Hair dressed at store or at their homes if preferred. Bangs cut and curled in the latest style.

G 50-tf Rice's Brick Block, Rockland, Mass.

YES, WE HAVE
Just Received 10 Tons of
FRESH PINO:
Best Bedding in the World.
Just the thing to cure Asthma, Bronchial Troubles and Rheumatism. Always Dry, Sweet and Aromatic.
PINO PALMINE CO.,
120 Commercial St., Boston, Mass.

TO LET.

THE Tenement on corner of Washington and Broad streets, over C. T. Bailey's store, with garden privileges.
Also FOR SALE, desirable House Lots on Broad street, in rear of store. Apply to
AUG. T. CUSHING,
Front Street, Weymouth

Republican Caucus.

The Republicans held their caucus at the Town Hall Friday evening, the meeting being called to order by Col. B. S. Lovell, who read the call and was chosen as chairman with Louis A. Cook as secretary. N. D. Canterbury moved that a committee of five, one from each ward, be appointed to retire and bring in a list of delegates; George E. Porter amended the motion by having two from each ward, which was carried, the following being appointed: George L. Newton, David Dunbar, N. D. Canterbury, Peter W. French, George E. Porter, James H. Flint, George B. Bayley-George F. Maynard, George L. Wentworth, Henry A. Thomas. This committee retired and brought in the following list of delegates who were to attend the several conventions unpledged. State, at large, B. S. Lovell chairman, James H. Flint, David Dunbar, N. D. Canterbury, Geo. E. Porter, Geo. B. Bayley, Josiah Reed; Councillor, at large, Peter W. French chairman, Gordon Willis, Geo. L. Newton, James J. Mahoney, J. E. Hunt, Bradford Hawes, A. E. Vining; County, at large, Geo. L. Wentworth chairman, Geo. W. White, J. W. Bartlett, John A. Raymond, Geo. E. Porter, C. W. Fearing, Henry A. Thomas; Senatorial, at large, F. A. Bicknell chairman, A. E. Newhall, S. P. Nash, C. S. Redmond, Chas. P. Hunt, William Nash, Geo. F. Hayden. Town committee—Ward 1, F. A. Bicknell, David Dunbar, John W. Bartlett; Ward 2, Benj. S. Lovell, Peter W. French, J. J. Mahoney; Ward 3, A. E. Newhall, C. E. Bicknell, W. L. Roberts; Ward 4, Gilman B. Loud, William Nash, Charles Hawes; Ward 5, Louis A. Cook, Geo. L. Wentworth, Harvey E. Raymond. By a suggestion of the state central committee and by vote of the caucus, the present town committee will serve until January 1, when those now elected serve until Jan. 1, 1891.

A Safe Investment

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflamation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at A. M. Bachelder & Co.'s, Weymouth; Colby & Page's, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover's, East Weymouth; Drug Stores.

Democratic Caucus.

The Democrats of Weymouth held their caucus for the purpose of electing delegates to the several conventions and to choose a town committee for the ensuing year, at the Town House, Saturday evening. The caucus was called to order by D. M. Easton who read the call, after which Major John W. Hart was chosen chairman and D. M. Easton secretary. Upon motion the chair appointed the following committee to retire and bring in a list of delegates: John A. Holbrook, James L. Lincoln, John F. Dwyer, James Moore and Michael Riley. This committee reported the following list of delegates which was upon vote accepted:—State, John W. Hart at large, John A. Holbrook, J. R. Orcutt, W. J. Coleman, D. M. Easton, James L. Lincoln, A. P. Worthen, John F. Dwyer, Jessie H. Pierce, Marshall P. Sprague, J. C. Howe; Senatorial, John A. Holbrook at large, Frank H. Torrey, D. M. Easton, Robert McIntosh, James L. Lincoln, John W. Hart, Jesse H. Pierce, Daniel Connor, Geo. M. Jenkins, W. Abbott Howe, Bradford Chandler; County and Councillor, A. P. Worthen at large, David Gunville, E. Sanford Litchfield, Geo. W. Baker, George A. Miles, John W. Carey, Thomas Griffin, Austin Tirrell, Charles Stetson, Avery S. Howe, Daniel Sullivan; Town Committee, Ward 1, John A. Holbrook, William J. Coleman, J. R. Orcutt; Ward 2, D. M. Easton, James L. Lincoln, Robert McIntosh; Ward 3, John W. Hart, John F. Dwyer, A. P. Worthen; Ward 4, Jas. Moore, Geo. M. Jenkins, Charles Stetson; Ward 5, J. C. Howe, Daniel Sullivan, Bradford Chandler. The delegates to the Senatorial convention were instructed to vote for and support Dr. William Everett, of Quincy, as Senator. The chairman also appointed Saturday evening, Oct. 5, as the evening for the Representative caucus.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. A. M. Bachelder & Co., Weymouth; Colby & Page, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover, East Weymouth; Druggists.

Interstate Commerce.

Congressman Elijah A. Morse has vigorously attacked the interstate commerce law, and will wage determined war against it in the coming Congress. The Milford *Journal* says of his position.

"This is where he is exactly right. The law has now been under test for several months, and its only apparent effect has been to injure, and even jeopardize, many of the great railroad systems of the country, and to damage rather than benefit the great general public, throuth a cutting off of passenger and freight trains, the discharging of help to lessen operating expenses, etc., etc. If the people were the gainers, then there would be some excuse for the law, although then the question of fairness might properly be raised toward the railroads, as regards unjust and unfairly discriminating treatment But the fact is—and it is a fact which is becoming more and more apparent—the interstate law is a direct detriment to the country, and is calculated to impede the progress of the great New West in the discouraging of new railroad enterprises. The law was conceived in demagoguery and born in political chicanery. Scores of Congressmen voted for it because the pressure was on and they had not the moral courage to oppose it. This on their own confessions. It is an unjust, oppressive and useless piece of national legislation, and we send Mr. Morse our hearty Godspeed in his outspoken hostility to it coupled with the hope that his stand against it in the next Congress may be crowned with the fullest measure of success."

Oysters.

Fresh opened Oysters are a delicious viand, and our readers are reminded that Mr. Geo. E. White, in Dolan's block, Washington square, is prepared to furnish the bivalves right from the shell, fresh and nice. Give him a call.

J. C. DAVIS' Old Soap is the cheapest and best soap on the American market.

Brockton Fair.

The list of attractive sports at the Brockton fair, which opens next Wednesday, embraces a large amount of entertainment for each of the four days, including the noted Myrtle Peck Combination, athletic sports, trotting, pacing and colt races, etc. The show in the exhibition hall will be profuse and elegant, and will delight every visitor. The order for each day will be found in advertisement in our columns.

Many a housekeeper has hidden away in a dark closet some rare china, pottery, or old silver, whose possibilities of usefulness are limited in her mind to actual service. We advise her to visit Paine's Furniture warerooms, 48 Canal street, Boston, and see the dainty corner closets for china. Everyone can afford the closet, while comparatively few have the more desirable contents.

No laundry soap on the market is as highly perfumed as Brussels soap. As a toilet soap, it is far superior to many of the trashy toilet soap now being sold.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned, having been obliged to give up his employment for the present on account of sickness of his children, wishes to extend his sincere thanks to his shopmates at Edwin Clapp's for their generosity in so promptly collecting and presenting him with a purse containing a generous sum of money, and to tell them that their kindness will ever be remembered.

WILLIAM P. LITCHFIELD.

Obituary.

Mr. Josiah Copeland, one of the few octogenarians of Weymouth, died at his residence on Commercial street Sept. 12, after an illness of three weeks. He was born in Boston Nov. 6, 1806, and was the son of Josiah and Elizabeth Pratt Copeland. He came to Weymouth at the age of ten years and has occupied his late residence 52 years. He married Susan, daughter of David and Susan Rice French, in 1835, their children being Susan E., married Nath'l B. Stevens, and Harriet A. married Andrew Hatch. Mr. and Mrs. Copeland celebrated their golden wedding nearly four years ago. He took a great interest in the affairs of his country and town and has not failed to cast votes for president and governor since the age of 21, and has been absent from town meeting but once. He was a kind husband and father, a good friend and neighbor, honorable in all his dealings and ever considerate of the feelings of others. He will be greatly missed by his bereaved family and by those who have known him so many years.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. M. Bachelder & Co., Weymouth; Colby & Page, South Weymouth; Arthur B. Grover, East Weymouth.

Fall River Line.

The double summer service of steamers to New York via Fall River line will be discontinued after tomorrow, the 7 p. m. train from Boston and 6.15 p. m. boat from New York to be withdrawn. The steamers Puritan and Pilgrim will remain in commission, trains leaving Boston at 6 p. m. week days, and 7 p. m. Sundays, and boat from New York at 5 p. m., including Sunday.

Hon. J. L. Bell, superintendant of railway mail service, has been in Boston this week, arranging the new postal lines on the South Shore and Newport lines of the O. C. R. R.

Dean's Rheumatic Pills are a sure cure for all forms of Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Entirely vegetable, always safe.

Congregational Conference.

The semi-annual meeting of the Norfolk conference of Congregational churches was held at Bridgewater Tuesday last with a large attendance. The services opened at 9.30 o'clock with devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. N. B. Thompson of Campello. Reports were presented from the churches, after which Rev. H. C. Alvord of South Weymouth opened a discussion on "How can the real needs of our field be best brought out and met?" He was followed by Revs. E. O. Dyer of South Braintree, Labaree of Randolph, Haskins of Abington, Deane of Holbrook, and others. Rev. George Benedict of Quincy delivered an address on World-ly wisdom in the Lord's work, after which there was a discussion upon the topic, participated in by Rev. W. D. Leland of North Weymouth, Dea. J. A. King of Abington, Rev. Sam'l Bell of Whitman and others. At 2 o'clock an address was delivered by Rev. F. P. Chapin, of Easton, on "Loyalty to Christ." A discussion, participated in by Revs. E. O. Dyer, C. L. Roach, C. W. Wood of Middleboro, and others, followed. The next meeting of the conference will be held at Quincy.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 12 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00, less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep seated diseases. Dyspeptics are not ever take BLUE PILLS or mercury, they are dead poison. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS. It is the purest and best medicine ever made. Is your Tongue Coated with a yellow sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. Immediately. The young, the aged and total invalids are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here, it has saved hundreds, or more, it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow, but get a bottle to-day and be cured. Try a Bottle To-day! Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Don't Wait! Don't Wait!

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

Marriages and Deaths.

MARRIED.

In South Weymouth, Sept. 21, by Rev. J. Baker, Mr. Elmer Clifford Shaw to Miss Addie May Hollis, both of South Weymouth.

In Rockland, Sept. 25, by Rev. W. H. Bolster, George W. Wakefield, of Minneapolis, Minn., to Miss Julia P. Rice, daughter of C. L. Rice, of Rockland.

In Cohasset, Sept. 21, by Rev. Mr. Osgood, Dummer Sewall, of Weymouth, to Caroline Bates, of Scituate.

A Home Brightener

Four potent arguments ought to decide the most indifferent man as to the advisability of open fire places.

Apart from the fact of the small expense attending their construction, they have four distinct claims for thoughtful consideration.

1st, Health. It works wonders in the matter of ventilation, both winter and summer, with a fire or without. Doctors frequently prescribe an open fire to aid in ventilating the sick room.

2d, Comfort. In Spring and Fall, in the morning and evening, when a furnace is too hot, and no furnace is too cool. In cold, summer storms, and as an adjunct to the furnace in zero winter weather.

3d, Cheerfulness. It is a relic of the savage, yet lingering in the blood, that man instinctively loves the fire.

4th, Beauty. It "furnishes" the whole room, and is permanent improvement to the house itself.

Send for our Mantel Catalogue.

Paine's Furniture Co.,

48 CANAL ST. | South Side Boston & Maine Depot. BOSTON.

MR. GEORGE A. MILES is salesman with the above firm and would be pleased to meet his fellow townsmen at their salesrooms and serve them from the finest and most extensive stock of Furniture in this country.

There is a glass lamp-chimney so tough that it almost never breaks in use. It is of the finest glass; it is also perfect in form and action.

The glass costs several times as much as common glass. The chimney costs two or three times as much as others to make; the dealer, of course, has to pay for it; but he can afford to sell it as usual. Some object to it. "Can't afford to sell it," they say; but they can. It brings "good will" of more value than all their brittle-chimney profits, good profit besides.

"Pearl-top" is the chimney; made by Macbeth & Co., Pittsburgh.

The Massachusetts School Suffrage Association desires to call the attention of all women interested in the public schools to the fact that assessment closes on Oct. 1, at 5 p. m.

GUNS.

Having purchased the entire stock of Guns, Revolvers, Rifles, etc., of a dealer in these goods, we are going to offer them to our customers at prices, in many cases, less than the cost to manufacture.

Here is a sample of the greatly reduced prices at which we are closing out these goods:

Breech-Loading Double Guns,

Top Snap Action, Pistol Grip, Extension Rib, Rebounding Locks. In fact, all the modern improvements. Reduced to

$12.50.

This is but one of the many bargains we have to offer while this stock of Guns last.

400 REVOLVERS,

38-Calibre. Former price $8.00, Reduced to

$3.00 EACH.

(By Mail, Post Paid, $3.25.)

These Revolvers are of the celbrated Remington make.

At this extremely low price we cannot send either Guns or Revolvers C. O. D.

All orders must be accompanied by the cash.

We invite all to call and examine these goods.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS COMPANY,

Cor. Washington and Brattle Streets, BOSTON, MASS.

REMEMBER THE BROCKTON FAIR OCT. 2·3·4·&5·'89.

THE BEST AGRICULTURAL FAIR IN NEW ENGLAND PRESENTED THAN EVER THIS YEAR.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS G. C. HOLMES, PRES'T & MAG'R, BROCKTON, MASS.

ORDER OF THE DAY:

Wednesday, October 2.

Gate open at	7.00 A. M.
Horses and Colts at stables	9.00 "
Working Oxen and Drawing	9.30 "
Trial of Draft Horses	10.00 "
Matched and Family Horses	10.00 "
3 Minute Class, Purse $200	1.00 P. M.
Myrtle Peck Combination	1.30 "
2.50 Class, Pacing, Purse $200	2.00 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	2.30 "

Thursday, October 3.

Athletic Sports	9.30 A. M.
2.40 Class, Purse $200	11.00 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	11.30 "
2.29 Class, Purse $300	12.00 M
Myrtle Peck Combination	12.30 P. M.
Myrtle Peck Combination	1.00 "
Free for All Class, Purse $500	2.00 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	2.30 "

Friday, October 4.

Award of Premiums	9.30 A. M.
2.50 Class, Purse $200	11.00 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	11.30 "
2.33 Class, Purse $250	1.00 P. M.
Myrtle Peck Combination	1.30 "
2.24 Class, Purse $300	2.00 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	2.30 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	3.00 "

Saturday, October 5.

4 year old Colt Race, Purse $150	10.00 A. M.
Consolation Purse, $100	11.00 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	12.00 M.
2.37 Class, Trotting and Pacing, $200	1.00 P. M.
Myrtle Peck Combination	1.30 "
2.21 Class, Purse $300	2.00 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	2.30 "
Myrtle Peck Combination	3.00 "

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of SAMUEL GRAVES & SON has been dissolved by the death of the senior partner. All accounts of the late firm will be settled by the undersigned, who will continue the business at the old stand, corner Washington and Lagrange streets, Boston.

FRANK H. GRAVES.

Weymouth, Sept. 20, 1889. 24-3t

OLD COLONY.

SEPT 30, 1889.

WEEK DAY TRAINS LEAVE BOSTON FOR

New York, via **Fall River Line.** 6.00 PM. Return, via **Fall River Line.** 8.30, 6.15 PM.

Newport, 8.45, 8.50, 11.40 AM; 3.40, 6.00 (Boat). PM. Return, 7.50, 10.20 AM; 2.35, 5.15 PM.

Fall River via **Taunton,** 8.45, 8.50, 11.40 AM; 2.15, 3.40, 4.35, 6.00, 7.00 PM; via **Brockton,** 8.15 AM; 12.00, 4.35 PM. Return via **Taunton,** 6.35, 6.45, 7.30, 8.20, 10.58 AM; 3.33 6.00 PM; via **Brockton,** 5.30 AM, 3.30, 4.45 PM.

Brockton, 8.45, 8.15, 9.00, 10.05, AM; 12 M; 1.00, 2.15, 3.30, 4.05, 4.15, 4.35, 5.29, 6.07, 8.15, 11.10 PM. Return, 5.34, 7.00, 8.07, 9.15, 9.36, 9.53 AM; 12.33, 12.48, 2.16, 3.20, 5.00, 6.18, 6.34, 9.26 PM.

Plymouth via Abington, 8.15 AM; 2.30, 3.40, 5.30, PM; via **Duxbury,** 7.35, 11.20 AM; 3.50 PM. Return, via **Abington,** 6.30, 7.45, 9.30, 11.45 AM; 3.30 PM; via **Duxbury,** 7.25 AM; 1.50, 4.25 PM.

Whitman, 8.15, 11.02 AM; 2.30, 3.40, 5.30, 6.25 PM. Return, 6.18, 7.13, 8.12, 10.13 AM; 12.35, 1.45 PM; via Brockton, 4.10, 6.00 PM.

South Weymouth, 8.15, 11.02 AM; 2.30, 3.40, 5.30, 6.25 PM. Return, 6.36, 7.33, 8.28, 10.30 AM; 12.45, 4.32, 6.10 PM.

South Duxbury, 7.35, 11.20 AM; 3.50, 5.10 6.12 PM. Return, 5.40, 6.55, 7.41 AM; 2.10, 4.43 PM.

Marshfield, 7.35, 8.35, 11.20 AM; 3.50, 5.10, 6.12 PM. Return, 5.55, 7.08, 7.53 11.20 AM; 2.25, 4.56 PM.

The Scituate, 7.35, 8.35, 11.20 AM; 3.50, 5.10, 6.12 PM. Return, Scituate, 6.18, 7.28, 8.11 AM; 12.15, 2.50, 5.25 PM.

Cohasset and Hingham, 5.45, 7.35, 8.35 11.20 AM; 2.05, 3.50, 5.10, 5.20, 6.12, 8.15, 11.10 PM. Return, Cohasset, 5.20, 6.30, 7.25, 7.43, 8.25, 9.35 AM; 12.31, 3.01, 4.00, 5.38, 9.30 PM. Return, Hingham, 5.32, 6.31, 7.37, 7.54, 8.36, 10.08 AM; 12.45, 3.18, 4.20, 5.55, 9.46, 9.51 PM.

East Weymouth and Weymouth, 5.45, 7.35, 8.35, 11.20 AM; 2.35, 3.50, (also 5.10 for E. Weymouth only), 5.20, 6.12, 8.15, 11.10 PM. Return, **E. Weymouth,** 5.40, 6.55, 7.45, 8.01, 8.42, 10.16 AM; 12.55, 3.32, 4.31, 6.03, 9.59 PM. Return, **Weymouth,** 5.50, 7.09, 7.55, 8.43, 10.26 AM; 1.13, 3.42, 4.40, 6.13, 10.07 PM.

North Weymouth, 5.45, 7.35, 11.20 AM; 2.35, 3.50, 5.20, 6.12, 8.15, 11.10 PM. Return, 5.55, 7.04, 7.50, 10.21 AM; 12.38, 3.37, 4.38, 6.08, 10.03 PM.

South Braintree, 5.45, 6.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 9.45, 10.05, 11.02, 11.40 AM; 12 M (Ex); 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.15, 2.30, 3.12, 3.30, 3.40, 4.18, 4.22, 4.35, 4.42, 5.20, 5.30, 5.53, 6.27, 6.35, 7.19, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.10, 11.15 PM. Return, 4.23, 5.56, 6.44, 7.11, 7.22, 7.27, 7.42, 8.20, 8.31, 8.36, 9.08, 9.48, 10.40, 10.45, 11.55 AM; 12.30, 12.34, 1.06, 1.26, 2.38, 3.48, 3.55, 4.44, 5.17, 5.22, 5.50, 6.34, 6.56, 7.00, 7.50, 8.00, 8.55, 9.37, 10.21 PM.

Quincy, 5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.20, 9.45, 10.05, 11.02 AM; 12 M (Ex); 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.20, 2.35, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 5.10, 5.33, 6.07, 6.12, 6.25, 7.19, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 PM. Return, 4.33, 6.11, 6.55, 7.25, 7.31, 7.37, 7.42, 8.13, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 AM; 12.05, 1.32, 1.36, 1.42, 2.50, 4.09, 4.07, 4.56, 5.33, 5.40, 6.27, 7.05, 7.10, 8.10, 9.06, 10.10, 10.19, 10.31 PM.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

South Braintree 4.20, 8.15, 8.30 AM 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 10.00 PM. Return (S. Braintree) 6.08, 9.20 AM; 1.35, 6.10, 8.07, 8.59, 10.55 PM. Way Stations, 8.30 AM, 12.45, 5.00, 10.00 PM.

Plymouth, Marshfield, Duxbury, Scituate, Cohasset 7.30 AM. Return Plymouth, 4.18 PM. Weymouth, 9.01 AM; 6.00 PM.

☞ or on arrival of boat from New York.

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen. Pass'r Agent.

CALL AT

Hunt & Co.'s,

64 FRONT STREET,

—FOR—

FLOWER POTS!

New Departure!

For the convenience of our many customers, we have taken the Agency for Weymouth of the

MALDEN DYE WORKS.

All orders receive the greatest attention, are executed in a superior style, and with the utmost promptitude.

F. A. SULIS,

Lincoln Square, - - - Weymouth.

Horse Owners of Weymouth and Vicinity.

Feeling pleased over the success of my effort to establish a first class Horse Shoing Forge at the old stand, corner of Washington and Common streets, I take this method, as I cannot spare the time to see you individually, of informing you that I am situated so as to do your work promptly and satisfactorily. Having new floors laid and forges built, and engaging the services of a first class horse shoer to assist me, I can guarantee you a good job every time. Give me a call; do not wait until your horse is bunged up, as Weymouth is good enough for

Yours truly,

MURRAY, the Horse Shoer.

NOTICE!

—:o:—

Furniture Repairing and Upholstering.

Having had 12 and 20 years experience, we are prepared to do Upholstering and Repairing in all its branches, in a first class manner.

CARPETS TAKEN UP, CLEANED, AND RELAID.

Mattresses furnished at Boston Prices. Samples of Hair and Tickings at hand. Hair Mattresses made over. Hair picked by hand a specialty.

OLD FURNITURE REPOLISHED.

Easy Chairs, Rockers, Lounges, Couches and Parlor Suits, furnished at Boston Prices.

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Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

CHOICE CONFECTION

Gone.

Out of the shadow of sadness,
Into the sunshine of gladness,
Into the light of the blest;
Out of a land very dreary,
Out of the world of the weary,
Into the rapture of rest.

Out of today's sin and sorrow,
Into a blissful tomorrow,
Into a day without gloom;
Out of a land filled with sighing—
Land of the dead and the dying—
Into a land without tomb.

Out of the world of the wailing,
Thronged with the anguished and ailing,
Out of the world of the sad,
Into the world that rejoices—
World of bright visions and voices—
Into the world of the glad!

—*P. Donan.*

THE WHITE TOPAZ.

Isn't it strange, ma!" said Josie Bellfield. "This key I found on the garret floor exactly fits the lock of Mr. Wainwright's funny little Japanese box."

"You don't say so!" said Mrs. Bellfield. How do you know?"

Miss Josephine reddened a little.

"Oh, I thought I would just try it," said she. "And it works to a charm."

"I should think you would be ashamed of yourself," said Mary, the youngest scion of the house of Bellfield, who, with her head aureoled around with a "sweeping cap," was "doing" the boarders' rooms.

For Mrs. Bellfield kept boarders, and a hard time she had of it, poor soul! between exacting old ladies, capricious young ones, bad bills and an inexorable landlord.

"Hold your tongue, Mary!" she said sharply. Don't you hear Miss Parker's bell? Run and answer it. Now that she's gone, Josie, what's that about the key? I dare say he's dropped it himself."

"No, ma; he always carries it on his ring," said Josephine in a sepulchral whisper. "Look, I've always wondered what he has kept in that box."

"It wouldn't be any harm," said Mrs. Bellfield, drawing a quick breath, "to look into it, just for the fun of the thing."

Now that Mary isn't here," whispered Josephine, as she turned the key in the wards of the lock belonging to a quaint Japanese box or cupboard, erected on a rude writing table in the corner of Mr. Wainwright's shabbily furnished bedroom. "La, ma! it's as full of queer little drawers and apartments as it can be. And do look at these little files and screws and buzz-saws and blades—the tiniest things in the world!"

"I do hope he ain't a counterfeiter," said Mrs. Bellfield. "Open that left-hand drawer, Josie; it's full of funny little tools—and, oh! do see that big diamond! doesn't it sparkle!"

For out from a velvet-lined subdivision in the tool drawer, flashed a many-faced, glittering stone, seeming to create a sudden brilliancy in the dusky corner.

"Well, I declare!" said Miss Josephine, with a vicious toss of the head. "If he can afford to own a diamond like that, I don't see any sense in his owing you a quarter's board, ma."

"He must be a regular miser, for all he's so young," said Mrs. Bellfield, excitedly. "I wonder if it's an heirloom!"

"It must be very valuable, anyhow," said Josephine "I say, ma, do you suppose it's a real diamond!"

"Why, of course it is! No imitation would sparkle so."

"I'd like to have Peter see it."

"Well, show it to him, then," said Mrs. Bellfield. "You'll have plenty of time to run down to the store with it before Wainwright comes back to dinner."

"Would you, ma, if you were me?"

"To be sure I would," said the matron. "Peter ought to be a judge of precious stones, seeing he has stood behind the counter of a jeweller's store for three years.

"But, ma," twittered Miss Josephine, "suppose he should find it out?"

"He won't find it out. Do make haste!" urged Mrs. Bellfield.

Mr. Puffit had just made an excellent sale of a tripple-plated silver tea set to an old lady who did not know last year's styles from this, when Miss Bellfield fluttered in, all smiles and excitement.

"I just want to show you something," said Miss Bellfield, feeling in the depths of her pocket. "Oh! here's the box; but the cover has come off. How awkward! Where is it?"

There was the box, there was the little piece of pink jeweller's cotton, there was the treacherous cover, but, alas and alackaday! the glittering stone was gone.

"What was it, anyway?" said the puzzled Peter. "If it's anything that I can do ——"

"Oh, it's lost, it's lost!" screamed Josephine, and she straightway went into hysterics.

Peter walked with her all the way home, and their two pairs of eyes scrutinized every section of the pavement between the jewelry store and the boarding house, but in vain.

Mr. Wainwright came home to the frugal dinner of the establishment, and went away again without discovering that the Japanese box had been tampered with, and it was not until he opened it in the evening, after lighting his shaded lamp, and making every preparation for a long interval of uninterrupted work, that he discovered that the great, glittering gem had vanished.

Inquiries were useless. Policemen searched the house and questioned the maids; private detectives investigated the antecedents of the other boarders so effectually that nearly all of them promptly gave Mrs. Bellfield notice; the great firm of Slime & Sparkle, goldsmiths and dealers in precious stones, sent their own confidential agent to look into things. It seemed that the gem had been intrusted to Mr. Wainwright to cut and polish at his own residence, on account of his superior workmanship and the excellent reputation he sustained; that it was worth a great deal of money, and could not possibly be duplicated.

"Diamonds, indeed!" said Mr. Oram, the confidential agent. "It's worth more than half the diamonds in circulation. A genuine white topaz. To be cut for the centre of Mrs. Midas Moneybag's great tiara—the celebrated tiara that everyone has heard of. I'm afraid young Wainwright will be ruined if it doesn't turn up. Our firm has every right to prosecute, but, owing to the good character the man bears, we give him the privilege of making financial restitution. Twenty-five hundred dollars is cheap for that white topaz. It's absolutely unmatchable. Quite sui generis, if I may use the expression. It's a good deal of money—yes—but then it's the piece of Mr. Wainwright's future reputation.

Edwin Wainwright had been a poor man—poor in everything but honor and ambition. Now he seemed to be bankrupt in both. The white topaz was gone, and it was a literal impossibility for him to raise the sum required for its ransom.

"I may as well shoot myself and be done with it," said he, sitting in the dusk of the stuffy little room, unpleasantly conscious that a detective was watching the house from the opposite side of the street, and that one of the other boarders had objected to sit next to him at supper. He felt on the lower shelf of his cupboard; there was a little six-barrelled revolver there already loaded. Just as he took it in his hand there was a gentle creaking of the door, a soft rushing across the floor, the sound of a key grating cautiously in a lock—the lock of his Japanese cabinet.

One spring from behind the heavy brown moreen curtains, and he was close to the intruder.

"Miss Bellfield, is it you?" He started back with sheer amazement, almost horror.

Mary Bellfield uttered a shrill cry.

"I thought you were gone out" she sobbed. "I—oh, Mr. Wainwright!" as her eye fell on the gleaming barrel of the deadly little weapon—"don't do that, please. Here it is, I've brought it back!"

"Brought what back?"

"The white topaz."

She opened her hand and showed him the white, glittering, cube-shaped thing that had nearly cost him so dear.

"Mary, it was you, then?"

"It was not I," she answered quickly. "How dare you think such a thing of me?"

Then she told him the story of Josephine and her chance-found key—of how the jewel had been taken away, and how she had found it on the hall floor, where it had evidently been lost out of her sister's pocket.

"I picked it up and brought it to my own room," said she. "I didn't want mother and Josephine to know that I suspected or had overheard anything. I was going to put the stone back when I got a chance, but Josephine had secreted the hateful key, and I've just been able to get possession of it. Oh, Mr. Wainwright, forgive me for my silence, but remember that I couldn't betray my own mother and sister."

"It had nearly cost me my life, Mary."

The poor girl burst into tears and sobs.

"And what has it not cost me!" she cried. "The sleepless nights, the days of anguish and terror! Oh, Mr. Wainwright, if my folly had caused your death, I should have died, too!"

"Mary, you surely cannot mean——"

But she had run away, covering her face with her hands, leaving the white topaz in his possession.

So the matter came to an end, Mrs. Bellfield and her elder daughter never clearly understood how. Edwin Wainwright was restored to the favor of his employers and on a considerable increase of salary became engaged to Mary Bellfield; and the white topaz eventually shone and sparkled in the very centre of Mrs. Midas Moneybag's grand tiara, where it belonged.

Mr. Puffit is still constant to Josephine, but he discourages any further amateur tampering with locks and keys.

"It was an awkward look," says he.

And Wainwright loves Mary none the less because she run such a terrible risk to protect the name and fame of her mother and sister.—*Fireside Companion.*

What Irrigation Will Do.

It is my opinion, says General Bowman in the Kansas City *Times*, that irrigation will be the means of doubling the population of every western state and territory within the coming 10 years. I further believe that in the east where the rainfall is heavy, but uncertain, irrigation will ultimately be resorted to in order to insure greater regularity of crops. Four-tenths of the area of the United States, not including Alaska, require irrigation. This territory includes parts of California, Texas, Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, all of Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming, Montana, and portions of Dakota and Washington. Through this vast territory there flow a number of streams with narrow valleys capable of cultivation. In these valleys settlers have taken up their abode, cities have been built and now the cry is for more room. The room is there and the only thing needed to make the broad sunburned plains vie with valleys in irrigation; the sentiment in favor of this method of reclaiming lands is growing strong, and I predict that ten years will witness a revolution.

Secret Writing.

A mode of secret writing was popular among schoolboys and girls years ago. Holes were cut at irregular distances in a doubled sheet of paper, was afterwards divided, leaving two sheets exactly similar in their perforations. Each correspondent retained a sheet, and when desiring to write to the other laid the cut sheet on a blank sheet of paper, and wrote the real purport of the epistle in the spaces left by the holes. The blanks were afterward filled up (to make sense, if possible), and the real meaning could at once be deciphered by the possessor of the twin sheet laying it over the letter, when the words intended to be read would appear through the holes. The drawback of this style of cypher was the difficulty, if not the impossibility, of filling up the blanks with sufficient neatness to escape detection.

An Island's Queer Plight.

A queer state of affairs is described by the Portland *Oregonian*: "Brown's Island, a few miles up the river from Salem, formerly belonged to Polk County, but now the main channel of the Willamette has changed and inseparably welded the island to the main land in Marion County. Some of the residents don't appear to know just where they should vote, pay taxes and send their children to school, but unless the river changes again they will have to bid farewell forever to all rights as citizens in old Polk and make the best of it in their new home."

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

NEW OCCUPATION FOR WOMEN.

The newest occupation for woman is said to be that of superintendent of weddings. The superintendent, who is a youngish woman, is installed in the house of the bride to be some little time before the ceremony. She selects the trousseau, advises what is latest and finest in underwear, buys the material and designs, and makes or superintends the making of the gowns, knows all about stockings, boots, gloves, laces, and handkerchiefs, sees to the millinery and jackets and wraps, tells the bride's mother and sisters what to wear, dictates to the bridesmaids, thinks of everything, and lets the engaged couple enjoy themselves with unanxious minds.

A REMEDY FOR HOLLOW CHEEKS.

Hollow cheeks and wrinkles are very awkward things. Ladies do their best to prevent their appearance. Some seem to be able to ward off the wrinkles, but hollow cheeks completely baffle their skill. A gentleman is providing ladies whose cheeks are hollow with small pads. These pads are attached to natural or artificial teeth by means of tiny gold springs. The price of a face pad is a trifle heavy, like everything else guaranteed to improve the personal appearance. A pair of pads cost something like $25. The maker of the face pad said that gentlemen as well as ladies are wearing them. One gentleman had never looked anything but cadaverous until he took to the pad. Now his cheeks are rounded like a cherub's and he looks ten years younger. The curious thing about the face pad is its inflexibility. It is made of the same material as the case of a set of artificial teeth.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

A STEAM SERVANT GIRL.

Mrs. W. A. Cockran of Shelbyville, Ind., has placed her name on the roll with the great inventors of the world, the result of her genius being a practical dish-washing machine. She began experimenting ten years ago. Her husband, the late W. A. Cockran, was then circuit clerk of Shelby County, leaving her financially unable to complete her undertaking. By the aid of friends, however, she finally succeeded, and has a machine designed to do the work now done by the thousands of girls and women the land over. The machine is wonderful and intricate. It is made in different sizes for families and hotel purposes. It is also made for both hand and steam power, and is capable of washing, scalding, rinsing, and drying from five to twenty dozen dishes of all shapes and sizes in two minutes, the number, of course depending on the size of the machine. Mrs. Cockran has recently disposed of her machine to an Illinois manufacturing firm for a large sum of money, and will receive a good royalty on all machines sold.—*Kansas City Star.*

A HIGH LIFE CHINESE WEDDING.

It was a solemn but strange wedding. The parties to the contract were Moy Sing, a disciple of Confucius, and Miss Ida Wagner, a comely German girl from Streator, Ill.

The ceremony was performed in a room richly hung in Oriental trappings, near Hip Lung's hotel, at three o'clock in the afternoon. There were present a score or more Chinese, a few of whom had wives of Anglo-Saxon blood. All were in holiday attire, and when the marital knot was tied there was a general rejoicing. The rites were pronounced after the manner set forth in the statute book of the State of Illinois. The performance was soon over, and then the friends gathered about to congratulate the newly wedded pair, just as Americans do. Then a queer little orchestra, consisting of four Celestials, performed on several odd-looking stringed instruments and a tom-tom or gong, producing a weird kind of music. There was nothing elaborate in the dress either of the bride or groom. Moy Sing wore a royal purple silk robe, with the usual flowing sleeves and wide skirt, while his bride appeared in a suit of India silk.

At the conclusion the groom led his bride to Hip Lung's hotel, South Clark street, where he had rented a suite of rooms. It is known to the Chinese from San Francisco to New York as the resort for the silk stocking element of Mongolian society in Chicago. In this hotel two other Chinamen with American wives occupy apartments, and the advent of a third white woman was duly celebrated.

The groom, Moy Sing, is a native of Canton, and is 23 years of age. He is a cigarmaker in the employ of Sam Moy. It is said that Mr. Sing met Miss Wagner in Streator some years ago while he was conducting a laundry there.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

THE EFFECTS OF TIGHT CLOTHING.

Now that rational ideas as to dress have acquired a definite place in public esteem, it may be imagined that the practice of tight lacing and customs of a like nature, if known at all, are not what they used to be. A case of sudden death lately reported proves that it is still too early to indulge in such illusory ideas. The deceased, a servant girl of excitable temperature, died suddenly in an epileptoid fit, and the evidence given before the coroner respecting her death attributed the fatal issue to asphyxia, due in a great measure to the fact that both neck and waist were unnaturally constricted by her clothing, the former by a tight collar, the latter by a belt worn under the stays. We have here certainly those very conditions which would lead us to expect the worst possible consequences from a convulsive seizure. There is no organ of the body whose free movement is at such times more important than the heart. Yet here we find, on the one hand, its movement hamped by a tight girdle so placed that it could with difficulty be undone at a critical moment; on the other, a contrivance admirably adapted to allow the passage of blood to the brain, while impeding its return. This is no isolated case as regards its essential character, though, happily, somewhat singular in its termination. Minor degrees of asphyxiation, we fear, are still submitted to by a good many self-torturing children of vanity. The tight corset and the high heel still work mischief on the bodies of their devoted wearers. Taste and reason, indeed, combine to deprecate their injurious and vulgar bondage, and by no means unsuccessfully. Still, the evil maintains itself. Cases like that above mentioned ought to, if they do not, open the eyes of some self-worshipers of the other sex, who heedlessly strive by such means to excel in a sickly grace. We would strongly impress on all of this class the fact that beauty is impossible without health, and would advise them, in the name of taste as well as comfort, to avoid those methods of contortion, one and all, by which elegance is only caricatured, and health may be painfully and permanently injured.—*Lancet.*

FASHION NOTES.

A boom in garnet jewelry is predicted.

Rich, delicate fancy jewelry is again in high fashion.

Bandeaux of gilt beads will be a feature of the demi-season bonnets of black lace.

Quotations from Shakespeare in raised letters appear upon some of the newest bangle bracelets.

The latest whim in hair dressing is to use at least six double-pronged pins, of as many distinct designs.

Two distinct colors are used in the newly-imported dresses, such as a Swede colored underskirt and a brown overdress.

The new wool gauzes, which were plain when first shown, now appear with woven-in borders and figured patterns.

The most favored brocades for evening dresses are in very light shades, in small blossoms and leaves, on grounds of the same tint.

Some of the new armure silks have a border in Empire design woven along one selvage. This border is usually of gold silver or copper threads, and sometimes of all three together.

Flowers are so faithfully imitated in the new enamel jewelry as to have the appearance of being freshly plucked. They are worn chiefly as hair and ornamental pins, and as brooches.

Women in New York are wearing once more the big hoop earrings that were so fashionable some time ago. They resemble the rings with which African belles ornament their noses.

The newest embroidered flounces are upwards of a yard and a half in depth, so they can be used for the whole length of a redingote or princess dress. Heretofore they have been made only long enough for a skirt.

Pretty gowns for home wear are made of soft woolen stuffs, which admit of gracefully disposed folds. Pink and gray and cream and gold are favorite combinations. They are cut en princesse at the back, have long angel sleeves, and the fronts are draped with lace or soft silk.

Fruit decorations for parasols are a novelty. An example was of almond-green lisse, trimmed longitudinally with graduated rows of moire ribbon, with a cluster of ripe almonds nestling among loops of ribbon at the top, and a smaller spray apparently grafted into the rough wood of the handle.

The Right to Kill Seals.

For twenty years the Seal Islands, with the right to kill seals upon them, have been leased by the government to a company, which is allowed to take not over 100,000 skins a year, upon payment of a fixed royalty for each skin. The islands are handed over into the absolute custody of the company, under certain restrictions as to the treatment of the natives, which it is alleged, the company's agents systematically violate. There is no way of reaching the islands except upon a government vessel or by one of the company's ships. For the greater part of the year there is no communication whatever with the islands; no one is allowed to land there except government agents unless they have the company's permission. Distances in Alaska are enormous. From Sitka to the Seal Islands as the crow flies is over 1,000 miles. As a vessel sails it is over 1,500 miles. The islands are difficult of approach. Sometimes a vessel will be for ten days in their neighborhood without being able to discover them on account of the fog.

The recent seizures of vessels in Behring Sea has been on account of the taking of seals on or near the Seal Islands, and are in pursuance of the Government's contract to protect the company in its monopoly of the right to take seals. This contract is about to expire, and an opportunity will thus be afforded to effect some arrangement, perhaps by an international agreement, by which this government can restrict seal killing without getting into a row with other nations. It would be to no one's interest to have the seal hunting made free, because it would then be destroyed soon.—*New York Sun.*

Chinese Rush Goods.

The city of Ningpo is the centre of the large internal and foreign trade in rush goods, such as hats, matting, etc. The magnitude of the trade may be estimated from the fact that last year 14½ million hats, one and a quarter million mats, and about 8000 rolls of matting were exported. The commissioner of customs in his last report from Ningpo describes the method of cultivation. The roots of the plants are pulled up from last year's field, divided into small portions, and replanted in a flooded field, at intervals of about a foot. This is done in September and October. The fields must be plentifully manured, and abundant water supplied necessary, and weeds must be cleared away. The rushes are harvested in June and July; it is essential that this should be done in fine weather, so that they may dry within three days of cutting. If they dry too slowly they are apt to change color, while if they remain too long in the sun they get scorched and beat. Rain, when they are only partially dry, spoils them altogether. An average worker can make four hats of good quality, twelve in 3 hr id, a day; working carelessly and weaving loosely, the quantity can be doubled. But in the rush trade, as in the straw braid trade of Northern China, fraudulent practices have crept in and have greatly injured it. The work is hastily and loosely done, and the home market is flooded with inferior and in some cases unsalable goods. At present every hat in every bale has to be examined, and every yard in every roll of matting, greatly to the injury of the trade.

Changing the Face of the Earth.

Natural causes are helping to extend the territorial possessions of France. It is said that her colony of Tonquin is pushing out into the sea at the rate of nearly fifty feet a year, so rapidly is the alluvium brought down the many channels in the Red river delta filling up the shallow ocean in front of it. According to Chinese geographers, Hannoi, the capital of Tonquin, now far inland, stood on the seashore only 1200 years ago; and it is certain that within historic times a very large part of Tonquin has been reclaimed from the waters.

The drainage area of the Yang-tse-Kiang river is equal to one-sixth of the area of our country, including Alaska. It is estimated that the enormous amount of sediment poured down by this river amounts to the denudation of the entire basin by one foot in 3000 years. No wonder that with this mass of five billion cubic feet of solid matter emptied into the ocean every year the people of Shanghai are able to see that the coast line is rapidly advancing.

Some strange reminders of the land are sometimes fished from the bottom of mid-ocean. The trawl of a scientific expedition in the Southern Pacific a while ago brought up some small pieces of gneiss, some of them showing glacial markings. These fragments are supposed to have been brought far northward from Antarctic land by floating ice.

The influence of all the great rivers can be traced on the bottom of the ocean far out to sea. The detritus from the Congo is found sifted over the ocean bed 600 miles from land. The bottom of the Bay of Bengal and the Arabian Sea are entirely covered with sediment from the Ganges and Indus. Oceanic depths of water are pushed further out from land opposite the mouths of big rivers. The Congo seems to furnish a remarkable exception to this rule. The reason is that this mighty river, whose steady outflow is never for a moment interrupted by the Atlantic tides, has ploughed a big furrow in the ocean bed for a considerable distance, so that deep water comes nearer to the Congo's mouth than to the adjacent parts of the continent.

A National Snake-Charmer.

Perhaps it is not generally known that this country has a national snake-charmer who is paid a good round salary by the Government. But such is the fact. The charmer in question is Prof. A. Zeno Shindler, a bustling little German, whose headquarters are in the National Museum at Washington. His principal duty is to make casts and drawings of all specimens of the snake family received by the museum authorities. Some of the snakes are received in alcohol, but many of them are boxed up and sent alive. The professor has a large wooden cage in his room in which there is a collection of dangerous and venomous reptiles. A number of these he has succeeded in taming, and he runs his hand in among them in a manner that caused cold chills to chase each other up and down my spinal column.

Although he has been handling snakes for several years, Professor Shindler has only been bitten once. He had received a queer-looking little fellow from Mexico, which somewhat resembled a garter snake. Being afraid that his snakeship might escape, owing to the smallness of its size, the professor decided to put it into a jar of alcohol and thus preserve it until he was ready to make a plaster cast. He seized the little striped reptile by the neck, as he had done "many a time, many a time" before, and dexterously dropped him into the bottle. Upon touching the liquid the snake sprang suddenly upward, and fastened his fangs in Shindler's forefinger. The latter quickly seized a knife and cut the fangs loose, and then placing the finger in his mouth vigorously sucked at the poison while he made tracks to the nearest barroom. There he drank a large quantity of whiskey, and was afterwards taken to his home in a carriage and a physician summoned. He remained on the sick list for three months, during which time he was twice or thrice near the point of death. The snake, he says, must have been fully as poisonous as a rattler, as the wound has never fully healed and occasionally breaks out into a virulent sore.—*Chicago Tribune.*

The Portuguese Man-of-War.

Physalia, the Portuguese man-of-war, with its beautiful blue float, may at times be seen in the Gulf Stream. The float, filled with air, serves to keep the animal on the surface, and, driven by the wind, to bear it from place to place. It is a curious animal or rather cluster of animals we should say, for naturalists now consider it to be a group of individuals, having different functions, but working for the same general cause—that of supporting the mass. They say that in this group there are some whose sole purpose is to obtain food, some to digest, others to reproduce, etc., yet each is an individual animal working for the good of the whole, that the whole may work for its good, and that in conjunction they may perform all the functions of life necessary to the well-being and general welfare of the whole united colony. The cluster has most remarkable defensive powers, being well furnished with lasso cells or stinging organs. These consist of little barbed, arrow-like points, fastened to thread-like arms, each of which is coiled up in a little cell. Whenever it is necessary to use them they are hurled out with violence, and each barb striking the object, penetrates, for it has the power of "working into" flesh, and being covered with a sort of poison, it, in conjunction with many others, benumbs the prey and renders it harmless.

Died as He Wished, Fishing.

Colonel John Walker, of London, Canada, who died while on a salmon-fishing trip at Gaspe, Quebec, Canada, recently had fulfilled in a remarkable manner the wish he uttered when his friend, Sir John Rose, of London, England, dropped dead in the act of firing at a stag in Scotland a few years ago. Colonel Walker then said at his club: "When my time comes I hope I may be catching a 28-pound salmon." A letter received from Gaspe with details of his illness, says he was stricken with paralysis just after catching a 24-pound fish. He never rallied. Colonel Walker was well known throughout Canada.—*New York World.*

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

SELECTING TABLE OIL.

In selecting your table oil never mind the label or brand. See that it is clear, limpid, a bright straw color, with the faintest tinge of green, and perfectly free from the least rancidity. Keep the bottle or "betty" in a cool dark place when not in use, as nothing causes it to become rancid so quickly as bright light. By the way, this reminds me. Do you ever have trouble with your "canned fruits" spoiling? Especially canned tomatoes? I mean the good home made kind put up in glass jars. Just try this,—when you put them away wrap each jar in dark blue paper (you can get it from the drug store—they use it for Seidlitz powders). Then put the jars away in a dark place. This is a good thing to remember and put in practice when you want to keep anything from spoiling from action of the light.—*Lucie's Home Journal.*

HOW TO LAUNDRY COLORED CLOTHES.

Before putting colored clothes into water, says a lady in the Detroit *Free Press*, it is best to look them carefully over, and if there are any grease spots, they should be washed out first, as they cannot be seen after the articles are wet. Do not wash in very hot water. Warm water does as good work and is not as trying on colors; that is, it will not extract the color so much. Rub immediately, not allowing them to soak long. Soft soap should never be used for any colored clothes except for the various shades of yellow calicoes, for which it is preferred. Rinse such garments always in soft water, while for the other colors hard water is preferable, and rinse them out as soon as they are washed; hang in the shade. A little salt in the rinsing water serves to brighten and set the colors of black, green and blue calicoes. Alum dissolved in the rinsing water is excellent for green colors, while vinegar added to the rinse will brighten red and pink cottons as if they were new.

For several days before the general wash-day, save up the water in which potatoes have been boiled, and use this for black calicoes, dark lawns, and linens. It can be heated to the right temperature, using no soap. The goods will need no other starching, as the potato water will stiffen them and also preserve the color. Never starch black cotton with wheat flour. Another method much used by my grandmother for garments inclined to fade, was to wash them with lukewarm water, adding a beef's gall in proportions of one half-pint to three or four gallons of water, rinsing in hard water. Do not use soap unless absolutely necessary. Most women make flour starch by mixing up the flour with water until the mixture is free from lumps, and then pouring boiling water over it until it is of the proper consistence. I think a better way is to pour the prepared flour-water, free from lumps, slowly into a pot of boiling water, stirring it until it has cooled four or five minutes. Strain it through a bag made of two thicknesses of dairy cloth, and then thin it with cold water. If the starch is made in this way the clothes will have a better look. Do not iron calicoes with irons too hot, as the hot irons will change the colors very materially, especially those that are red. Garments that have been starched should not be put away for several weeks or months where the air cannot circulate freely, as starch has a tendency to make the fiber tender when the goods are not exposed to air.

RECIPES.

Sweetbreads Fried with Tomato Sauce.—Clean and parboil for twenty minutes, and, when cold, cut them into even-sized pieces, sprinkle with salt and pepper, dip them first in egg, then in bread crumbs, and fry in smoking-hot fat. When done, put them on a hot dish and pour around them tomato sauce.

Cold Meat Dish.—Take any sort of cold meat and suet, mixed; chop very fine; add salt, onions, minced ham or tongue, a slice of bread soaked in milk, two well-beaten eggs, one ounce of butter; turn it into a mold and bake till brown. Turn out on a hot dish and cover with the gravy strained off when molded.

Spiced Beef.—Four pounds of round beef, chopped fine; take from it all the fat, add three dozen small crackers, rolled fine, four eggs, one cup of milk, one tablespoonful ground mace, two tablespoonfuls melted butter; mix well, and put into any tin pan that will hold it; baste with butter and water, and bake two hours in a slow oven.

Rice Pudding.—Boil one-fourth of a cup of rice in one cup of milk until thick; add one one-half cups of milk and boil two minutes; add one tablespoonfuls of butter, and let it cool; add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one-fourth of a teaspoon of cinnamon, the beaten yolks of four eggs and the whites of two; bake in buttered cups three-quarters of an hour.

Green Peas with New Turnips.—Peel a dozen new turnips of medium size, boil them until tender in salted boiling water; meantime smoothly mix in a saucepan a tablespoonful each of butter and flour and gradually stir in a pint of milk. Open a can of peas, drain them, run cold water through them, draining again, and heat them in the sauce, seasoning palatably with salt and white pepper. When the turnips are tender scoop a hollow in the center of each, fill it with peas, and arrange them upon the rest of the peas on a hot shallow dish.

He Takes Another Look.

Did you ever ask a man the time just after he had inspected his watch and put it in his pocket? If so, did you ever receive an answer before the man pulled his watch out and took another look at it? Just why it is that this is done would be difficult to explain, but if you will ask your friend to tell you the time the next time you observe him scrutinize his watch and snap the lid, you will find that he will take another look at the dial before giving an answer.

A Man of Family.

Prody.—"I hear you've been getting married."

Tooker.—"Yes."

Prodley.—"Whom did you marry?"

Tooker.—"Milly Jone, her mother, her step-father, and two maiden aunts."

Cold Baths Very Beneficial.

"I think that those who can take a cold bath every morning all the year round derive a great deal of benefit from so doing," said a well-known hospital surgeon to a writer for the Washington *Star*. "The effect of the cold water on the system is to act as a nerve tonic, and a person of a strong constitution always feels a great deal better after taking these cold baths. Then in drying one's self the friction of the skin has another healthful effect upon the nerves. Persons who are strong enough to bathe in the open air every morning all the year, I think, enjoy better health than those who try to keep in warm rooms and only take warm baths on certain occasions. Their nerves are in better condition and stronger; their skin is harder and more healthful and better able to stand the cold, and their muscles are greatly strengthened by the use which they get through the bather having to move about in order to keep himself warm while in the water. To persons of a weak constitution or nervous temperament, of course, this heroic treatment would be too severe. They couldn't stand the sudden shock to their system caused by the plunge in the cold water. For such persons tepid bathing is the more beneficial. The water should be from 90 to 100 degrees in temperature. Some persons cannot stand bathing nearly as much as others. To some persons water has a tiring effect upon the system. These should only indulge in tepid sponge baths at certain stated times. For many diseases and complaints water is absolutely necessary. But these occasions can only be ordered by a physician after he has made a study of the patient's case. Turkish and Russian baths are a luxury to those who can stand them, but only those who have been advised by their physicians or whose hearts are in a healthful condition should ever attempt to take these baths. For rheumatism and similar complaints heat baths are very beneficial, and a great many persons suffering from severe cold often find great relief from a Turkish bath. The general effect, though, of a Turkish bath on the system is weakening, and for this reason alone, if no other, they should not be often taken. Sea bathing is particularly beneficial to all those who can stand it. I don't know that there is any harmful result experienced through staying in the sea water for a whole morning, provided the bather keeps moving about, is warm, and his blood is in good circulation. But directly one begins to feel cold, or experiences a tired, languid feeling, then it is time to come out of the water, and a good brisk walk should be indulged in then, in order to get the blood into circulation again."

Chinese Floating Gardens.

In a recent number of the China *Review* Dr. Macgowan describes the manner in which floating fields and gardens are formed in China. In the month of April a bamboo raft 10 feet to 12 feet long and about half as broad, is prepared. The poles are lashed together with interstices of an inch between each. Over this a layer of straw an inch thick is spread, and then a coating two inches thick of adhesive mud, taken from the bottom of a canal or pond, which receives the seed. The raft is moored to the bank in still water, and requires no further attention. The straw soon gives way and the soil also, the roots drawing support from the water alone. In about twenty days the raft becomes covered with the creeper, and its stems and roots are gathered for cooking. In autumn its small white petals and yellow stamens, nestling among the round leaves, present a very pretty appearance. In some places marshy land is profitably cultivated in this manner. Besides these floating vegetable gardens there are also floating rice fields. Upon rafts constructed as above weeds and adherent mud were placed as a flooring, and when the rice shoots were ready for transplanting they were placed in the floating soil, which being adhesive and held in place by weed roots, the plants were maintained in position throughout the season. The rice thus planted ripened in from 60 to 70 in place of 100 days. The rafts are cabled to the shore, floating on lakes, pools, or sluggish streams. These floating fields served to avert famines, whether by drought or flood. When other fields were submerged and their crops sodden or rotten these floated and flourished, and when a drought prevailed they subsided with the falling water, and while the soil around was arid advanced to maturity. Agricultural treatises contain plates representing rows of extensive rice fields moored to sturdy trees on the banks of rivers or lakes which existed formerly in the lacustrine regions of the Lower Yang-tsze and Yellow River.

Signs of Matrimony.

Mother—Well, Katie, you have had quite a lively chat with the young barrister. Has he declared himself at last?

Katie—Yes; you see, ma, all the time he was smoking his cigar he kept puffing rings into the air, and I am perfectly sure he intended that as a covert allusion to the engagement and wedding rings.

Mrs. Gald—You look tired, Mrs. Gabb. What is the matter?

Mrs. Gabb—Tired! I'm nearly dead. I've sat at my bathroom window for seven weeks right along, listening to the sounds in the parsonage next door, and I haven't heard a cross word yet.

No Cure No Pay.

It is a pretty severe test of any doctor's skill when the payment of his fee is made conditional upon his curing his patient. Yet after having, for many years, observed the thousands of marvelous cures effected in liver, blood and lung diseases by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, its manufacturers feel warranted in selling it as they are now doing, through all druggists, the world over, under a certificate of positive *guarantee* that it will either benefit or cure in every case of disease for which they recommend it, if taken in time and given a fair trial, or money paid for it will be promptly refunded. Torpid liver, or biliousness, impure blood, skin eruptions, scrofulous sores and swellings, consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs), all yield to this wonderful medicine. It is both tonic or strengthening, and alterative or blood-cleansing.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh positively cured by Dr. Sage's Remedy. 50 cents, by druggists.

W. B. Tate, a philanthropic bachelor of Tennessee, has divided a fifth of his fortune of $100,000 between forty needy Confederate veterans of that State.

Any article that has outlived 24 years of competition and imitation, and sells more and more each year, must have merit. Dobbins's Electric Soap first made in 1865 is just that article. Ask your grocer for it. He has it, or will get it.

The British nurses association has been formed, where nurses shall be registered. On the 1st of July it is estimated to be in England nearly 250 duly qualified nurses.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night.

And each day and night during this week you can get at all druggists' Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the best and most useful remedy ever sold for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle to-night and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 50c and $1. Sample bottles free.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-Water, Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

America's fines—"Tain't 'is Punch" Cigar.

N. K. Thrift-Nine.

Sick Headache

Is a very distressing affection, generally arising from stomach troubles, biliousness and dyspepsia, and we frequently find persons of both sexes subject to periodic headaches for which they can ascribe no direct cause. But the headache is a sure indication that there is something wrong somewhere, and whatever the cause Hood's Sarsaparilla is a reliable remedy for headache, and for all troubles which seem to require a corrective and regulator. It cures dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and gives strength to the nerves. N. B. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

A Brave Little Wife.

A mild-eyed little Austrian and his gypsy-faced wife, who was attired somewhat prismatically, were called before the emigration commissioners of New York, recently, to give an account of themselves. They arrived from Hamburg the other day without a cent to start life with in the new world. But the little man had a trade (glazing), and what was more important, a very energetic partner.

"What are you going to do if we let you in?" asked President Ridgway.

"Work at my trade," said the glazier through Interpreter Silverstein.

"Suppose you can't find work, what then?"

The glazier's mild eyes assumed a puzzled expression, and he turned appealingly to his bright-eyed wife. She became voluble right away.

"Oh," she said, "he will get work. I will help him to find it. And if he doesn't get it, I will. I am a seamstress. Never fear, we will find work."

"But suppose neither of you should find work, how are you going to get along?"

"God will help us, then."

"But," said commissioner Wylie, laughingly, "He has no office here."

"Ah," said the woman, with a triumphant smile, "He is everywhere."

"You couldn't prevent that woman from getting along," president Ridgway remarked, admiringly.

The commissioners decided to postpone decision on the case of the glazier and his confident helpmeet until the Austrian consul sees them.

The Shark Got the Hat.

We were about a mile off the bar, fishing for drum, and it was a dead calm. Some one accidentally knocked the Pittsburg man's hat off, and it floated away about twenty feet and remained stationary. The loser said he didn't mind swimming out for it, as it was a very warm day, but, as he rose up, the cat-boat captain protested:

"Don't you do it; I'm suspicious of sharks!"

"Sharks be hanged! I don't believe there's one on the whole coast!"

"I say you hadn't better."

"And I say I'm going to, just the same."

He stood upon the seat ready for a dive, and we all looked at the hat. At that moment there was a swirl of water, the white body of a great shark showed clear through the limpid green, and the next instant his nose pushed above the surface as he seized and bolted the hat. He was ten feet long if an inch, and could have snapped a man in two at a bite.

"I told you!" growled the captain as he rebaited a hook.

"Well, by gosh!" gasped the hatless man, as he sat down and trembled for a half an hour.

A Professed Cook.

The latest anecdote about the incompetence of the professed cook is that a cook recently engaged, with a number of testimonials of efficiency, was told by her mistress the day after arrival to boil half a dozen eggs for breakfast. "And here," said the mistress, as she left the kitchen, "is the sand-glass which has always been used for boiling eggs in this house." A quarter of an hour later the mistress, chancing to enter the kitchen, saw the six eggs boiling away merrily in the tin saucepan and the sand-glass bobbing about in the middle of them as merrily as could be.

Entirely Helpless to Health.

The above statement made by Mr